Exhibit F

Project Background Information

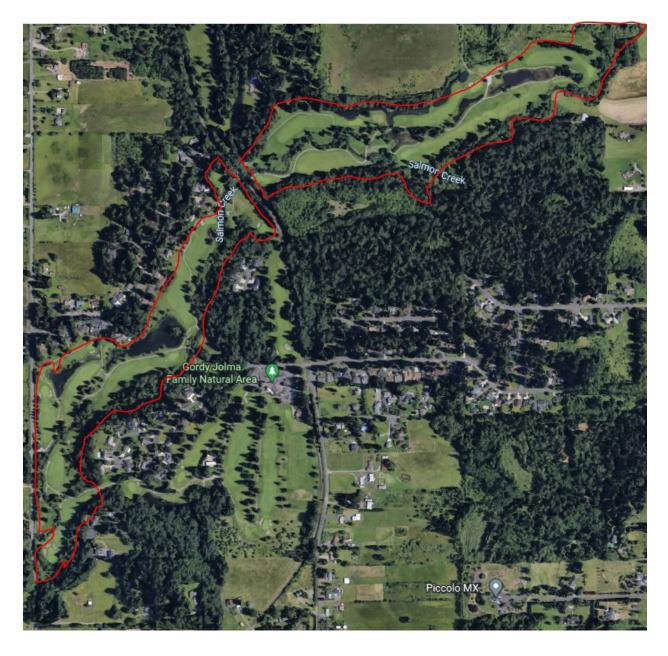
- BG-1 Selected Site Maps
- BG-2 WDFW Fish Passage Reports
- BG-3 Draft County Bridge Inspection Summary Report
- BG-4 Cedars Landing Subdivision Sewer
- BG-5 Cedars Village Subdivision Sewer
- BG-6 Cedars Sewer Repair
- BG-7 Cedars Pump Station
- BG-8 Salmon Creek Bridge Hydraulic Report (offsite-downstream)
- BG-9 Smith Bridge Hydraulic Report (offsite-upstream)

Salmon Creek Reconnection Design – Project area map

Landowner: Clark County

Project sponsor: Cowlitz Indian Tribe

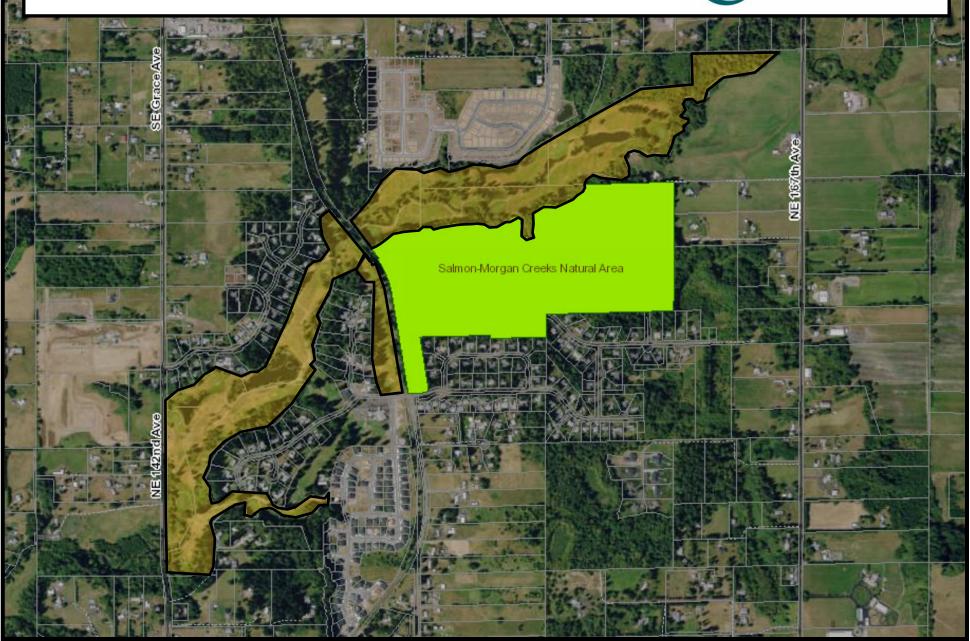
SRFB # 23-1151

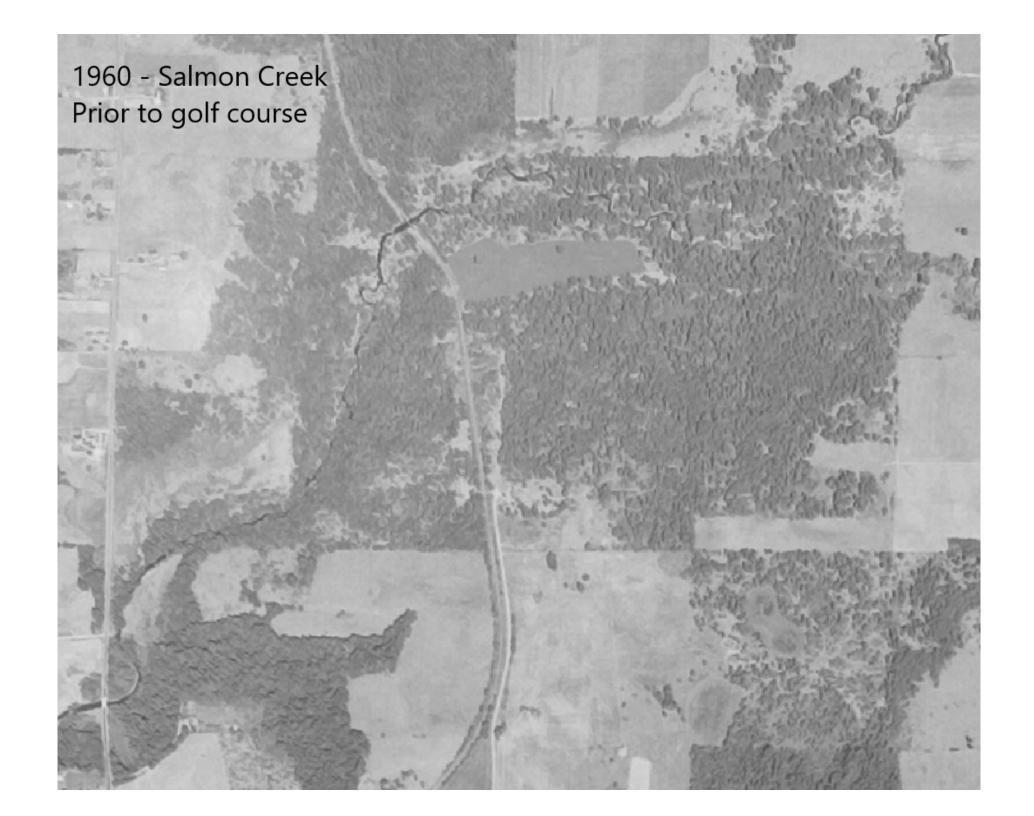


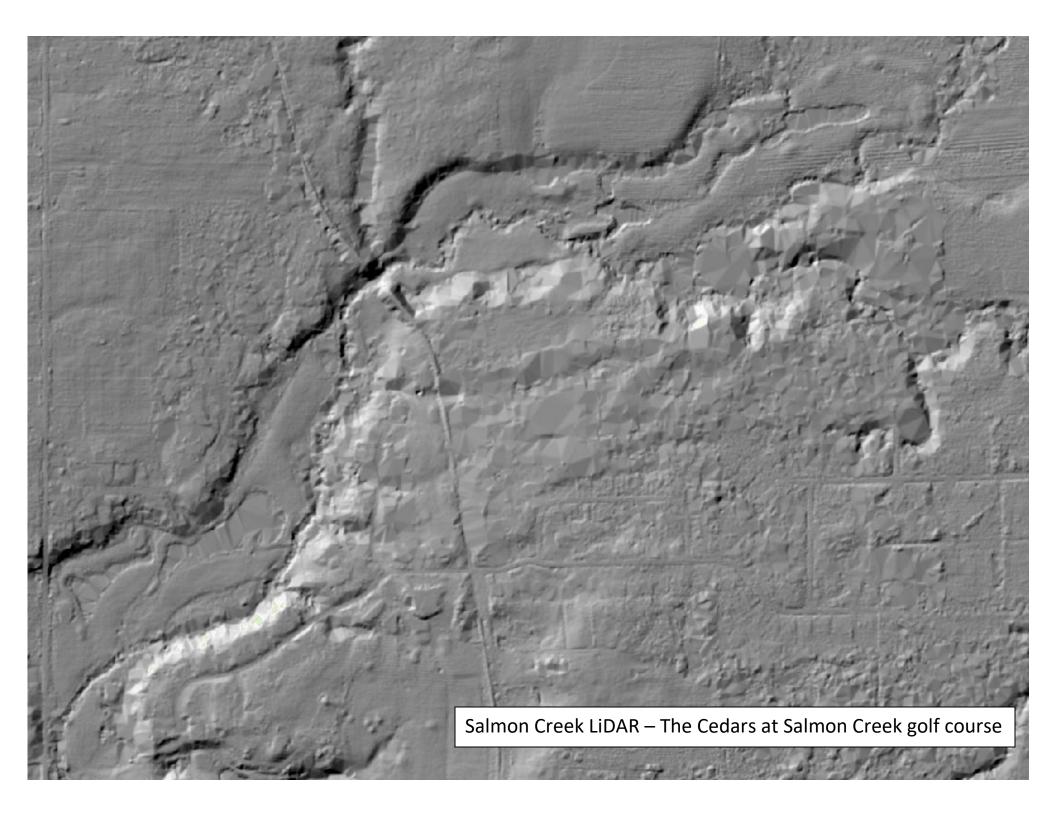


Almost 118 Acres of Salmon Creek Shoreline









Site Description Report

Site ID 609728	Project			☐ Mitigated
Geographic Coordinates	s	Waterbody	•	
Latitude (WGS 84):	45.759879	Stream:		unnamed
Longitude (WGS 84):	-122.512326	Tributary 7	Го:	Salmon Cr
East (NAD 83 HARN)	1,126,834.8	WRIA:		28
North (NAD 83 HARN)	162,098.0	River Mile	:	-999.99
		Fish Use F	Potential:	Yes
General Location		FUP Crite	ria:	Physical
Road Name:		Owner		
Mile Post:	-999.99	Type: C	County	
County:	Clark		Clark Cou	nty
WDFW Region:	5			
PI Species				
☐ Sockeye	☐ Chinook	[✓ Sea R	un Cutthroat
☐ Pink	✓ Coho		✓ Reside	ent Trout
☐ Chum	✓ Steelhead	I	☐ Bull Ti	rout
Associated Features				
☐ Culvert	✓ Dam	☐ Natural Barr	ier	☐ Diversion
\square Non-Culvert Xing	\square Other	☐ Fishway		
Location/Directions				
Site Comments				
Non-motorized crossing-	used as a walking pa	ath from neighborh	nood to g	olt course.

Site ID: 609728	B						
Latitude: 45.759 8	Stream:	unnan	ned		WRIA:		28
Longitude: -122.51	12326 Trib To:	Salmo	on Cr		Fish Use Pote	ential:	Yes
Data Source							
Organization: Was	shington Department of	f Fish a	ınd Wil	dlife			
Field Crew:	Harris;Fielding;Isle	Revie	ew Dat	e: 4/26/2023			
Description							
Dam Name:		Т	уре:	Concrete	Operated:	Year R	Round
Resevoir Name:		S	Span:	Full	Fishway Pre	esent:	No
Primary Purpose:	Recreation	C	Outlet:	Culvert			
Assessment Para	meters						
Length (m):	23.	.0					
Height (m):	1.2	28					
Water Surface Dif	ference (m): 0.6	33					
Plunge Pool Depth	h (m): 0.5	51		No Image	Available		
Results				i vo imago	TVallabio		
Barrier:	Yes						
Reason:	WS Drop						
Passability (%):	67						
Recheck:							
Description							
	aced with intention to ba ete slab and wingwalls				76m overflow o	culverts	
Comments							
	dam allows for water to etermination. All pieces				.35 m on culve	rt 3.6	

Site ID:	609728				
Latitude:	45.759879	Strea	m: unnamed	WRIA:	28
Longitude:	-122.512320	6 Trib T	o: Salmon Cr	Fish Use Potential:	Yes
Potential I	Habitat Gain	l			
Survey Ty	/pe:		Rearing (sq m):	Length (m):	
Significan	t Reach:	Unknown	Spawning (sq m):	PI Total:	



Fish Passage & Diversion Screening Inventory Database Report Cover Sheet

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The FPDSI database often uses default values such as '-99.99' or '-999' to represent null values.

Site Description Report

ite ID 609729	Project			Mitigated	
Geographic Coordinate	es	Waterbody			
Latitude (WGS 84):	45.760735	Stream:		unnamed	
Longitude (WGS 84):	-122.509628	Tributary To:		Salmon Cr	
East (NAD 83 HARN):	1,127,531.2	WRIA:		28	
North (NAD 83 HARN)	162,392.5	River Mile:		-999.99	
, ,,		Fish Use Pote	ntial:	Yes	
Seneral Location		FUP Criteria:		Physical	
Road Name: access	s rd; SE 25th Ave	Owner			
Mile Post:	-999.99	Type: Coun	tv		
County:	Clark		Count	v	
WDFW Region:	5		Name. Stark County		
PI Species					
☐ Sockeye	☐ Chinook	✓ S	Sea Ru	n Cutthroat	
☐ Pink	Coho	✓ R	Resider	nt Trout	
☐ Chum	Steelhead		Bull Tro	out	
Associated Features					
☐ Culvert	✓ Dam	☐ Natural Barrier	,	Diversion	
\square Non-Culvert Xing	\square Other	☐ Fishway			
ocation/Directions					
Site Comments)	
Pond is stocked with bas ourchased by Clark Co. i		ater from a diversion or	n MS S	salmon Cr. Recently	
•					

5/8/2023

Site ID: 6097	29					
Latitude: 45.70	60735	Stream: u	ınnamed		WRIA:	28
Longitude: -122	.509628	Trib To: S	Salmon Cr		Fish Use Potential:	Yes
Data Source						
Organization: W	ashington De	epartment of F	ish and Wil	dlife		
Field Crew:	Harris;Field	ding;Isle	Review Dat	e: 4/26/202	3	
Description						
Dam Name:			Type:	Earth Fill	Operated: Year	Round
Resevoir Name	:		Span:	Full	Fishway Present:	No
Primary Purpos	e: Ir	rigation	Outlet:	Standpipe		
Assessment Pa	rameters					
Length (m):		19.9				
Height (m):		2.22				
Water Surface	Difference (m	0.53				
Plunge Pool De	,	-99.99	-	No Image	Δvailable	
Results			<u>- 1</u>	140 iiilage	TVallable	
Barrier:		Yes	1			
Reason:		Other				
Passability (%):		0				
Recheck:						
Description						
Earthen dam s	46m CAL whi				et channel. Outlet es to the North. Outle	t is
Comments						
Large rock place	ed in standp	ipe to keep ar	nchored at a	ppropriate level	, limiting any ability for	fish
manueverabilit					,	

5/8/2023

Site ID:	609729				
Latitude:	45.760735	Strea	m: unnamed	WRIA:	28
Longitude:	-122.509628	Trib T	o: Salmon Cr	Fish Use Potential:	Yes
Potential I	Habitat Gain				
Survey Ty	/pe:		Rearing (sq m):	Length (m):	
Significan	t Reach: U	nknown	Spawning (sq m):	PI Total:	

WDFW Fish Passage and Diversion Screening Inventory Database Surface Water Diversion Assessment Report

Site ID: 60	9729			
Latitude:	45.760735	Stream:	unnamed	WRIA: 28
Longitude: -1	122.509628	Trib To:	Salmon Cr	Fish Use Potential: Yes
Data Source				
Organization:	Washing	ton Depa	artment of Fish and V	/ildlife
Field Crew:	Harris;Fieldi	ng;Isle	Review Date:	4/26/2023
Diversion Descript	ion			
Type:	Pump	Point of	f Diversion: LB	Diversion Dam: Yes
Access By: V	/ehicle	Locatio	n: Offsho	ore Headgate: No
Fish Bypass:	No	Fish By	pass Functioning:	
Fish Bypass Enclo	sure Status	:		
Flow				
Intake Pipe Outsid	e Diameter	(in): -9	99.99 (Pump Only)	Water Right ID No:
Diversion Channel	Area (sq ft)	: -	-99.9 (Gravity Only)	Power Meter No:
Diversion Amount	(gpm):	-99	99.99	SPI Total:
Flow Derivation:				
Diversion Commer	nts			
		pond ext	ending from pumpho	use. Appears that there is no screen
Is Diversion Scree	ned?	No		
Screen Type:				
Screen Material:				
Mesh Size (in):				
Diameter (ft):				
Height (ft):				
Length (ft):				No Image Available
Area (sq ft):				
Condition:				
Compliant (WDFW	/ Criteria):			
Under Operation:				
Active Cleaning:				
Screen Comments				
				٦
Recheck				

5/8/2023



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Site Description Report

ite ID 609730	Project		☐ Mitigated		
Geographic Coordinate	es	Waterbody			
Latitude (WGS 84):	45.7592792	Stream:	unnamed		
Longitude (WGS 84):	-122.5137371	Tributary To:	Salmon Cr		
East (NAD 83 HARN):	1,126,469.1	WRIA:	28		
North (NAD 83 HARN)	161,888.5	River Mile:	-999.99		
, , , , ,		Fish Use Pote	ential: Yes		
General Location		FUP Criteria:	Physical		
Road Name:		Owner			
Mile Post:	-999.99	Type: Coun	ity		
County:	Clark		County		
WDFW Region:	5		·		
PI Species					
☐ Sockeye	☐ Chinook	✓ 5	Sea Run Cutthroat		
☐ Pink	✓ Coho	Resident Trout			
☐ Chum	Steelhead	□ E	Bull Trout		
Associated Features					
☐ Culvert	✓ Dam	☐ Natural Barrier	☐ Diversion		
\square Non-Culvert Xing	\square Other	\square Fishway			
_ocation/Directions					
Site Comments					
Non motorized crossing					

5/8/2023

Site ID:	609730									
Latitude: 45.7592792 Stream: u			unn	named WRIA:			WRIA:		28	
Longitude:	-122.51	37371	Trib To:	Salı	mon Cr			Fish Use Pot	ential:	Yes
Data Sourc	e									
Organizatio	on: Wasl	hington Dep	artment of	f Fish	n and Wil	dlife)			
Field Crew:	: F	Harris;Fieldin	ıg;Isle	Re	eview Dat	te:	4/26/2023			
Description	n									
Dam Name	e: [Type:		Concrete	Operated:	Year	Round
Resevoir N	Name:				Span:		Full	Fishway Pr	esent:	No
Primary Pu	urpose:	Recr	eation		Outlet:		Culvert			
Assessmer Length (m) Height (m): Water Surf Plunge Pool Results Barrier: Reason:): : face Diff	erence (m):	23 1.0 0.8 0.7 Yes S Drop	D3 B1			No Image <i>i</i>	Available		
Passability Recheck: Description			33							
							shallow flow. verflow culve			ets

Comments

Concrete dam used to backfill golf course pond- shallow sheet flow through open top vault and limited launching pool for fish to navigate WSD. Culvert has 8.66% slope, but backwatered by downstream pond.

5/8/2023

Site ID: 609730			
Latitude: 45.7592792	Stream: unnamed	WRIA:	28
Longitude: -122.5137371	Trib To: Salmon Cr	Fish Use Potential:	Yes
Potential Habitat Gain			
Survey Type:	Rearing (sq m):	Length (m):	
Significant Reach: Ye	es Spawning (sq m):	PI Total:	



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Site Description Report

ite ID 609731	Project		☐ Mitigated
Seographic Coordinat	es	Waterbody	
Latitude (WGS 84):	45.7607408	Stream:	unnamed
Longitude (WGS 84):	-122.5110459	Tributary To:	Salmon Cr
East (NAD 83 HARN):	1,127,169.4	WRIA:	28
North (NAD 83 HARN)	162,403.8	River Mile:	-999.99
		Fish Use Pote	ntial: Yes
General Location		FUP Criteria:	Physical
Road Name: acces	s rd; SE 25th Ave	Owner	
Mile Post:	-999.99	Type: Privat	te
County:	Clark	Name:	
WDFW Region:	5		
PI Species			
☐ Sockeye	☐ Chinook	✓ S	Sea Run Cutthroat
☐ Pink	✓ Coho	✓ F	Resident Trout
☐ Chum	✓ Steelhead		Bull Trout
Associated Features			
✓ Culvert	☐ Dam	☐ Natural Barrier	☐ Diversion
\square Non-Culvert Xing	\square Other	☐ Fishway	
_ocation/Directions			
Site Comments			
Culvert sits under acces previous golf course, two			a pond created by the
norious gon course, two		ut 30111 30.	

5/1/2023

Level A Culvert Assessment Report

Site ID: 60973	1					
Latitude: 45.760	7408	Stream:	unnamed	WRIA:	28	
Longitude: -122.5	110459	Tributary To	: Salmon Cr	Fish Use Potential	Yes	
Data Source:		Washington D	epartment of Fish a	and Wildlife		
Fie	ld Crew:	Harris;Fielding;Isle		Review Date: 4/26/2023		
	Culve	ert Details		Level A	Parameters -	
ID Shape Mate		Rise Length	WDIC Apron	WSDrop Location Countersunk	Backwater S	Slope (%) Sediment
1.1 RND PC	C 1.68	1.68 13.20	1.68 NO	0.00 No	Yes	3.63
All dimensions in n	netere					
All difficultions in it	101013					
Channel Descrip	ntion					
	Г					
Toe Width (m):						
Average Width (n	1):	8.20				
Culvert/Stream W	'idth Ratio:	0.20				
Plunge Pool —				No Image Available		
_	Г	0.00				
Length (m):	L	0.00				
Max Depth (m):		-99.99				
OHW Width (m):		-999.99				
Road -						
Fill Depth (m):		4.00				
						7
Assessment Res	ults	Tidal Influence	e: No	Tidogoto Droconti	No	
Damien IIel				Tidegate Present:		
	nown	Passability (%		Method: Level	В	
Reason: ntrol Ir	naccessil	Fishway Prese	ent: No	Recheck: ER		
Comments						
Culvert outlets into	large pond v	vith no accessible	control DS. Two 0.7	76m overflow pipes directly above m	ain culvert	
Potential Habitat (3ain					
Survey Type:		Spav	ning (sq m):	Length (m):		
Significant Reach:	Unknown		ing (sq m):	PI Total		



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Site Description Report

ite ID 609732	Project		☐ Mitigated				
Seographic Coordinate	?S	Waterbody					
Latitude (WGS 84):	45.758227	Stream:	unnamed				
Longitude (WGS 84):	-122.519062	Tributary To:	Salmon Cr				
East (NAD 83 HARN):	1,125,100.6	WRIA:	28				
North (NAD 83 HARN)	161,539.7	River Mile:	-999.99				
		Fish Use Pote	ntial: Yes				
General Location		FUP Criteria:	Physical				
Road Name: access	s rd; SE 25th Ave	Owner					
Mile Post:	-999.99	Type: Coun	tv				
County:	Clark		County				
WDFW Region:	5		,				
PI Species							
☐ Sockeye	✓ Chinook	✓ S	Sea Run Cutthroat				
☐ Pink	✓ Coho	Resident Trout					
☐ Chum	✓ Steelhead		Bull Trout				
Associated Features							
✓ Culvert	☐ Dam	☐ Natural Barrier	☐ Diversion				
\square Non-Culvert Xing	☐ Other	☐ Fishway					
Location/Directions							
Site Comments							
Outlet of this site is ~1m	US of site 609732 on	RB of Salmon Cr					
Outlet of this site is ~1m	US of site 609732 on	RB of Salmon Cr					

5/8/2023

Level A Culvert Assessment Report

Site ID: 609732 Latitude: 45.758227 Longitude: -122.519062	Stream: unnamed Tributary To: Salmon Cr	WRIA: Fish Use Potential:	28 Yes				
Data Source:							
Field Crew: H	larris;Fielding;Isle	Review Date: 4/26/2023					
Culve	ert Details —	Level A Par	ameters —				
ID Shape Material Span	Rise Length WDIC Apro	on WSDrop Location Countersunk Ba	ackwater Slope (%) Sediment				
1.2 RND OTH 0.46	0.46 -999.90 -99.99	-99.99	-99.99				
2.2 RND OTH 0.46	0.46 -999.90 -99.99	-99.99	-99.99				
All dimensions in meters							
Channel Description Toe Width (m): Average Width (m): -99.99 Culvert/Stream Width Ratio: -99.99 Plunge Pool Length (m): -99.99 Max Depth (m): -999.99 OHW Width (m): -999.99 Road Fill Depth (m): 3.00							
Assessment Results	Tidal Influence: No	Tidegate Present: No					
Barrier: Unknown	Passability (%): Unknown	Method: Level A					
Reason: nsufficient Data	Fishway Present: No	Recheck: LA					
Comments Two culverts, both with CST outlets and PCC inlets. Full Level A was not performed- likely an internal grade break as the CST outlets may be sliplined through PCC culverts.							
Potential Habitat Gain							
Survey Type: Significant Reach: Unknown	Spawning (sq m): Rearing (sq m):	Length (m):					

5/8/2023



Fish Passage & Diversion Screening Inventory Database Report Cover Sheet

The following report is extracted from the Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife's (WDFW) Fish Passage and Diversion Screening Inventory Database (FPDSI). WDFW makes every attempt to keep these reports in sync with FPDSI; however, the dynamic nature of the data and workflows associated with maintaining the database may result in short-term differences.

Users are encouraged to contact WDFW to discuss appropriate use of the data and how we can assist with fish passage barrier removal or inventory. Please visit the Fish Passage web site for contact information at: https://wdfw.wa.gov/species-habitats/habitat-recovery/fish-passage/about

Disclaimers:

- Data presented here represent a snapshot observation of conditions in a dynamic environment that is subject to change. Fish passage data are also collected from a variety of agencies and sources. Therefore, WDFW makes no guarantee concerning the data's content, accuracy, completeness, or the results obtained from use of the data. WDFW assumes no liability for the data represented here.
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- Note that some fish passage features, habitats or species may occur in areas not currently
 known to the WDFW Fish Passage division, and may not be reflected in this database. A lack of
 data does not necessarily indicate that a feature, habitat, or species are not present.
- Unauthorized attempts to alter or modify these data are strictly prohibited.
- Bankfull width measurements included in these reports should not be used for fish passage crossing design. They are solely for assessment purposes.
- The barrier status reported in this document is based on the swimming abilities of adult salmonids. Passabilities are a qualitative value, and should not be interpreted as a quantitative calculation. Please see page 1-4 of the Fish Passage Inventory, Assessment and Prioritization Manual for further clarification: https://wdfw.wa.gov/publications/02061
- EXIF data presented with Image Reports may be erroneous due to camera battery failures and resetting of camera clock functions.

Abbreviations:

Most abbreviations in this report are defined in the Quick Reference Tables of the Fish Passage Inventory, Assessment, and Prioritization Manual. Additional commonly used abbreviations are defined as follows:

NFB = no potential salmonid use, BB = both banks, LB = left bank looking downstream, RB = right bank looking downstream, US or U/S = upstream, DS or D/S = downstream, WSDrop = water surface drop, BFW = bankfull width, OHW = ordinary high water, SLW = scour line width, CMP = corrugated metal pipe, Qfp = fish passage flow, V&D = Velocity and Depth, ROW = Right of Way

The FPDSI database often uses default values such as '-99.99' or '-999' to represent null values.

Site Description Report

ite ID 945073	Project			Mitigated			
Geographic Coordinate	es	Waterbody					
Latitude (WGS 84):	45.758695	Stream:		unnamed			
Longitude (WGS 84):	-122.513874	Tributary To:		Salmon Cr			
East (NAD 83 HARN):	1,126,428.8	WRIA:		28			
North (NAD 83 HARN)	161,676.5	River Mile:		-999.99			
		Fish Use Pot	ential:	Yes			
General Location		FUP Criteria:		Biological			
Road Name: acces	s rd; SE 25th Ave	Owner					
Mile Post:	-999.99	Type: Cou	ntv				
County:	Clark		k Coun	ty			
WDFW Region:	5			,			
PI Species							
☐ Sockeye	Chinook	•	Sea Ru	un Cutthroat			
☐ Pink	Coho	Resident Trout					
\square Chum	✓ Steelhead		Bull Tro	out			
Associated Features							
☐ Culvert	✓ Dam	☐ Natural Barrier		Diversion			
\square Non-Culvert Xing	\square Other	☐ Fishway					
_ocation/Directions							
Site Comments							
Coho juveniles observed	at the DS end of da	m (WDFW, 2023)					

5/1/2023

Site ID: 945073

Latitude: 45.758695 Stream: unnamed WRIA: 28

Longitude: -122.513874 Trib To: Salmon Cr Fish Use Potential: Yes

Data Source

Organization: Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife

Review Date:

Field Crew: Description

Dam Name:		Туре:	Concrete	Operated: Year Round
Resevoir Name:		Span:	Full	Fishway Present: No
Primary Purpose:	Recreation	Outlet:	Spillway	

Assessment Parameters

Length (m):	7.7
Height (m):	1.40
Water Surface Difference (m):	1.01
Plunge Pool Depth (m):	0.25

Harris; Fielding; Isle

Results

Barrier:	Yes		
Reason:	WS Drop		
Passability (%):	0		
Recheck:			



4/26/2023

Description

Concrete dam with spillway notch. Reinforced with large boulders and timber.

Comments

Dam used to create pond for golf course. On right bank, scouring on the outside of dam is allowing water to flow around rather than over spillway.

5/1/2023

Site ID:	945073				
Latitude:	45.758695	Strea	am: unnamed	WRIA:	28
Longitude:	-122.513874	Trib	To: Salmon Cr	Fish Use Potential:	Yes
Potential H	labitat Gain				
Survey Ty	pe:		Rearing (sq m):	Length (m):	
Significan	t Reach:	Yes	Spawning (sq m):	PI Total:	



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The FPDSI database often uses default values such as '-99.99' or '-999' to represent null values.

Site Description Report

te ID 609736	Project		☐ Mitigated		
Seographic Coordinate	es	Waterbody			
Latitude (WGS 84):	45.7582	Stream:	unnamed		
Longitude (WGS 84):	-122.519115	Tributary To:	Salmon Cr		
East (NAD 83 HARN):	1,125,086.8	WRIA:	28		
North (NAD 83 HARN)	161,530.2	River Mile:	-999.99		
		Fish Use Pote	ntial: Yes		
Seneral Location		FUP Criteria:	Physical		
Road Name: acces	s rd; SE 25th Ave	Owner			
Mile Post:	-999.99	Type: Coun	tv		
County:	Clark		County		
WDFW Region:	5		·		
PI Species					
☐ Sockeye	✓ Chinook	✓ 9	Sea Run Cutthroat		
☐ Pink	✓ Coho	Resident Trout			
☐ Chum	Steelhead		Bull Trout		
Associated Features					
✓ Culvert	☐ Dam	☐ Natural Barrier	☐ Diversion		
\square Non-Culvert Xing	\square Other	☐ Fishway			
ocation/Directions					
Site Comments					

5/8/2023

Level A Culvert Assessment Report

Site ID:	609736											
Latitude:	45.7582		St	ream:	unname	ed		WRI	A:	28		
Longitude:	-122.5191	15	Tr	ibutary To:	Salmon	Cr		Fish	Use Potential:	Yes		
Data Source	Data Source: Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife											
	Field C	rew:	Harris;Fi	elding;Isle			Review D	ate: 4/2	6/2023			
		— Culv	ert Detai	ils —					Level A	Parameters		
ID Shape	<u>Material</u>	<u>Span</u>	<u>Rise</u>	<u>Length</u>	<u>WDIC</u>	<u>Apron</u>	WSDrop	Location	Countersunk	Backwater	Slope (%)	Sediment
1.1 RND	PCC	0.76	0.76	29.20	0.08	NO	0.16	Outlet	No	No	1.40	
All dimension	ons in mete	ers										
Channel D	Description	1 —		_								
Toe Width	(m):											
Average W	/idth (m):		3.	34								
Culvert/Str	eam Width	Ratio:	0.	23								
		•					No In	2000 A	voiloblo			
Plunge Po	ool ———						INO III	lage A	vailable			
Length (m)):		-999.	99								
Max Depth	ı (m):		0.	54								
OHW Widt	th (m):		-999.	99								
Road —												
Fill Depth ((m):		3.	00								
Assessme	nt Results		Tidal	Influence:		No	Tidea	ate Presen	t·	No	7	
Barrier:	Yes			ability (%)		33	Metho		Level		-	
Reason:	Slope	1		way Presei		No	Reche		201017		-	
			1 10111	way 1 10001		140	rtoone	JOK.				
Comments Literary and a state of the state of MOD discrete into Colors of the state of the stat												
Inlet and outlet sections broken and sloped. WSD directly into Salmon Cr, no plunge pool length/width taken. Some debris in Salmon Cr at outlet complicating fish manueverability												
Proceeded Makitan Only												
Potential Ha		1		0	alaa (Lambett ()		1	
Survey Type Significant R		Jnknowr			ning (sq m ng (sq m):				Length (m): PI Total			
Jigimicant N	Cacii.			iteaili	19 (34 III).				i i i otai]	

5/8/2023



Bridge Inspection Memorandum Gordy Jolma Park

To: Evelyn Ives, Project Manager, Clark County

From: Bruce Johnson, Project Manager, Otak

Copies:

Date: February 16, 2024

Subject: Inspection Reports for Gordy Jolma Park

Project No.: Clark County Park Bridges Inspection and Load Rating, 021253.000

This memorandum transmits the bridge inspection report portion of the contracted work performed at Gordy Jolma Park (Salmon-Morgan Creeks Natural Area), NE 161st Ave, Brush Prairie, WA 98606.

In summary, the Gordy Jolma Bridge Nos 1 was found to be closed with a chain link fence and sign and in fair condition with some problems with the deck, rail, and severe corrosion on the railroad flatcar.

The Gordy Jolma Bridges No 2, 3 and 4 were found to be closed with chain link fence and signs and in poor condition with advanced corrosion, settling of an abutment and abutments that impinge on the waterway opening.

The Gordy Jolma Bridges No. 5, 6, and 8 were found to be in fair condition with some problems with the deck, rails, and corrosion.

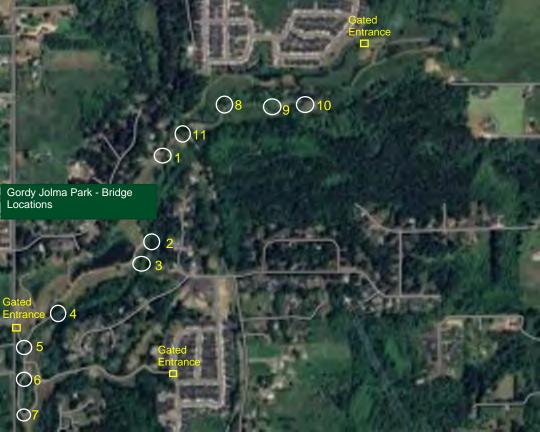
The Gordy Jolma Bridge No 7 was found to be in fair condition with only minor problems.

The Gordy Jolma Bridge No 9 was found to be in poor condition with serious advanced corrosion and section loss and problems with the deck and rail.

The Gordy Jolma Bridge No 10 was found to be in very poor condition with serious advanced corrosion and section loss and broken, rotten main structural elements and problems with the deck and rail.

The Gordy Jolma Bridge No 11 was found to be in poor condition with serious advance corrosion and broken, loose main structural members and problem with the deck and rail.

A map showing the location and bridge numbers and the detailed inspection reports are attached.





Client: Clark County

Clark County Parks and Lands Division

Bridge No. Gordy Jolma 1

BRIDGE INSPECTION SUMMARY

Bridge No. GJ-1

Bridge Name: Gordy Jolma No 1 over

Salmon Creek

Location: Gordy Jolma County Park

Drainage: Salmon Creek

Bridge Type: Railroad Car – Peds/Bikes

Span Length: 51 feet



Description:

The bridge is comprised of an old steel railcar 51' in length (span length -49') with a center U-shape main built-up riveted girder 131/5" deep and two rolled C-channel edge girders 131/8" deep with bottom flange cut outs at each end that are 8" deep. The deck is 10' wide and consists of 2" thick ribbed steel plate with oval indentions supported directly on the top flange of the girders. The deck has a $\frac{1}{2}$ " neoprene patch full length along the west side.

A steel pipe railing system is attached to the side C-channel but has failed and is missing approximately 10' on the west side and 33' on the east side. The approach alignment forms a T-intersection with the main east-west trail on the north approach and continues to meet the main trail 181st Street entrance on the south approach.

The bridge is closed with a chain link fence barrier on the north end that is laying over flat on the deck. There is a 4 ½" ductile iron pipe (possible abandoned water line) and a 2" conduit (possible electrical wiring) along the east side of the bridge attached to the side beam.

Condition:

- Steel coating has failed, and paint has peeled off.
- Rail car steel has heavy corrosion, some minor pitting, and crevice corrosion throughout the flatcar.
- Secondary rail car elements (stringers and floorbeams) have heavy corrosion and pitting, with some bent and twisted sections. The deformations are likely from handling, not load induced.
- Steel decking has severe corrosion and loss of section is damaged over 25% of the surface primarily under the neoprene patch.
- Approach alignment has an abrupt T intersection.
- The abutments have debris on the seats and timber elements on top of the seats are rotten. Some soil is spilling through from the approach fill.
- The abutments are at the edge of the stream and obstruct the stream during high flows with heavy loose riprap that also obstruct the flow.
- There is an 18" x 9" hole at the north bridge end where the backfill material has sloughed away causing a tripping hazard to pedestrians that use the bridge even though there is a "bridge closed" sign.
- The railing has failed with 10' missing on the west side and 33' missing on the east side and has openings exceeding the 6" maximum.



Recommendations:

- Option 1: Clean, sandblast and paint the rail car to stop further corrosion and section loss if the bridge is to be retained.
 - Clean debris from the abutment seats and girder bearing area.
 - Replace the steel decking.
 - Replace the rail with a rail system meeting the 6" maximum opening criteria.
 - Fill in the hole in the approach fill at the north abutment.
- Option 2: Replace the bridge and abutments to provide an unobstructed waterway opening.

Date Inspected: 12/15/2023

Inspecting Firm: Otak

Inspectors: B. Johnson & I. Parker



BRIDGE NO. Gordy Jolma 1

BRIDGE TYPE	RR FLATCAR	45.757220		
CROSSING	SALMON CREEK	LAT	INSPECTOR	BRUCE JOHNSON,
		-122.519921		ISAAC PARKER
YEAR BUILT	1970'S (EST)	LONG	DATE	12-15-2023
		<u></u>	STR. NO.	GJ-1
YEAR BUILT	1970'S (EST)	LONG		

OBSERVATIONS

SUBSTRUCTURE			SUPERSTRUCTURE	TYPE / SIZE	DECK	Condition Rating
1.	Abutments	Fair	1. Stringers	Fair	Deck — Structural Condition	Poor
END	Piles	Poor	2. Girder or Beams	Fair	Wearing Surface(neoprene)	Fair
BENTS	Footings	Fair	3. Floor Beams	Fair	3. Deck Joints	N/A
	Footing Piles	N/A			4. Curbs, Felloe Guards	N/A
	Caps	Poor			5. Sidewalks	N/A
	Wings	N/A			6. Railing, Posts	Failed
	Backwalls, Bulkheads	Fair			<u> </u>	
.2. Debris o	on Seats	Poor	5. Diaphragms, Bridging	Fair	1Deck 2" ribbed steel, Failed 25% with neoprene patch.	
3. Paint or	n steel pile	Failed	6. Bearing Devices	Poor	1.Heavy corrosion, pitting, section loss	
4. Collision	n Damage	Fair	7. Alignment of Members	Fair	2. Bare deck with neoprene patch	
5. Scour		Fair	8. Rivets or Bolts	Fair	3. Gap filled with debris	
6. Settleme		Fair	9. Welds	Fair	6. 2" pipe rail failed (50%)	
	abut, 18" x10' wide		10. Flange	Fair	Loose posts bent and sagging	
	@ext. girder corroded		11. Stiffeners	Fair		
1-Caps, 8"x	8" timber, 50-70% rot		6- 8"x8" timber decayed, rot			
2-Signigicar	nt debris		4-minor scrapes and gouges			
					APPROACH CONDITION	
					Pavement & Embankment	Fair
					2. Shoulder Embankment	Fair
	able heavy rock bed and y rocks on banks				3. Railing	Failed
	EL & CHAN. PROTECT.					
1. Channe	el Scour	Fair				
2. Emban	kment Erosion	Fair				
3. Vegeta	tion	Good				
	4. Channel Change N/A				APPR. ALINE.	
5. Riprap	·				SIGNING	
		·			Bridge closed	Poor
Overa	all substructure condition,	Fair	Overall Condition, Fair	, Phi(c)=0.90	Overall Deck Condition, Poor, Ph	i(c)=0.85

REMARKS AND RECOMMENDATIONS ARE ATTACHED

BRIDGE INSPECTION REMARKS

NAME	Gordy Jolma Bridge N	No. 1	INSPECTORS B. Johnson & I. Parker
TYPE	Flatcar	NUMBER 1	DATE 12/15/2023
			YEAR BUILT 1970's (ESTIMATED)
58 (DEC			
	-	steel ribbed deck plate. Steel pipe p	pedestrian rail has failed and has loose
connect	tions. Ef. Photo 1.		
	PERSTRUCTURE)		
			nary U-shaped girder and two C-channel side
			structure has a 51' overall length. Edge beams are
			depth at 6' from each beam end. Severe
		-	cal distortions (bends) and holes (burned through,
not rust	ed) through members	s are present, however none appear	red to be service related.
Ref Pho	oto 2.		
60 (SUI	BSTRUCTURE)		
Concret	e abutment is 18" wid	e by 10' long with about 42" expose	ed on the front face. The girder bears directly on
the cond	crete and two outside b	peams on a 8"x8" timber sill. The time	mber sill shows signs of decay up to 70% of the
			ders also have supplementary support from
_		about 8' from the end. Ref. Photo 3	
	1 0		••
65 (AP)	PROACH)		
Approac	ch alignment forms a	Γ intersection with the main trail on	the north approach and continues to intersect with
the sout	h entrance trail from 1	81st Street on the south approach.	

OTHER

Some drift in channel.

Large loose rock rip rap protrudes into the channel, reducing the waterway opening.

NAME	Gordy Jolma Bridge N	Jo. 1	INSPECTORS B. Johnson & I. Parker				
TYPE	Rail car	NUMBER 1	DATE 12/15/2023				
			YEAR BUILT 1970's (estimated)				
			·				
58 (DE	CK)						
Replace	e the damaged and hi	ghly corroded steel deck.					
Conside	r installing a slip resista	ant surface on the steel deck plates.					
Replace	the railing.						
59 (SU	PERSTRUCTURE)						
Monitor	condition of rail car co	errosion.					
Conduc	t NDE testing of fatigue	prone details on the rail car.					
Clean an	nd paint the steel rail ca	r to preserve it and retard corrosion.					
60 (SU	BSTRUCTURE)						
Replace	e the timber bearing u	inder the side girders.					
Clear d	ebris and vegetation	from seats.					
Rearran	nged the existing rip r	ap and add riprap to smooth the ban	k for better stream flow.				
65 (AP	PROACH)						
Repair t	he hole on the north ap	proach at the bridge end.					
	r extending the railing						
			aches until the bridge is repaired or replaced.				
		ive fencing to close the bridge until safe					
	-	2	· ·				
OTHER	2						
Trim ba	ick vegetation.						



Photo 1 – Gordy Jolma No 1 Approach and Deck view.



Photo 2 – Gordy Jolma No 1 Elevation view.



Photo 3 – Gordy Jolma No 1 Abutment with loose rip rap



Photo 4 – Gordy Jolma No 1 Loss of paint and surface corrosion on rail car.



Photo 5 – Gordy Jolma No 1 Severe corrosion on deck plate and deck ribs.



Client: Clark County

Clark County Parks and Lands Division

Bridge No. Gordy Jolma 2

BRIDGE INSPECTION SUMMARY

Bridge No. GJ-2

Bridge Name: Gordy Jolma No 2 over

Salmon Creek

Location: Gordy Jolma County Park

Drainage: Salmon Creek

Bridge Type: Railroad Car – Peds/Bikes

Span Length: 30 feet



Description:

The bridge is comprised of an old steel railcar 52' in length (span length -30') with a variable depth box main girder and a constant depth exterior C-channel. The deck is 4"x12" timber planks supported directly on the top flange of the girders. The deck width is 12'-3" out-to-out. A steel pipe railing system is attached to the top of a 6"x6" felloe guard but is loose in some areas. The north approach alignment forms a T intersection with the main east-west trail and continues on connect with the side trail on the south approach of bridge GJ3. The bridge is closed with a chain link fence barrier on the north end.

Condition:

- Steel coating has failed and peeled off.
- Heavy corrosion, some pitting, and crevice corrosion is widespread throughout the RR flatcar.
- Timber decking is heavily split with some rot over 50% of the surface.
- Timber felloe guard is heavily split and checked.
- Approach alignment has an abrupt T intersection.
- The abutments are at the edge of the stream and obstruct the stream during high flows with heavy loose riprap that also obstruct the flow.
- Railing has openings exceeding the 6" limit.

Recommendations:

- Remove this bridge, including the abutments, to provide unobstructed stream flow through the bridge opening.
- If retained:
 - Clean, sandblast and paint the rail car to stop further corrosion and section loss and clean debris from the abutment seats and girder bearing area.
 - Replace the railing or retrofit to achieve minimum 6" openings.

Date Inspected: 12/20/2023

Inspecting Firm: Otak

Inspectors: B. Johnson & G. Villa



BRIDGE TYPE	RR FLATCAR	45.754215		
CROSSING	SALMON CREEK	LAT	INSPECTOR	BRUCE JOHNSON,
		-122.520711	<u></u>	GIOVANNI VILLA
YEAR BUILT	1970'S (EST)	LONG	DATE	12-20-2023
		<u></u>	STR. NO.	GJ-2

OBSERVATIONS

SU	BSTRUCTURE		SUPERSTRUCT	TURE TYPE / SIZ	ZE DECK	Condition Rating
1. Abutments Fai		Fair	1. Stringers	Fair	1. Deck — Structural Condition	Poor
END	Piles	Poor	2. Girder or Beams	s Fair	2. Wearing Surface	N/A
BENTS	Footings	Fair	3. Floor Beams	Fair	3. Deck Joints	N/A
	Footing Piles	N/A			4. Curbs, Felloe Guards	N/A
	Caps	Poor			5. Sidewalks	N/A
	Wings	N/A			6. Railing, Posts	Failed
	Backwalls, Bulkheads	Fair				
.2. Debris o	on Seats	Poor	5. Diaphragms, Bri	dging Fair	1Deck 4x12 timber planks 50% split and rotten.	Poor
3. Paint on	steel pile	Failed	6. Bearing Devices	Poor	r 2. Bare deck with gravel	
4. Collision	n Damage	Fair	7. Alignment of Mer	mbers Fair	6. 2" pipe rail bent with poor connections	
5. Scour		Fair	8. Rivets or Bolts	Fair		
6. Settleme	- 1 1 2	Fair	9. Welds	Fair		
	abut, 18" x10' wide		10. Flange	Fair		
	@ext. girder corroded		11. Stiffeners	Fair		
	8" timber, 50-70% rot		6- 8"x8" timber decay			
2-Signigicar	nt debris		4-minor scrapes and	gouges		
					APPROACH CONDITION	
					1. Pavement & Embankment	Fair
					2. Shoulder Embankment	Fair
	able heavy rock bed and y rocks on banks				3. Railing	Loose
CHANNE	L & CHAN. PROTECT.					
1. Channe	el Scour	Fair				
2. Emban	kment Erosion	Fair				
3. Vegeta	tion	Good				
4. Channe		N/A			APPR. ALINE.	
5. Riprap	-	N/A			SIGNING	
					Bridge closed	Poor
			_			
Overa	all substructure condition,	Fair	Overall Cond	ition, Fair, Phi(c)=0.90	Overall Deck Condition, Po	or

REMARKS AND RECOMMENDATIONS ARE ATTACHED

NAME	Gordy Jolma Bridge No. 2			INSPECTORS B. Johnson & G. Villa	
TYPE	Flatcar NUMBER 2		2	DATE 12/20/2023	
		_		YEAR BUILT 1970's (ESTIMATED)	

58 (DECK)

Deck is comprised of 4x12 timber deck planks. Steel pipe pedestrian rail is bent with poor connections to the felloe guard. Ref. Photo 1.

59 (SUPERSTRUCTURE)

The superstructure is comprised of a steel rail car with one primary U-shaped girder and two C-channel side beams connected with overhang brackets or diaphragms. The structure has a 52' overall length. Edge beams are rolled C-channels. Severe corrosion and some pitting are present on the steel. Areas of local distortions (bends) and holes (burned through, not rusted) through members are present, however none appeared to be service related.

Ref Photo 2.

60 (SUBSTRUCTURE)

The End bents are 18" thick concrete with an exposed height of approximately 3 ½'. The main girder bears directly on the seat of the concrete abutment and the side channel beams are supported on timber blocking on the bridge seat. The timber blocking is split and decayed with rot present along the entire length, providing little or not support to the channel beams, A 4" steel box section strut provides support to the edge beams located about 5' from the abutment just inside of the coped section.

65 (APPROACH)

Approach alignment forms a T intersection with the main trail on the north approach and continues to intersect with the south entrance trail from 181st Street on the south approach.

OTHER

Some drift in channel.

The abutments are at the edge of the stream and obstruct the flow during high water events. Heavy riprap loosely placed around the abutment also obstruct the flow.

NAME	Gordy Jolma Bridge N	lo. 2	INSPECTORS B. Johnson & G. Villa			
TYPE	Rail car	NUMBER 2	DATE 12/20/2023			
			YEAR BUILT 1970's (estimated)			
58 (DE	CK)					
Replace	e the split and rotten t	imber deck if the bridge is to be re	tained.			
Conside	r installing a slip resista	ant surface on the steel deck plates.				
Replace	the railing.	-				
59 (SU	PERSTRUCTURE)					
Replace	or remove the bridge.					
		prrosion, if it is to remain in place.				
		r to preserve it and retard corrosion if	it will remain in place.			
60 (SU	BSTRUCTURE)					
Replace	e the timber bearing u	inder the side girders.				
Clear d	ebris and vegetation	from seats.				
Rearran	nged the existing rip r	ap and add riprap to smooth the ba	nk for better stream flow.			
65 (AP	PROACH)					
Conside	r updating the bridge cl	osed sign and place one on both appro	eaches until the bridge is repaired or replaced.			
OTHER	{					
Trim ba	ick vegetation.					



Photo 1 – Gordy Jolma No 2 Approach and Deck view.



Photo 2 – Gordy Jolma No 2 Elevation view.



Photo 3 – Gordy Jolma No 2 Side view of deck and Abutment



Clark County

Department of Public Works

Bridge No. Gordy Jolma 3

BRIDGE INSPECTION SUMMARY

Bridge No. GJ-3

Bridge Name: Gordy Jolma No 3 over

Salmon Creek

Location: Gordy Jolma County Park

Drainage: Salmon Creek Bridge Type: Railroad Car

Span Length: 54 feet



Description:

The bridge is comprised of an old steel railcar 58' in length (span length approximately – 54') with a deep main U-girder and C-channel side beams that are coped at the ends. The deck is 2" thick ribbed steel plate with oval indentions on half the deck and steel diamond plate on half the deck with a 58'x 30" neoprene patch along the west side supported directly on the top flange of the girders and a ½"x12'x10' steel plate patch on the south end. The deck width is 10'-6" out-to-out.

A steel pipe railing system is attached to the side of the edge beam. The north approach alignment forms a T intersection with the main east-west trail and continues south to connect with the side trail on the south approach of bridge GJ-2. The bridge is closed with a chain link fence barrier on the north end. There is a 2" conduit just west of the bridge that appeared to be attached to the bridge at one time, but the attachments have failed and the conduit is laying in the stream.

Condition:

- Steel coating has failed and peeled off.
- Heavy corrosion, some pitting, and crevice corrosion is widespread throughout the RR flatcar.
- Steel decking is damaged over 25% of the surface.
- Approach alignment has an abrupt T intersection on the north.
- The abutments are at the edge of the stream on the south side and in the stream on the north side. The abutments obstruct the stream during high flows.
- Railing has openings exceeding the 6" limit.

Recommendations:

- Remove this bridge including the abutments to provide unobstructed stream flow through the bridge opening.
- If retained:
 - Clean, sandblast and paint the rail car to stop further corrosion and section loss and clean debris from the abutment seats and girder bearing area.
 - Replace the railing or retrofit to achieve minimum 6" openings.

Date Inspected: 12/20/2023

Inspecting Firm: Otak

Inspectors: B. Johnson & I. Parker



BRIDGE TYPE	RR FLATCAR	45	5.753747		
CROSSING	SALMON CREEK	LA	AT .	INSPECTOR	BRUCE JOHNSON,
		-1	22.521042		ISAAC PARKER
YEAR BUILT	MID-1970'S (ESTIMATED)	LC	DNG	DATE	12-20-2023
	<u> </u>	_		STR. NO.	GJ-3

OBSERVATIONS

1. END	Abutments			TYPE / SIZE	DECK	Condition Rating
END		Fair	1. Stringers	Fair	1. Deck — Structural Condition	Poor
END	Piles	N/A	2. Girder or Beams	Fair	Wearing Surface	N/A
BENTS	Footings	Fair	3. Floor Beams	Fair	3. Deck Joints	N/A
BEILLO	Footing Piles	N/A			4. Curbs, Felloe Guards	N/A
	Caps	Poor			5. Sidewalks	N/A
	Wings	Fair			6. Railing, Posts	Fair
	Backwalls, Bulkheads	Fair			1. 2" steel ribbed deck plate	
.2. Debris or	n Seats	Poor	5. Diaphragms	Fair	broken along west side with ½" neoprene patch, diamond plate	
3. Paint		Failed	6. Bearing Devices	N/A	2. Bare deck with neoprene	
4. Collision	Damage	Fair	7. Alignment of Members	Poor	3. Narrow open gap	
5. Scour		Poor	8. Rivets or Bolts	Poor	6. Pipe rail. Poor paint, some Corrosion	
6. Settleme	***	Fair	9. Welds	Fair		
1-Abut, spill-	through with rock fill		10. Flange	Fair		
			11. Stiffeners	Fair		
1-Caps, timb						
1-Wings, sor						
2.Signigicant					APPROACH CONDITION	
	with heavy corrosion				1. Pavement & Embankment	Fair
	pes and gouges				2. Shoulder Embankment	Fair
	ble heavy rock bed and rocks on banks				3. Railing	N/A
CHANNE	L & CHAN. PROTECT.					
1. Channel	Scour	Fair				
2. Embank	ment Erosion	Fair				
Vegetati	on	Good				
4. Channel	Change	N/A			APPR. ALINE.	
5. Riprap		N/A			SIGNING	
					1. Posted	Poor
					2. Legibility	Fair
					3. Visibility	Poor
	Overall Condition - Fair		Overall Conditi	on - Fair	Overall Condition - Poor	

REMARKS	(Ke	y-in	to	item	above)
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NAME	Gordy Jolma Bridge	No 3		INSPECTORS B. Johnson & I. Parker			
TYPE	Flatcar	NUMBER	GJ-3	DATE 12/08/2023			
DISTRICT				YEAR BUILT 1970's (ESTIMATED)			
58 (DECI	()						
$\overline{}$		ck steel ribbed deck plate a	nd diamond	plate with neoprene and steel plate repairs. Steel pipe			
	n rail attached to s						
1							
59 (SUPE	ERSTRUCTURE)						
The supe	rstructure is comp	rised of a steel rail car w	rith a deep U	J-shaped main girder and C-channel side beams			
that are c	oped at the ends a	nd connected with overh	ang bracket	ts or diaphragms. The structure has a 58' overall			
				eel. Areas of local distortions (bends) and holes			
(burned t	hrough, not rusted) through members are p	resent, how	vever none appeared to be service related.			
	STRUCTURE)						
The End l	ents are concrete a	abutment walls. The main	girder bears	s directly on the seat of the concrete abutment and			
		upported on timber blocki	ing on the bi	ridge seat. The timber blocking is split and			
decayed v	vith rot present.						
65 (APPI							
				e north approach and continues to an intersection			
with the r	nain trail entrance	with 181st Street on the so	uth approac	h.			
OTHER							
OTHER		1 0.1	1 1 .	1 1 1 7			
The abut	ments are at the	edge of the stream and	i obstruct t	the stream during high flow.			

NAME	Gordy Jolma Bridge	e No 3 2		INSPECTORS B. Johnson & I. Parker			
TYPE	Flatcar	NUMBER	GJ-3	DATE 12/08/2023			
DISTRICT				YEAR BUILT 1970' Estimated			
							
58 (DECI	ζ)						
Replace t	the damaged steel	deck if the bridge is to	be retained				
	_	stant surface on the steel					
		ge is to be retained.	1				
1	J						
59 (SUPF	ERSTRUCTURE)						
	r remove the bridge	<u> </u>					
		corrosion, if it is to remai	n in place.				
		car to preserve it and reta		if it will remain in place.			
	1	1		1			
60 (SUBS	STRUCTURE)						
		under the side girders.					
	oris and vegetation						
		oth bank for better strea	am flow				
1 face rip	rap to form a smo	oth bank for better street	alli ilow.				
65 (APPI							
Consider 1	updating the bridge	closed sign and place one	e on both app	proaches until the bridge is repaired or replaced.			
OTHER							
Trim back	vegetation.						



Photo 1 – Gordy Jolma No 3 Deck view.



Photo 2 – Gordy Jolma No 3 Elevation view.



Photo 3-Gordy Jolma No 3 view of failed 2" conduit in the stream.



Clark County

Department of Public Works

Bridge No. Gordy Jolma 4

BRIDGE INSPECTION SUMMARY

Bridge No. GJ-4

Bridge Name: Gordy Jolma Trail over

Salmon Creek No 4

Location: Gordy Jolma County Park

Drainage: Salmon Creek
Bridge Type: Railroad Car
Span Length: 46' feet



Description:

The bridge is comprised of an old steel railcar 51' in length (span length approximately – 46') with a U-shaped main girder and constant depth exterior C-channel beams. The deck is 4"x6" timber planks with plywood patching along the west side and open holes along the east side where the deck has failed. The deck width is 10' out-to-out.

A steel pipe railing system is attached to the timber deck planks but has failed connections and is loose in some areas. The north approach alignment forms a T intersection with the main east-west trail and has a sharp curve to the west on the south side. The bridge is closed with a chain link fence barrier on the north end. A 9" ductile iron pipe is on the west side attached to the side beams.

Condition:

- The bridge has failed support at the southwest corner and has sagged or settled approximately 2'.
- Steel coating has failed and peeled off.
- Heavy corrosion, some pitting, and crevice corrosion is widespread throughout the RR flatcar.
- Timber decking has failed in over 50% of the surface and has large holes.
- Approach alignment has an abrupt T intersection on the north and sharp curve on the south.
- The abutments are at the edge of the stream on the south side and in the stream on the north side. The abutments obstruct the stream during high flows.
- The apparently abandoned ductile iron pipe is kinked and has failed attachments and it no longer stable.
- Railing has openings exceeding the 6" limit.

Recommendations:

- Remove this bridge and abutments to provide unobstructed stream flow through the bridge opening.
- If retained:
 - Clean, sandblast and paint the rail car to stop further corrosion and section loss and clean debris from the abutment seats and girder bearing area.
 - Replace the railing or retrofit to achieve minimum 6" openings.

Date Inspected: 12/20/2023

Inspecting Firm: Otak

Inspectors: B. Johnson & I. Parker



BRIDGE TYPE	RR FLATCAR	45.751893		
CROSSING	SALMON CREEK	LAT -122.525107	INSPECTOR	BRUCE JOHNSON, ISAAC PARKER
YEAR BUILT	MID-1970'S (ESTIMATED)	LONG	DATE	12-20-2023
			STR. NO.	GJ-4

OBSERVATIONS

SU	BSTRUCTURE		SUPERSTRUC	TURE TYP	E / SIZE	DECK	Condition Rating
1.	Abutments	Fair	1. Stringers		Fair	Deck — Structural Condition	Failed
	Piles	N/A	2. Girder or Beam	2. Girder or Beams		2. Wearing Surface	N/A
END BENTS	Footings	Fair	3. Floor Beams		Fair	3. Deck Joints	N/A
DENTS	Footing Piles	N/A				4. Curbs, Felloe Guards	N/A
	Caps	Poor				5. Sidewalks	N/A
	Wings	Fair				6. Railing, Posts	Poor
	Backwalls, Bulkheads	Fair				4x6 timber deck planks	Failed
.2. Debris o	n Seats	Poor	5. Diaphragms		Poor		
3. Paint		Failed	6. Bearing Device	es	N/A	2. Bare deck	
4. Collision	Damage	Fair	7. Alignment of Me	embers	Poor	3. Narrow open gap	
5. Scour		Poor	8. Rivets or Bolts		Poor	6. Pipe rail. Poor paint, some Corrosion	
6. Settleme	ent	Fair	9. Welds		Fair		
1-Abut, spill-	-through with rock fill		10. Flange				
1-Footings,	minor undermining		11. Stiffeners				
1-Caps, 12"	x12" timber, 50-70% rot						
1-Wings, roo	ck wing some sloughing						
2.Signigican	t debris					APPROACH CONDITION	
3-paint gone	e with heavy corrosion					1. Pavement & Embankment	Fair
4-miron scra	apes and gouges					2. Shoulder Embankment	Fair
	able heavy rock bed and / rocks on banks					3. Railing	N/A
CHANNE	EL & CHAN. PROTECT.						
1. Channe	el Scour	Fair					
2. Embanl	ment Erosion	Fair					
3. Vegetat	ion	Fair					
4. Channe	el Change	N/A				APPR. ALINE.	
5. Riprap		N/A				SIGNING	
						1. Posted	N/A
						2. Legibility	N/A
	_					3. Visibility	N/A
	Overall Condition - Fair		Overa	ıll Condition <i>-</i> Fair		Overall Condition - Poor	

REMARKS (Key-in to item above)

58 (DECK) Deck is con 59 (SUPER The supers beams controlled C-ch	RSTRUCTURE) structure is comprise nected with overhannels. Severe cor	ed of a steel rail car	with one prin	TATE 12/20/2023 YEAR BUILT 1970's (ESTIMATED) an rail has failed connections and is loose. mary U-shaped girder and two C-channel side
58 (DECK) Deck is con 59 (SUPER The supers beams controlled C-ch	RSTRUCTURE) structure is comprise nected with overhannels. Severe cor	ed of a steel rail car	with one prin	an rail has failed connections and is loose. mary U-shaped girder and two C-channel side
Deck is con 59 (SUPER The supers beams con rolled C-ch	RSTRUCTURE) structure is comprise nected with overhannels. Severe cor	ed of a steel rail car	with one prin	nary U-shaped girder and two C-channel side
Deck is con 59 (SUPER The supers beams con rolled C-ch	RSTRUCTURE) structure is comprise nected with overhannels. Severe cor	ed of a steel rail car	with one prin	nary U-shaped girder and two C-channel side
Deck is con 59 (SUPER The supers beams con rolled C-ch	RSTRUCTURE) structure is comprise nected with overhannels. Severe cor	ed of a steel rail car	with one prin	nary U-shaped girder and two C-channel side
59 (SUPER The supers beams con rolled C-ch	RSTRUCTURE) structure is comprise nected with overhar nannels. Severe cor	ed of a steel rail car	with one prin	nary U-shaped girder and two C-channel side
The supers beams com rolled C-ch	structure is comprise nected with overhar nannels. Severe cor	ng brackets or diaph	-	• •
beams con rolled C-ch	nected with overhar nannels. Severe cor	ng brackets or diaph	-	• •
related.	burned through, no		ting are prese	tructure has a 51' overall length. Edge beams are ent on the steel. Areas of local distortions (bends) essent, however none appeared to be service
60 (SI IDS 1	TRUCTURE)			
The End be	ents are concrete pier el beams are supporte	_		ctly on the seat of the concrete abutment and the seat. The timber blocking is split and decayed
65 (APPRO		ersection with the ma	ain trail on the	e north approach and continues to an intersection
	_	n 181 st Street on the s		**
OTHER				
	nents are at the ed	ge of the stream ar	nd obstruct t	he stream during high flows with heavy loose

NAME	Gordy Jolma Bridge N	o 4		INSPECTORS B. Johnson & I. Parker		
TYPE	Flatcar	NUMBER	GJ-4	DATE 12/20/2023		
DISTRICT				YEAR BUILT 2002		
58 (DEC	K)					
Replace	the failed timber de	eck if the bridge is to be	e retained.			
Replace t	he railing if the bridg	ge is to be retained.				
•		•				
59 (SUP)	ERSTRUCTURE)					
	or remove the bridge.					
		corrosion, if it is to remain	n in place.			
		car to preserve it and retar		f it will remain in place.		
	1	1		1		
60 (SUB	STRUCTURE)					
$\overline{}$	<u> </u>	under the side girders.				
	bris and vegetation					
		oth bank for better strea	m flow.			
	1					
65 (APP	ROACH)					
$\overline{}$		ologad sign and place one	on both onn	roaches until the bridge is repaired or replaced.		
Collsidel	updating the bridge (Stosed sign and place one	on both app	toaches until the bridge is repaired of replaced.		
OTHER						
Trim bac	k vegetation.					



Photo 1 – Gordy Jolma No 4 Deck view.



Photo 2 – Gordy Jolma No 4 Elevation view.



Photo 3 – Gordy Jolma No 4 Hole in Deck due to timber plank failure.



Client: Clark County

Clark County Parks and Lands Division

Bridge No. Gordy Jolma 5

BRIDGE INSPECTION SUMMARY

Bridge No. GJ-5

Bridge Name: Gordy Jolma No 5 over

Salmon Creek

Location: Gordy Jolma County Park

Drainage: Salmon Creek

Bridge Type: Railroad Car – Peds/Bikes

Span Length: 48 feet



Description:

The bridge is comprised of an old steel railcar 51' in length (span length – 48') with a center U-shape main built-up riveted girder 12-1/2" deep and two rolled C-channel edge girders 12" deep with bottom flange cut outs at each end that are 8" deep. The main girder bears directly on the concrete abutment and the side girders bear on a timber sill. The deck is 2" thick ribbed steel plate with oval indentions supported directly on the top flange of the girders, except for a 2' strip that is transverse timber planks near the center of the span. The deck has a 30" x ½" neoprene patch over 18' of the length along the east side. The deck has severe corrosion with loss of section, primarily under the neoprene patch. The deck is 10' out-to-out. A steel pipe railing system is attached to the side C-channel. The approach alignment forms a sharp curve to the east on the main on the north approach and a sharp curve to the west on main trail on the south approach.

Condition:

- Steel coating has failed and peeled off.
- Heavy corrosion, some pitting, and crevice corrosion is widespread throughout the RR flatcar.
- Steel decking is damaged over 10% of the surface.
- Railing has openings exceeding the 6" limit.
- Approach alignment has a sharp curve on both approaches.
- The abutments are at the edge of the stream and obstruct the stream during high flows with heavy loose riprap that also obstruct the flow.
- A fallen tree is propped up on the south side of the bridge. Other debris is accumulating.

Recommendations:

- Clean, sandblast and paint the rail car to stop further corrosion and section loss.
- Replace the deck.
- Clean debris from the abutment seats and girder bearing area.
- Repair and add riprap to protect abutments due to the impinged waterway opening.
- Replace the railing or retrofit to achieve minimum 6" openings.

Date Inspected: 12/15/2023 Inspecting Firm: Otak

Inspectors: B. Johnson & I. Parker



BRIDGE TYPE	RR FLATCAR	45.750988		
CROSSING	SALMON CREEK_	LAT	INSPECTOR	BRUCE JOHNSON,
		-122.526282		ISAAC PARKER
YEAR BUILT	1970'S (EST)	LONG	DATE	12-15-2023
		<u></u>	STR. NO.	GJ-5

OBSERVATIONS

SU	SUBSTRUCTURE		SUPERSTRUCTURE	TYPE / SIZE	DECK	Condition Rating
1.	Abutments	Fair	1. Stringers	Poor	Deck — Structural Condition	Poor
END	Piles	Poor	2. Girder or Beams	Fair	Wearing Surface	N/A
BENTS	Footings	Fair	3. Floor Beams	Fair	3. Deck Joints	N/A
	Footing Piles	N/A			4. Curbs, Felloe Guards	N/A
	Caps	Poor			5. Sidewalks	N/A
	Wings	N/A			6. Railing, Posts	Fair
	Backwalls, Bulkheads	Fair				
.2. Debris o	on Seats	Poor	5. Diaphragms, Bridging	Fair	1Deck 2" ribbed steel, Failed 10% with neoprene patch & timber.	Poor
3. Paint or	n steel pile	Failed	6. Bearing Devices	Poor	1.Heavy corrosion, section loss	Poor
4. Collision	n Damage	Fair	7. Alignment of Members	Fair	2. Bare deck	Poor
5. Scour		Fair	8. Rivets or Bolts	Fair	3. Gap filled with debris	Fair
6. Settlem		Fair	9. Welds	Poor	6. 2" pipe rail	Fair
1-Concrete	abut, 30" x10' wide	Fair	10. Flange	Fair		
			11. Stiffeners	Fair		
	12" timber, some rot	Poor	6- 4 x 12 timber, some rot	Poor		
2-Some del	bris	Fair	4-minor scrapes and gouges	Fair		
			9-Transverse weld on main	PoorFair	APPROACH CONDITION	
			tension flange		1. Pavement & Embankment	N/A
			1-Stringers deformed, bent	Fair	2. Shoulder Embankment	Fair
	table heavy rock bed and ry rocks on banks				3. Railing	Fair
CHANN	EL & CHAN. PROTECT.					
1. Channe	el Scour	Fair				
2. Emban	kment Erosion	Fair				
3. Vegeta	tion	Poor				
4. Channe	el Change	N/A			APPR. ALINE.	Poor
5. Riprap	9	N/A			SIGNING	N/A
					1 1	

REMARKS AND RECOMMENDATIONS ARE ATTACHED

NAME	Gordy Jolma Bridge No. 5		INSPECTORS B. Johnson & I. Parker		
TYPE	Flatcar	NUMBER GJ-5	DATE 12/15/2023		
		<u> </u>	YEAR BUILT 1970's (ESTIMATED)		
58 (DEC	CK)				
	·	ribbed deck plate, except for a	2' long section of timber plank decking near mid-		
			red with a neoprene pad of 10% of deck surface.		
-	_	e connections. Ref. Photo 1.	•		
	•				
59 (SUP	PERSTRUCTURE)				
beams c 12.5" de with cop local dis service r Ref Pho	connected with overhang beep, ³ / ₄ " thick, with 3-7/8" ped cutouts to 8" depth at stortions (bent and twisted related. One rough butt we sto 2.	orackets or diaphragms. The flanges and 21" O-O width. 9' from each beam end. Sur stringers) and holes in mem	mary U-shaped girder and two C-channel side structure has a 51' overall length. Main girder is Edge beams are rolled 12"x8"x0.74" C-channels face corrosion is present on the steel. Areas of abers are present, however none appeared to be with no signs of plate cracking.		
	BSTRUCTURE)				
concrete	and two outside beams on		d on the front face. The girder bears directly on the ber sill shows some decay. Ref. Photo 3& 4.		
Debris 0	on seats typical.				
65 (API	PROACH)				
Approac south ap		curve to the east on the north	approach and a sharp curve to the west on the		

OTHER

Loose rock rip rap is in front of the abutment. The abutment reduces the waterway opening slightly.

NAME	Gordy Jolma Bridge No	. 5	INSPECTORS B. Johnson & I. Parker
TYPE	Rail car	NUMBER GJ	DATE 12/15/2023
			YEAR BUILT 1970's (estimated)
58 (DE	CK)		
	e the damaged steel de	ck and timber planks.	
-	_	at surface on the steel deck plates.	
Repair r	ailing connections.	•	
59 (SU	PERSTRUCTURE)		
Monitor	condition of rail car cor	rosion.	
Conduc	t NDE testing of fatigue	prone details on the rail car.	
Clean ar	nd paint the steel rail car	to preserve it and retard corrosion.	
60 (SU	BSTRUCTURE)		
Replace	e the timber bearing un	der the side girders.	
Clear d	ebris and vegetation fr	om seats.	
Place ri	p rap to smooth the ba	nk for better stream flow.	
65 (AP	PROACH)		
Conside	r extending the railing or	nto the approaches.	
OTHER	2		
	e fallen tree from south	side of bridge.	
	ick vegetation.	S	



Photo 1 – Gordy Jolma No 5 Approach and Deck view.



Photo 2 – Gordy Jolma No 5 Elevation view.



Photo 3 – Gordy Jolma No 5 Abutment with loose rip rap



Photo 4 – Gordy Jolma No 5 Loss of paint, surface corrosion, and fatigue-prone weld on rail car.

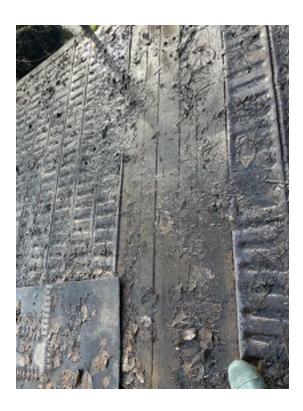


Photo 5 – Gordy Jolma No 5 Corrosion/damage on steel deck plate and timber deck plank section.



Client: Clark County

Clark County Parks and Lands Division

Bridge No. Gordy Jolma 6

BRIDGE INSPECTION SUMMARY

Bridge No. GJ-6

Bridge Name: Gordy Jolma No 6 over

Salmon Creek

Location: Gordy Jolma County Park

Drainage: Salmon Creek

Bridge Type: Railroad Car – Peds/Bikes

Span Length: 49 feet



Description:

The bridge is comprised of an old steel railcar 51' in length (span length – 49') with a center U-shape main built-up riveted girder 14" deep and two rolled C-channel edge girders 12" deep with bottom flange cut outs at each end that are 8" deep. The main girder bears directly on the concrete abutment and the side girders bear on a timber sill. The deck is 2" thick ribbed transverse steel plate supported directly on the top flange of the girders, except for a transverse 2x8 timber plank near the center of the span. The deck has a ½"x30"x42' neoprene patch (with additional 12' extending onto the approach) along the east side and a ½"x4'x33' neoprene patch along the west side in total covering 50% of the deck. The deck also has a 2x12 patch at her south end of the bridge. A steel pipe railing system is attached to the side C-channel. The approach alignment forms a slight curve on the main trail on both approaches. There is a 2" conduit on the east side with some loose connections.

Condition:

- Steel coating has failed and peeled off.
- Heavy corrosion, some pitting, and crevice corrosion is widespread throughout the RR flatcar.
- Steel decking is severely corroded with section loss over 50% of the surface primarily under the neoprene patches.
- Railing has openings exceeding the 6" limit.
- Approach alignment has a slight curve. There is a 12" drop off on the north approach.
- Woody debris is hung up in the waterway under the bridge.

Recommendations:

- Clean, sandblast and paint the rail car to stop further corrosion and section loss.
- Replace the deck.
- Clean debris from the abutment seats and girder bearing area.
- Replace the railing or retrofit to achieve minimum 6" openings.
- Remove woody debris from waterway opening under the bridge.

Date Inspected: 12/15/2023 Inspecting Firm: Otak

Inspectors: B. Johnson & I. Parker



BRIDGE TYPE	RR FLATCAR	45.750029		
CROSSING	SALMON CREEK_	LAT	INSPECTOR	BRUCE JOHNSON,
		-122.526471		ISAAC PARKER
YEAR BUILT	1970'S (EST)	LONG	DATE	12-15-2023
			STR. NO.	GJ-6

OBSERVATIONS

SU	BSTRUCTURE		SUPERSTRUCTURE	TYPE / SIZE	DECK	Condition Rating
1.	Abutments	Fair	1. Stringers	Fair	Deck — Structural Condition	Poor
END	Piles	Poor	2. Girder or Beams	Fair	Wearing Surface	N/A
BENTS	Footings	Fair	3. Floor Beams	Fair	3. Deck Joints	N/A
	Footing Piles	N/A			4. Curbs, Felloe Guards	N/A
	Caps	Poor			5. Sidewalks	N/A
	Wings	N/A			6. Railing, Posts	Fair
	Backwalls, Bulkheads	Fair				
.2. Debris o	on Seats	Poor	5. Diaphragms, Bridging	Fair	1Deck 2" ribbed steel, Failed 50% with neoprene and timber patches.	Poor
3. Paint on	steel pile	Failed	6. Bearing Devices	Poor	1.Heavy corrosion, section loss	Poor
4. Collision	n Damage	Fair	7. Alignment of Members	Fair	2. Bare deck	Poor
5. Scour		Fair	8. Rivets or Bolts	Fair	3. Gap filled with debris	
6. Settleme		Fair	9. Welds	Fair	6. 2" pipe rail w/ bent elements	Fair
	abut, 16" x10' wide	Fair Fair	10. Flange	Fair		
	1-Caps, timber sill, some rot		11. Stiffeners	Fair		
2-Some deb	2-Some debris		6- timber sill, some rot	Poor		
			4-minor scrapes and gouges	Fair		
			1-Stringers corrosion, bends	Fair	APPROACH CONDITION	
					1. Pavement & Embankment	N/A
					2. Shoulder Embankment	Fair
5-stream is st isolated heav	able heavy rock bed and y rocks on banks				3. Railing	Fair
CHANNE	EL & CHAN. PROTECT.					
1. Channe	el Scour	Fair				
2. Emban	kment Erosion	Fair				
3. Vegeta	tion	Good				
4. Channe	el Change	N/A			APPR. ALINE.	Fair
5. Riprap	-	N/A			SIGNING	N/A
Overa	all substructure condition,	Fair	Overall Condition, Fair,	Phi(c)=0.90	Overall Deck Condition, Po	or

REMARKS AND RECOMMENDATIONS ARE ATTACHED

NAME	Gordy Jolma Bridge No. 6		INSPECTORS B. Johnson & I. Parker			
TYPE	Flatcar	NUMBER GJ-6	DATE	12/15/2023		
			YEAR I	BUILT 1970's (ESTIMATED)		
58 (DEC	TV)					
Deck is	comprised of 2" thick steel			f timber plank decking near mid-span age and was repaired with a		
		_		ne approaches. Ref. Photo 1.		
59 (SUF	PERSTRUCTURE)					
beams o U-shape each bea	connected with overhang be e 14" deep. Edge beams ar am end. Surface corrosion es in members are present,	orackets or diaphragms. re rolled 12"x8"x0.74" on is present on the steel.	The structure has a 5 C-channels with cope Areas of local distort	girder and two C-channel side 1' overall length. Center girder is a ed cutouts to 8" depth at 3.5' from tions (bent and twisted stringers) 1.		
60 (SUE	BSTRUCTURE)					
	and two outside beams on		-	e. The girder bears directly on the v. Ref. Photo 3& 4. Debris on		
(5 (A DI	DDO A CII)					
_	PROACH)	aurua an hath annraaaha	The north engrees h	has settled with some washout		
	a 12" drop off that is a poter		ss. The north approach	has settled with some washout		

OTHER
The abutment reduces the waterway opening slightly.

NAME	Gordy Jolma Bridge No. 6		INSPECTORS B. Johnson & I. Parker
TYPE	Rail car	NUMBER GJ-6	DATE 12/15/2023
			YEAR BUILT 1970's (estimated)
58 (DEC	K)		
Replace	the damaged steel deck and	timber planks.	
Consider	installing a slip resistant surfac	ce on the steel deck plates.	
Repair ra	iling connections.		
59 (SUP	ERSTRUCTURE)		
Monitor of	condition of rail car corrosion.		
	NDE testing of fatigue prone de		
Clean and	d paint the steel rail car to prese	erve it and retard corrosion.	
60 (SUB	STRUCTURE)		
Replace	the timber bearing under the	e side girders.	
Clear de	bris and vegetation from sea	ts.	
Place rip	rap to smooth the bank for	better stream flow.	
65 (APP	ROACH)		
	the north approach to fill in the	settlement drop off.	
J	11	1	
OTHER			
	k vegetation.		



Photo 1 – Gordy Jolma No 6 Approach and Deck view.



Photo 2 – Gordy Jolma No 6 Elevation view.



Photo 3 – Gordy Jolma No 6 Abutment with loose rip rap



Photo 4 – Gordy Jolma No 6 Loss of paint, surface corrosion, and fatigue-prone weld on rail car.



Photo 5- Gordy Jolma No 6 Corrosion/damage on steel deck plate and erosion and drop off at abutment.



Client: Clark County

Clark County Parks and Lands Division

Bridge No. Gordy Jolma 7

BRIDGE INSPECTION SUMMARY

Bridge No. GJ-7

Bridge Name: Gordy Jolma No 7 over

Salmon Creek

Location: Gordy Jolma County Park

Drainage: Salmon Creek

Bridge Type: Railroad Car – Peds/Bikes

Span Length: 69 feet



Description:

The bridge is comprised of two 24.2" deep I-girders with 12.14" x 3/4" flanges and welded K-diaphragms at a 30' spacing and sway bracing at 10' spacing. The bridge length is 70' with a span between center of bearings of 69'. The deck has 10-4"x12" treated deck planks running longitudinally, supported on treated timber 4" x 12" planks at 2'-0" centers on top of the girder flanges. The deck has a clear width of 8'-8" with a 6x6 felloe guard along the sides. A steel pipe railing system is attached to the girders with a welded steel angle. The approach alignment is steep and has a sharp curve on the south approach.

Condition:

- Steel appears to be weathering steel (no painted coating) and has a protective patina over most of the surface but with moss covering half of the upper side of the flange on the north exposure.
- Minor corrosion with some crevice corrosion at connections.
- Timber plank decking is has some checks and minor decay in 10% of the planks. Cross member timber supports are in good condition.
- Railing has openings exceeding the 6" limit.
- The abutments are set back approximately 15' from the edge of the stream.
- Gravel approach has settled or washed away 1"-2" on the north approach resulting in a minor tripping hazard.

Recommendations:

- Clean moss and debris off the girder flanges to prevent corrosion and loss of protective patina.
- Clean debris from the abutment seats and girder bearing area.
- Regrade the approaches to eliminate the bump at the north end.
- Replace the railing or retrofit to achieve minimum 6" openings.

Date Inspected: 12/15/2023

Inspecting Firm: Otak

Inspectors: B. Johnson & I. Parker



BRIDGE TYPE	RR FLATCAR	45.749005		
CROSSING	SALMON CREEK_	LAT	INSPECTOR	BRUCE JOHNSON,
		-122.526471		ISAAC PARKER
YEAR BUILT	1970'S (EST)	LONG	DATE	12-15-2023
			STR. NO.	GJ-7

OBSERVATIONS

SU	BSTRUCTURE		SUPERSTRUCTURE	TYPE / SIZE	DECK	Condition Rating
1.	Abutments	Fair	1. Stringers	N/A	Deck — Structural Condition	Fair
END	Piles	N/A	2. Girder or Beams	Fair	Wearing Surface	N/A
BENTS	Footings	Fair	3. Floor Beams	Fair	3. Deck Joints	N/A
	Footing Piles	N/A			4. Curbs, Felloe Guards	Fair
	Caps	Na?			5. Sidewalks	N/A
	Wings	N/A			6. Railing, Posts	Fair
	Backwalls, Bulkheads	Fair				
.2. Debris o	on Seats	Fair	5. Diaphragms, Bridging	Fair	1Deck 4x12 treated timber planks.	Fair
3. Paint or	steel pile	N/A 6. Bearing Devices Fair Minor checks, splits and decay		Minor checks, splits and decay	Fair	
4. Collision Damage N/A		N/A	7. Alignment of Members	Fair	Timber cross planks	Good
5. Scour N/A		N/A	8. Rivets or Bolts	Fair	2. Bare deck	Fair
6. Settleme	ent	Fair	9. Welds	Fair	3. Gap filled with debris	
1-Concrete	abut, 24" x10' wide	Fair	10. Flange	Fair	6. 2" pipe rail	
2-Some del	oris hung up on super- cture	Fair	11. Stiffeners	Fair		
					APPROACH CONDITION	
					1. Pavement & Embankment	N/A
					2. Shoulder Embankment	Fair
	able heavy rock bed and y rocks on banks				3. Railing	Fair
CHANNE	L & CHAN. PROTECT.					
1. Channe	el Scour	Fair				
2. Emban	kment Erosion	Fair				
3. Vegeta	tion	Fair				
4. Channe	el Change	N/A			APPR. ALINE.	Poor
5. Riprap		N/A			SIGNING	N/A
Overa	all substructure condition,	Fair	Overall Condition, Fai	r, Phi(c)=0.90	Overall Deck Condition, Fair, Phi((c) = 0.90

REMARKS AND RECOMMENDATIONS ARE ATTACHED

NAME	Gordy Jolma Bridge No	0.7	INSPECTORS B. Johnson & I. Parker
TYPE	Flatcar	NUMBER GJ-7	DATE 12/15/2023
			YEAR BUILT 1970's (ESTIMATED)
58 (DEC			
Deck is	comprised of 4x12 trea	ated timber planks running longitudi	nally with treated timber cross planks between the
girders.	Steel pipe pedestrian	rail has loose connections. Ref. P	hoto 1.
59 (SUP	ERSTRUCTURE)		
The sup	erstructure is compris	ed of two 24.2" deep I-girders	with 12.14" x 3/4" flanges and welded K-
diaphra	gms at a 30' spacin	g and sway bracing at 10' spac	ing. The structure has a 70' overall length.
		na is present on the steel.	8
Ref Pho		F	
1101 1 110			
60 (SUE	STRUCTURE)		
Concrete	abutment is 24" wide	by 10' long with about 5' exposed	on the front face. The girder bears directly on the
14" wide	e concrete seat. Ref. Pl	noto 3& 4. Minor vegetation and d	ebris on seats is typical.
		_	• •
65 (API	PROACH)		
$\overline{}$		narp and steep curve to the east on	the north approach and a tangent approach on the
west end	-	1	
OTHER			

Loose large rock rip rap is in front of the abutment. The abutments are well above and set back from the waterway opening.

NAME	Gordy Johna Bridge	No. /	INSPECTORS B. Johnson & I. Parker
TYPE	Rail car	NUMBER GJ-7	DATE 12/15/2023
			YEAR BUILT 1970's (estimated)
			
50 (DE	CIV)		
58 (DE			
Replace	e about 10% of the ti	mber planks that are checked and sp	plit with the beginning of decay.
59 (SU	PERSTRUCTURE)		
Monito	or condition of steel	diaphragm and bracing connecti	ons for corrosion and nack rust
		e prone details on the steel girders.	ons for corresion and pack rust.
Conduct	. INDL testing of fatigue	, prone details on the steer gliders.	
$\overline{}$	BSTRUCTURE)		
	lebris and vegetation		
Rearrai	nged the existing rip	rap and add riprap to smooth the pro	otection in front of the abutments in case of extremely
high flo	ows.		
65 (AP	PROACH)		
	,	inate the bump at the west abutment.	
Regrade	the approaches to enin	mate the bump at the west abutment.	
OTHER	}		
Trim ba	ack vegetation.		
	_		



Photo 1 – Gordy Jolma No 7 Approach and Deck view.



Photo 2 – Gordy Jolma No 7 Elevation view.



Photo 3 – Gordy Jolma No 7 Abutment



Photo 4- Gordy Jolma No 7 Light patina on steel surfaces, beginning of crevice corrosion, and fatigue-prone details.



Photo 5 – Gordy Jolma No 7 Erosion and drop off at west abutment.



Clark County

Department of Public Works

Bridge No. Gordy Jolma 8

BRIDGE INSPECTION SUMMARY

Bridge No. GJ8

Bridge Name: Gordy Jolma Trail over

Salmon Creek No 8

Location: Gordy Jolma County Park

Drainage: Salmon Creek
Bridge Type: Railroad Car
Span Length: 42.0 feet



Description:

The bridge is comprised of an old steel railcar 51' in length (span length -42.0) with double-C-channel girders in the center and rolled C-channel edge girders 18" deep and coped about to 8" deep about 4' from the ends, with floorbeams and stringers supporting the deck. The deck is 2" thick ribbed steel plate with oval indentions supported directly on the top flange of the stringers. A steel pipe railing system is attached to the top of a 6"x6" felloe guard but is loose in some areas. The approach alignment forms a T intersection with the main east-west trail on the south approach.

Condition:

- Steel coating has failed and peeled off.
- Heavy corrosion, some pitting, crevice corrosion and loss of section is widespread throughout the RR flatcar, especially on the stringers and floorbeams.
- Steel decking has surface corrosion with some flaking loss of section on the bottom.
- Pipe rail paint failed with flaking paint chips. One connection is missing at south end.
- Railing has openings exceeding the 6" limit.
- Approach alignment has an abrupt T intersection on the south. There is a 6" drop off on the northeast, northwest, and southeast corners on the approaches due to settlement or erosion. There is a 16" x 8" hole at the north end on the approach filled with a large rock that is a tripping hazard.
- The abutments are at the edge of the stream on the south side and in the stream on the north side. The abutments obstruct the stream during high flows.
- There is woody debris in the stream channel near the bridge.

Recommendations:

- Clean, sandblast and paint the rail car to stop further corrosion and section loss.
- Replace the deck.
- Clean debris from the abutment seats and girder bearing area.
- Add riprap to protect the abutment due to the impinged waterway opening.
- Regrade the approaches and fill in the gaps and settlement at both ends.
- Replace the railing or retrofit to achieve minimum 6" openings.
- Remove woody debris from the stream channel to reduce scour potential.

Date Inspected: 12/20/2023 Inspecting Firm: Otak

Inspectors: B. Johnson & G. Villa



BRIDGE TYPE	RR FLATCAR	45.758775		
CROSSING	SALMON CREEK	LAT	INSPECTOR	BRUCE JOHNSON,
		-122.517108		GIOVANNI VILLA
YEAR BUILT	MID-1970'S (ESTIMATED)	LONG	DATE	12-20-2023
			STR. NO.	GJ-8

OBSERVATIONS

SU	BSTRUCTURE		SUPERSTRUCTURE	TYPE / SIZE	DECK	Condition Rating
1.	Abutments	Fair	1. Stringers	Poor	1. Deck — Structural Condition	Poor
Piles N/A		N/A	2. Girder or Beams	Fair	Wearing Surface	N/A
END BENTS	Footings	Fair	3. Floor Beams	Fair	3. Deck Joints	N/A
DENTO	Footing Piles	N/A			4. Curbs, Felloe Guards	Poor
	Caps	Poor			5. Sidewalks	N/A
	Wings	Fair			6. Railing, Posts	Fair
	Backwalls, Bulkheads	Fair			2" steel ribbed deck plate	Poor
.2. Debris o	n Seats	Poor	5. Diaphragms	Fair	Corroded, section loss on bottom	
3. Paint		Failed	6. Bearing Devices	N/A	2. Bare deck	Fair
4. Collision Damage		Fair	7. Alignment of Members	Fair	3. Narrow open gap	Fair
0. 222		Poor	8. Rivets or Bolts	Poor	6. Pipe rail. Poor paint, some Corrosion	Fair
6. Settleme		Fair	9. Welds	Fair		
	-through with rock fill		10. Flange	Fair		
	minor undermining		11. Stiffeners	Fair		
	x12" timber, 50-70% rot					
	ck wing some sloughing					
2.Signigicar	nt debris				APPROACH CONDITION	
3-paint gone with heavy corrosion					Pavement & Embankment	Poor
4-miron scra	apes and gouges				2. Shoulder Embankment	Poor
	able heavy rock bed and y rocks on banks				3. Railing	N/A
CHANNI	EL & CHAN. PROTECT.				1, 2, - Settlement	Poor
1. Channe	el Scour	Fair				
2. Emban	kment Erosion	Fair				
3. Vegeta	tion	Fair				
4. Channe	el Change	N/A			APPR. ALINE.	
5. Riprap		N/A			SIGNING	
					1. Posted	N/A
					2. Legibility	N/A
					3. Visibility	N/A
0	rall Condition Fair, Phi(c)=	2.00	Overall Condition Fair	Db:/->-0.00	Overall Condition Poor, Phi(c)=	-0.05

REMARKS (Key-in to item above)

TURE) s comprised of and coped about has a 51' overall .75" rolled C-cl rrosion and som	a steel rail car to 8" deep abou l length. Edge b hannels. The b ne pitting are pr nd holes (burne	with double at 4' from the beams are re beams supporesent on the	INSPECTORS B. Johnson & G. Villa DATE 12/20/2023 YEAR BUILT 1970's (ESTIMATED) pedestrian rail has failed and flaking paint with C-channel girders in the center and rolled C-channel ends, with floorbeams and stringers supporting the folled 18"x4"x0.75" C-channels and double center fort a Floorbeam-stringer system that supports the estringers and underside of the steel decking. International content of the steel decking and the stringers are present, however
of 2" thick steel rition. TURE) s comprised of and coped about has a 51' overall .75" rolled C-cl rrosion and sometions (bends) as	a steel rail car to 8" deep about l length. Edge be hannels. The be ne pitting are prond holes (burne	with double at 4' from the beams are repeams supportesent on the	pedestrian rail has failed and flaking paint with C-channel girders in the center and rolled C-channel ends, with floorbeams and stringers supporting the folled 18"x4"x0.75" C-channels and double center fort a Floorbeam-stringer system that supports the estringers and underside of the steel decking.
runce of and coped about as a 51' overall and community. To see the community of the commun	a steel rail car to 8" deep abou l length. Edge b hannels. The b ne pitting are pr nd holes (burne	with double at 4' from the beams are re beams supporesent on the	C-channel girders in the center and rolled C-channel ends, with floorbeams and stringers supporting the olled 18"x4"x0.75" C-channels and double center ort a Floorbeam-stringer system that supports the estringers and underside of the steel decking.
runce of and coped about as a 51' overall and community. To see the community of the commun	a steel rail car to 8" deep abou l length. Edge b hannels. The b ne pitting are pr nd holes (burne	with double at 4' from the beams are re beams supporesent on the	C-channel girders in the center and rolled C-channel ends, with floorbeams and stringers supporting the olled 18"x4"x0.75" C-channels and double center ort a Floorbeam-stringer system that supports the estringers and underside of the steel decking.
s comprised of and coped about has a 51' overall .75" rolled C-cl rrosion and som rtions (bends) an	to 8" deep abou l length. Edge t hannels. The b ne pitting are pr nd holes (burne	at 4' from the beams are re beams suppo resent on the	ends, with floorbeams and stringers supporting the blled 18"x4"x0.75" C-channels and double center ort a Floorbeam-stringer system that supports the estringers and underside of the steel decking.
and coped about has a 51' overall .75" rolled C-cl rrosion and som rtions (bends) an	to 8" deep abou l length. Edge t hannels. The b ne pitting are pr nd holes (burne	at 4' from the beams are re beams suppo resent on the	ends, with floorbeams and stringers supporting the blled 18"x4"x0.75" C-channels and double center ort a Floorbeam-stringer system that supports the estringers and underside of the steel decking.
RE)			
	niers with 8' ex	xnosed heigh	nt, that are inset about 7' from the north end and
nd resulting in s butment and the	hort cantilevere side channel be	ed superstruction eams with ti	that are insected to the first the horth end and sture sections. The main girder bears directly on the mber blocking between girders on the bridge seats. he entire length, providing little or no support to the
has a T-intersec	tion with the ma	ain trail on t	he north approach and provides access to a field on
a	abutment and the is split and deca	abutment and the side channel b is split and decayed with rot pr	abutment and the side channel beams with ting is split and decayed with rot present along to

OTHER

The abutments are at the edge of the stream and obstruct the stream during high flows with heavy loose riprap that also obstruct the flow.

NAME	Gordy Jolma Bridge No	8	INSPECTORS B. Johnson & G. Villa
TYPE	Flatcar	NUMBER GJ-8	DATE 12/20/2023
DISTRICT			YEAR BUILT 1970's Estimated
58 (DEC	K)		
Replace	the damaged steel ded		
	~	it surface on the steel deck plates.	
	iling connections.	1	
1	8		
59 (SUP)	ERSTRUCTURE)		
	condition of rail car corn	osion.	
Replace s			
		to preserve it and retard corrosion.	
	1	1	
60 (SUB	STRUCTURE)		
	the timber bearing un	der the side girders	
	bris and vegetation from		
		nk for better stream flow.	
r race rip	rup to smooth the ou	in for better stream flow.	
65 (ADD	ROACH)		
		ata tha halas and human at the abutus an	to.
Regrade u	ne approaches to elimin	ate the holes and bump at the abutment	lS.
OTHER			
Trim bac	k vegetation.		



Photo 1 – Gordy Jolma No 8 Approach and Deck view.



Photo 2 – Gordy Jolma No 8 Elevation view.



Photo 3 - Gordy Jolma No 8 Severe Corrosion and loss of section steel stringers and

bottom of deck surface, crevice corrosion, and fatigueprone details.

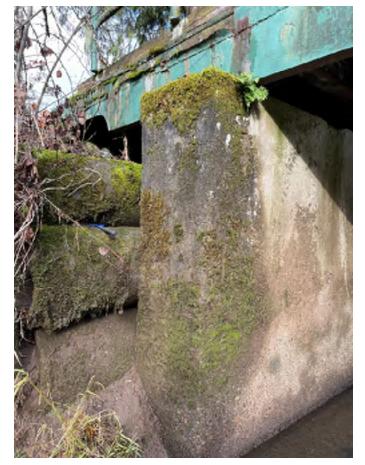


Photo 4 – Gordy Jolma No 8 Abutment and Cantilever Railcar section



Clark County

Department of Public Works

Bridge No. Gordy Jolma 9

BRIDGE INSPECTION SUMMARY

Bridge No. GJ-9

Bridge Name: Gordy Jolma No. 9 over

Salmon Creek

Location: Gordy Jolma County Park

Drainage: Salmon Creek
Bridge Type: Railroad Car

Span Length: 39 feet



Description:

The bridge is comprised of an old steel railcar 53' in length (span length - 39') with a center U-shape main built-up riveted girder 31-1/2" deep, tapering to 14.5" at the ends and two rolled C-channel edge girders 27" deep with bottom flange cut outs at each end that are 14.5" deep. The deck is 6x6 timber deck planks supported directly on the top flange of the girders.

A steel pipe railing system is attached to the top of a 6"x6" felloe guards but is loose and bent in some areas. The approach alignment has a sharp turn to the east on the north approach and a sharp turn to the west on the south approach. The fill has eroded on the north approach at the bridge end leaving large voids in the path.

Condition:

- Steel coating has failed and peeled off.
- Heavy corrosion, some pitting, delamination of the steel plates and crevice corrosion is widespread throughout the RR flatcar.
- Timber decking has checks and splits and worn causing a rough surface and has gravel on portions.
- Railing has openings exceeding the 6" limit.
- Approach alignment has a sharp turn on both approaches.
- Abutments are at the edge of the stream. The abutments obstruct the stream during high flows.
- Minor scour and undermining of abutment footing at the northeast corner of the bridge.

Recommendations:

- Clean, sandblast and paint the rail car to stop further corrosion and section loss.
- Clean debris from the abutment seats and girder bearing area.
- Repair or replace damaged the timber deck planks to extend the life.
- Repair the minor undermining of the north footing and add riprap to protect the abutments due to the impinged waterway opening.
- Regrade the approaches and fill in the gaps and settlement at both ends.
- Replace the railing or retrofit to achieve minimum 6" openings.

Date Inspected: 12/20/2023 Inspecting Firm: Otak

Inspectors: B. John

B. Johnson & G. Villa



BRIDGE TYPE	RR FLATCAR	45.758584		
CROSSING	SALMON CREEK	LAT	INSPECTOR	BRUCE JOHNSON,
		-122.514718		GIOVANNI VILLA
YEAR BUILT	1970'S (EST'D)	LONG	DATE	12-20-2023
			STR. NO.	GJ-9

OBSERVATIONS

END Foot Foot Caps Wing	tings ting Piles us gs kwalls, Bulkheads	Fair N/A Fair N/A Poor N/A Fair Poor	1. String 2. Girder 3. Floor	or Beams	Poor Poor Poor	3	. Deck — Structural Condition . Wearing Surface . Deck Joints . Curbs, Felloe Guards	Poor N/A Fair Poor
END BENTS Foot Foot Caps Wing Back 2. Debris on Seat 3. Paint 4. Collision Dama 5. Scour 6. Settlement 1-Abut, spill-throug 1-Footings, minor to 1-Caps, sills, timbe 2. Signigicant debri	tings ting Piles us gs kwalls, Bulkheads	Fair N/A Poor N/A Fair				3 4	. Deck Joints	Fair
BENTS Foot Foot Caps Wing Back 2. Debris on Seat 3. Paint 4. Collision Dama 5. Scour 6. Settlement 1-Abut, spill-throug 1-Footings, minor und 1-Caps, sills, timbe 2. Signigicant debri	ting Piles us gs kwalls, Bulkheads	N/A Poor N/A Fair	3. Floor	Beams	Poor	4		
Foot Caps Wing Back 2. Debris on Seat 3. Paint 4. Collision Dama 5. Scour 6. Settlement 1-Abut, spill-throug 1-Footings, minor u 1-Caps, sills, timbe 2. Signigicant debri	gs kwalls, Bulkheads	Poor N/A Fair				_	. Curbs, Felloe Guards	Poor
Wing Back 2. Debris on Seat 3. Paint 4. Collision Dama 5. Scour 6. Settlement 1-Abut, spill-throug 1-Footings, minor u 1-Caps, sills, timbe 2. Signigicant debri	gs kwalls, Bulkheads its	N/A Fair				5		
Back 2. Debris on Seat 3. Paint 4. Collision Dama 5. Scour 6. Settlement 1-Abut, spill-throug 1-Footings, minor of 1-Caps, sills, timber 2. Signigicant debri	kwalls, Bulkheads tts	Fair				9	. Sidewalks	N/A
.2. Debris on Seat 3. Paint 4. Collision Dama 5. Scour 6. Settlement 1-Abut, spill-throug 1-Footings, minor u 1-Caps, sills, timbe 2. Signigicant debri	its					6	. Railing, Posts	Fair
3. Paint 4. Collision Dama 5. Scour 6. Settlement 1-Abut, spill-throug 1-Footings, minor u 1-Caps, sills, timbe 2. Signigicant debri		Poor				1.	6x6 timber planks split, checked, worn on top	Poor
4. Collision Dama 5. Scour 6. Settlement 1-Abut, spill-throug 1-Footings, minor u 1-Caps, sills, timbe 2. Signigicant debri	age		5. Diaph	ragms	Poor	2.	Bare deck with loose gravel	Poor
5. Scour 6. Settlement 1-Abut, spill-throug 1-Footings, minor of 1-Caps, sills, timber 2. Signigicant debri	age	N/A	6. Bearing Devices		Poor	3.	Narrow open gap	Fair
6. Settlement 1-Abut, spill-throug 1-Footings, minor of 1-Caps, sills, timber 2.Signigicant debri		N/A	7. Alignment of Members		Fair	4.	6x6 timber checked and split	Poor
1-Abut, spill-throug 1-Footings, minor to 1-Caps, sills, timbe 2.Signigicant debri	5. Scour		8. Rivets or Bolts		Poor	5.	N/A	
1-Footings, minor u 1-Caps, sills, timbe 2.Signigicant debri		Fair	9. Welds	3	Fair	6.	Pipe rail. Poor paint, some Corrosion	Poor
1-Caps, sills, timber 2.Signigicant debri	•	Fair	10. Flange		Poor			
2.Signigicant debri		Poor	11. Stiffen	ers	Poor			
	er, 50-70% rot	Poor	1,2,3 – He	avy corrosion,	Poor	ᆜ Ĺ		
4-minor scrapes ar	ris	Poor	pitting and	section loss				
	nd gouges	Fair					APPROACH CONDITION	
						1	. Pavement & Embankment	Fair
						2	. Shoulder Embankment	Fair
5-stream is stable hea isolated heavy rocks						3	. Railing	Poor
CHANNEL & CH	HAN. PROTECT.							
1. Channel Scou	ır	Fair						
2. Embankment l	Erosion	Fair						
3. Vegetation		Fair						
4. Channel Chan	nge	N/A				A	PPR. ALINE.	
5. Riprap		N/A				s	IGNING	
						1	. Posted	N/A
						2	. Legibility	N/A
						3	. Visibility	N/A
	_							
Overall Cond	= . 5	0.90	Ove	erall condition – Poo	or, Phi(c)=0.85		Overall condition – Poor, Phi(c)	=0.85

REMARKS (Key-in to item above)

NAME	Gordy Jolma Bridge N	Vo 9		INSPECTORS B. Johnson & G. Villa
TYPE	RR Flatcar	NUMBER	GJ-9	DATE 12/20/2023
DISTRICT	<u></u>			YEAR BUILT 1970's (Estimated)
58 (DECI	Κ)			
Deck is c	omprised of 6x6 tim	iber deck planks. Steel	pipe ped	estrian rail is bent and has isolated loose connections.
59 (SUPI	ERSTRUCTURE)			
beams co rolled C- present o	onnected with overh channels with varia n the steel. Areas o	ang brackets or diaph ble depth at the beam	nragms. To ends. Se ends) and b	primary U-shaped girder and two C-channel side he structure has a 53' overall length. Edge beams are evere corrosion, some pitting, and loss of section are holes (burned through, not rusted) through members
60 (SUB	STRUCTURE)			
seat of the	e concrete abutment ocking is split and do	and the side channel b	eams are	ssed footings. The main girder bears directly on the supported on timber blocking on the bridge seat. The e entire length, providing little or no support to the
65 (APP)	ROACH)			
Approach	alignment has sharp	curves on both appro	aches. Th	ne approach fill has settled and washed out a hole at
the north	end resulting in a tri	pping hazard.		
OTHER				
OTHER				

The abutments are at the edge of the stream and obstruct the stream during high flows with heavy loose riprap that also obstruct the flow. The leading edge of the north footing has minor undermining due to scour.

NAME	Gordy Jolma Bridge No	9	INSPECTORS B. Johnson & G. Villa
TYPE	Steel Girder	NUMBER GJ-9	DATE 11/20/2023
DISTRICT			YEAR BUILT 1970's (Estimated)
58 (DECI	Κ)		
Replace	the damaged timber d	leck.	
Consider	replacing the steel rail a	and felloe guards, or repair railin	g connections.
		C , 1	
59 (SUPI	ERSTRUCTURE)		
		rosion until the superstructure car	n be replaced.
			to preserve it and retard corrosion.
F	,	r r r	
60 (SI ID)	STRUCTURE)		
		la compant to marrido a lancon v	votomy or on in a
		lacement to provide a larger w	vaterway opening.
	the timber bearing un		
	oris and vegetation from		month the hault for botton stream flow
Kepair in	e undermining of the	footing and place rip rap to s	smooth the bank for better stream flow.
65 (APP)			
Regrade th	ne approaches to elimin	ate the holes and bump at the abo	utments.
OTHER			
Trim bac	k vegetation.		



Photo 1 – Gordy Jolma No 9 Approach and Deck view.



Photo 2 – Gordy Jolma No 9 Elevation view



Photo 3 – Gordy Jolma No 9 Abutment and Railcar underside



Photo 4 – Gordy Jolma No 9 Abutment Scour

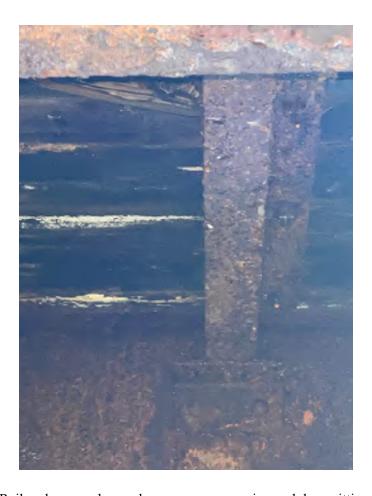


Photo 5 - Gordy Jolma No 9 Railcar beam and cross beam severe corrosion and deep pitting



Photo 6 - Gordy Jolma No 9 Railcar main beam severe corrosion and deep pitting



Photo 7 – Gordy Jolma No 9 Approach settlement and hole at north end, tripping hazard



Clark County

Department of Public Works

Bridge No. Gordy Jolma 10

BRIDGE INSPECTION SUMMARY

Bridge No. GJ-10

Bridge Name: Gordy Jolma No. 10 over dam Location: Gordy Jolma County Park

Drainage: Salmon Creek
Bridge Type: Railroad Car
Span Length: 26 feet



Description:

The bridge is comprised of an old steel railcar 31' in length (span length – 26') with 5-constant depth 8.5"x5"x1/4" I girders with draped steel rods providing third point support to 6"x6" timber cross beams and two constant depth rolled C-channel edge girders 8"x1"x1/4". The deck is transverse 2"x6" timber wearing surface supported by transverse 4"x12" treated timber planks supported directly on the top flange of the girders. Some of the deck wearing surface is decayed and has a plywood patch on the north approach. The deck has a 6x6 felloe guard and 2x6 edge curb. A steel pipe railing system is attached to the top of a 6"x6" felloe guard but is loose in some areas. The approach alignment has a sharp turn to the west on the north approach and a sharp turn to the east on the south approach. The bridge spans a check dam constructed of reinforced concrete wall tied into the abutments, with logs and heavy riprap in the spillway that results in a drop in stream bed elevation of approximately 4'. The check dam forms an impoundment of local runoff with a 4' drop in water elevation across the check dam. A 4" ductile iron pipe and 2" conduit along the east side.

Condition:

- Heavy corrosion, some pitting, delamination of the steel plates and crevice corrosion is widespread throughout the RR flatcar.
- The steel rods are loose, bent and not providing support to the timber cross beams.
- The timber cross beams are split and decayed with rot throughout, so they provide negligible support to the main I girders.
- Timber decking is checked, split, with rot in ends and areas under the plywood patch.
- Steel pipe railing has loose, failed connections and is bent over 30 degrees at the SW corner.
- Railing has openings exceeding the 6" limit.
- Approach alignment has a sharp turn on both approaches.
- The abutments are at the edge of the stream on both ends. They obstruct the stream during high flows.

Recommendations:

- Option 1: Replace the steel railcar due to section loss and broken steel rod supports.
- Option 2, if retained:
 - Clean, sandblast and paint the steel after replacing steel rods and timber cross beams.
 - Replace the railing or retrofit to achieve minimum 6" openings.
 - Clean debris from the abutment seats and girder bearing area.
- Repair the spill way and conduct a hydraulic analysis to determine the need for the check dam.

Date Inspected: 12/20/2023 Inspecting Firm: Otak

Inspectors: B. Johnson & G. Villa



RR FLATCAR	45.758775		
SALMON CREEK	LAT	INSPECTOR	BRUCE JOHNSON,
	-122.513876		GIOVANNI VILLA
1970'S (EST'D)	LONG	DATE	12-20-2023
		STR. NO.	GJ-10
	SALMON CREEK	<u>SALMON CREEK</u> LAT -122.513876	SALMON CREEK LAT INSPECTOR -122.513876 LONG DATE

OBSERVATIONS

SU	BSTRUCTURE		SUPERSTRUCT	TURE TYPE / SIZE	DECK	Condition Rating
1.	Abutments	Fair	1. Stringers	N/A	1. Deck — Structural Condition	Poor
	Piles	N/A	2. Girder or Beams	s Poor	Wearing Surface	Fair
END BENTS	Footings	Fair	3. Floor Beams	Poor	3. Deck Joints	Fair
DENTO	Footing Piles	N/A			4. Curbs, Felloe Guards	Poor
	Caps	Poor			5. Sidewalks	N/A
	Wings	N/A			6. Railing, Posts	Fair
	Backwalls, Bulkheads	Fair			6x6 timber planks split, checked, worn on top	Poor
.2. Debris o	n Seats	Poor	5. Diaphragms	Poor	2. 2x6 deck surface	Poor
3. Paint		N/A	6. Bearing Devices	Poor	Narrow open gap	Fair
4. Collision	n Damage	N/A	7. Alignment of Mer	mbers Poor	4. 6x6 timber checked and split	Poor
5. Scour		Poor	8. Rivets or Bolts	Poor	5. N/A	
6. Settleme		Fair	9. Welds	Poor	6. Pipe rail. Poor paint, some Corrosion	Fair
	of check dam	Fair	10. Flange	Poor		
	s, timber, 50-70% rot	Poor	11. Stiffeners	Poor		
2.Signigicar	nt debris	Poor	1,2,3 – Heavy corros			
			pitting and section los	SS		
					APPROACH CONDITION	
					Pavement & Embankment	Fair
					Shoulder Embankment	Fair
	able heavy rock bed and y rocks on banks				3. Railing	Poor
CHANNI	EL & CHAN. PROTECT.					
1. Channe	el Scour	Fair				
2. Emban	kment Erosion	Fair				
3. Vegeta	tion	Fair				
4. Channe	el Change	N/A			APPR. ALINE.	
5. Riprap		Fair			SIGNING	
					1. Posted	N/A
					2. Legibility	N/A
					3. Visibility	N/A
Overa	ıll Condition – Fair, Phi(c)=	0.90	Overall condit	ion – Poor, Phi(c)=0.85	Overall condition – Poor, Phi(c)=	0.85

REMARKS (Key-in to item above)

NAME	Gordy Jolma Bridge No 10)	INSPECTORS B. Johnson & G. Villa
TYPE	RR Flatcar	NUMBER GJ-10	DATE 12/20/2023
DISTRICT		<u> </u>	YEAR BUILT 1970's (Estimated)
58 (DECI	ζ)		
Deck is c	omprised of 6x6 timber	deck planks and 2x6 wearing st	urface with 6x6 felloe guards and 2x6 edge curb. Steel
pipe pede	estrian rail is bent and h	nas isolated loose connections	
	ERSTRUCTURE)		
			tant depth 8.5"x5"x1/4" I girders with draped steel rods
			constant depth rolled C-channel edge girders
			osion, some pitting, and loss of section are present
		<u> </u>	ie bars are failed with loose and broken
			rned through, not rusted) through members are
present, l	nowever none appeared	to be service related.	
60 (SUBS	STRUCTURE)		
The End	bents are tied into the ch	eck dam with 8" backwalls sur	oporting the rail car. The main girder bears directly
	ck wall of the concrete a	-	
65 (APPI			
	-		approach fill has settled and washed out a hole at
the north	end and south end result	ting in a tripping hazard.	

OTHER

The abutments are at the edge of the stream and obstruct the stream during high flows with heavy loose riprap that also obstruct the flow. The check dam impounds the load runoff to a depth of about 4' forming a small lake. There is significant woody debris and logs blocking the channel just downstream of the bridge. The 2" conduit on the east side is broken with loose electrical wires exposed. The connections of the 4" ductile iron pipe and 2" conduit are loose or broken.

NAME	Gordy Jolma Bridge N	lo 10	INSPECTORS B. Johnson & G. Villa	
TYPE	Steel Girder	NUMBER GJ-10	DATE 11/20/2023	
DISTRICT			YEAR BUILT 1970's (Estimated)	
58 (DECI	()			
	the damaged timber	deck.		
		l and felloe guards, or repair railing con	nnections.	
	represents and seeds run.	t and remot guarant, or repair running ter		
59 (SUPI	ERSTRUCTURE)			
		to severe corrosion, section loss and fa	iled members	
		prrosion until the superstructure can be		
			eserve it and retard corrosion, replace the timber crossbo	eams
and tie ro		, eremi and panne are seen run ear se pro		
60 (SUR	STRUCTURE)			
	oris and vegetation f	from seats		
Cicai uci	ons and vegetation i	Tom seats.		
	ROACH)			
Regrade th	ne approaches to elimi	inate the holes and bump at the abutme	nts.	
OTHER				

Trim back vegetation. Clean out the woody debris and logs blocking the channel downstream of the bridge. Repair the 2" conduit and loose electrical wires that are exposed in the broken conduit.



Photo 1 – Gordy Jolma No 10 Approach and Deck view.



Photo 2 - Gordy Jolma No 9 Elevation view and check dam



Photo 3 - Gordy Jolma No 10 Severe railcar corrosion and section loss and loose tie rods



Photo 4 – Gordy Jolma No 10 Rotten timber floorbeams and loose tie rods



Photo 5 – Gordy Jolma No 10 Approach sloughing and hole at northwest corner



Photo 6 – Gordy Jolma No 10 Approach sloughing and hole at southwest corner



Photo 7 - Gordy Jolma No 10 Railcar steel section loss and timber deck rot and decay



Clark County

Department of Public Works

Bridge No. Gordy Jolma 11

BRIDGE INSPECTION SUMMARY

Bridge No. GJ-11

Bridge Name: Gordy Jolma No 11 over Spill Slope

Location: Gordy Jolma County Park
Drainage: South Bank of Salmon Creek

Bridge Type: Railroad Car Span Length: 28.0 feet



Description:

The bridge is an "half-bridge" located directly under the Chelatchie Prairie Railroad Bridge owned by Clark County. The south half of the bridge is buried within the south berm slope of the railroad bridge. The half-bridge is comprised of an old steel railcar 30' in length (span length – 28') with 5 (estimated)-constant depth 8"x4"x1/4" C-channels with 4"x8" timber backer beams supported by steel rods providing third point support to 6"x6" timber cross beams and a C-channel edge beam 8"x4"x1/4". The deck is transverse 3"x12" deck planks, except at the west end there is 6' of 2x6 decking. Some of the deck planks are decayed and have a plywood patch over 50% of the bridge. A steel pipe railing system is attached to the side of the edge C-channel on the south side of the bridge that extends onto both approaches. The north edge of the half-bridge has a wall of 5 10"x10" treated timber beams that act as a retaining wall for the railroad bridge south berm slope and that wall is slightly tilted away from the berm slope toward the trail. The approach alignment is relatively straight and "Y's" into the main trial to the 181St entrance and to the west connecting to Bridge GJ1 to the north.

Condition:

- Steel coating has failed and peeled off.
- Heavy corrosion, some pitting, delamination of the steel plates and crevice corrosion is widespread throughout the RR flatcar.
- The steel rods are loose, bent and not providing support to the timber cross beams.
- The timber cross beams are split and decayed with rot throughout, so they provide negligible support to the main I girders.
- Timber decking is in poor condition with decay throughout.
- Railing has openings exceeding the 6" limit.
- Approach alignment is satisfactory on both approaches. Steel rail on the west approach is bent & tilted.
- The abutments are assumed to be treated timber on grade but are buried and not accessible for inspection but are assumed to be in poor condition.

Recommendations:

- Option 1: Replace the timber deck and retrofit or replace the railing to achieve minimum 6" openings for a 10 to 15-year service life.
- Option 2: Replace the half-bridge by constructing a retaining wall at the downslope edge and place fill for a 50-year service life.

Date Inspected: 12/20/2023 Inspecting Firm: Otak

Inspectors: B. Johnson & G. Villa



BRIDGE TYPE	RR FLATCAR	45.757900		
CROSSING	SALMON CREEK	LAT	INSPECTOR	BRUCE JOHNSON,
		-122.519046		GIOVANNI VILLA
YEAR BUILT	MID-1970'S (ESTIMATED)	LONG	DATE	12-20-2023
			STR. NO.	GJ-11

OBSERVATIONS

SU	BSTRUCTURE		SUPERSTRUCTURE	TYPE / SIZE	DECK	Condition Rating
1.	Abutments	N/A	1. Stringers	Poor	1. Deck — Structural Condition	Poor
	Piles	N/A	2. Girder or Beams	Poor	Wearing Surface	Poor
END BENTS	Footings	N/A	3. Floor Beams	Poor	3. Deck Joints	N/A
DENTO	Footing Piles	N/A			4. Curbs, Felloe Guards	N/A
	Caps	N/A			5. Sidewalks	N/A
	Wings	N/A			6. Railing, Posts	Poor
	Backwalls, Bulkheads	N/A			Timber planks, patched with	
.2. Debris o	n Seats	N/A	5. Diaphragms	Poor	plywood and 2x6	
3. Paint		N/A	6. Bearing Devices	N/A	2. Bare deck	
4. Collision	n Damage	N/A	7. Alignment of Members	Poor	3. Narrow open gap	
5. Scour		N/A	8. Rivets or Bolts	Poor	6. Pipe rail. Poor paint, some Corrosion	
6. Settleme	ent	N/A	9. Welds	Poor	Tilted 30 degrees on west side	
	or grade beam support		10. Flange	Poor		
Is buried in t	the approach fill, unable		11. Stiffeners	Poor		
To view or in	Ispect		Heavy corrosion, section loss	Poor		
					APPROACH CONDITION	
					1. Pavement & Embankment	Fair
F -4 !4	abla bassus as als bast and				2. Shoulder Embankment	Fair
	able heavy rock bed and y rocks on banks				3. Railing	Poor
CHANNE	EL & CHAN. PROTECT.					
1. Channe	el Scour	N/A				
2. Embanl	kment Erosion	Fair				
3. Vegetat	tion	Fair				
4. Channe	el Change	N/A			APPR. ALINE.	
5. Riprap		N/A			SIGNING	
					1. Posted	N/A
					2. Legibility	N/A
					3. Visibility	N/A
			Overall Condition – Poo	D	Overall Condition – Poor, Phi(c)	2.25

REMARKS (Key-in to item above)

NAME	Gordy Jolma Bridge No 11		INSPECTORS B. Johnson & G. Villa
TYPE	Flatcar	NUMBER GJ-11	DATE 12/20/2023
DISTRICT			YEAR BUILT 1970's (ESTIMATED)
58 (DECI	ζ)		
		planks, except at the	west end there is 6' of 2x6 decking. Some of the deck
planks ar	e decayed and have a plyw	ood patch over 50%	of the bridge.
			edge C-channel on the south side of the bridge that
_	onto both approaches.		
59 (SUPE	ERSTRUCTURE)		
depth 8"? support to limited su and holes related. T inspected	(4"x1/4" C-channels with 4 to 6"x6" timber cross beams apport. Severe corrosion at (burned through, not ruste the superstructure is buried by but it is likely highly corrections.	Y'x8" timber backer less and a C-channel edged some pitting are ped) through members on the south side in	a length (span length – 28') with 5 (estimated)-constant beams supported by steel rods providing third point ge beam 8"x4"x1/4". Tie rods are loose, providing resent on the steel. Areas of local distortions (bends) are present, however none appeared to be service the railroad bridge spill slope and unable to be
60 (SUBS	STRUCTURE)		
The End l	ents are buried in the appro	ach fill and unable to	be inspected.
65 (APPI			
main trail	entrance at 181st Street. The	e west approach also c	st approach that continues to an intersection with the continues straight on to the south side of Bridge No GJ-1.
The east a	approach continues straight t	o an intersection with	the approach to Bridge No GJ-8.

OTHER

The south side of the half-bridge is a retaining wall of 10" x 10" treated timber beams placed 4 high with a 6" x 10" cap. While the 46" high wall appeared stable, it is leaning into the trail slightly. The timber wall continues onto the east approach, retaining the RR Bridge spill slope.

NAME	Gordy Jolma Bridge No	o 11	INSPECTORS	S B. Johnson & G. Villa
TYPE	Flatcar	NUMBER C	GJ-11 DAT	TE 12/20/2023
DISTRICT			YEAR BUILT 19	070's Estimated
58 (DECI	K)			_
		nd splits. Replace the ra	ail that is bent and loose on the west	approach.
repress		na spinor respinos me re		
59 (SUPI	ERSTRUCTURE)			
		oncrete slab or a down slo	pe retaining wall and fill. Monitor cond	lition of rail car until it can be
replaced.	ne nam onage with a c	onerete side of a down sie	pe returning wan and mi. Women con	sition of full our until it our be
F				
60 (SUB)	STRUCTURE)			
	the bridge.			
Кергасе	me bridge.			
	ROACH)			
Re-grade	the approach due to ur	neven surface on the east ag	pproach causing a tripping hazard. Repl	ace the rail.
OTHER				
Monitor of	condition and alignme	ent of the upslope timber	retaining wall and trim back vegetation	on.



Photo 1 – Gordy Jolma No 11 Approach and Deck view.



Photo 2 – Gordy Jolma No 11 Deck damage, patching and uneven surface.



Photo 3 – Gordy Jolma No 11 Elevation View and RR Bridge timber pile bent along north side.



Photo 4 – Gordy Jolma No 11 Side Beam corrosion and loose tie rod.



Photo 5 – Gordy Jolma No 11 Interior beam severe corrosion, pitting and loss of section.



Photo 6 – Gordy Jolma No 11 Interior beam severe corrosion, pitting and loss of section.

CEDARS LANDING SUBDIVISION

NW 1/4 SECTION 11 & 12, T3N, R2E, W.M.

PROJECT PARCEL NUMBERS: 194343-000, 194572-000, 194599-000, 194600-000, 986041-462

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY
THE FOLLOWING UTILITY COMPANIES
OR DEPARTMENTS A MINIMUM OF
48 HOURS BEFORE CONSTRUCTION

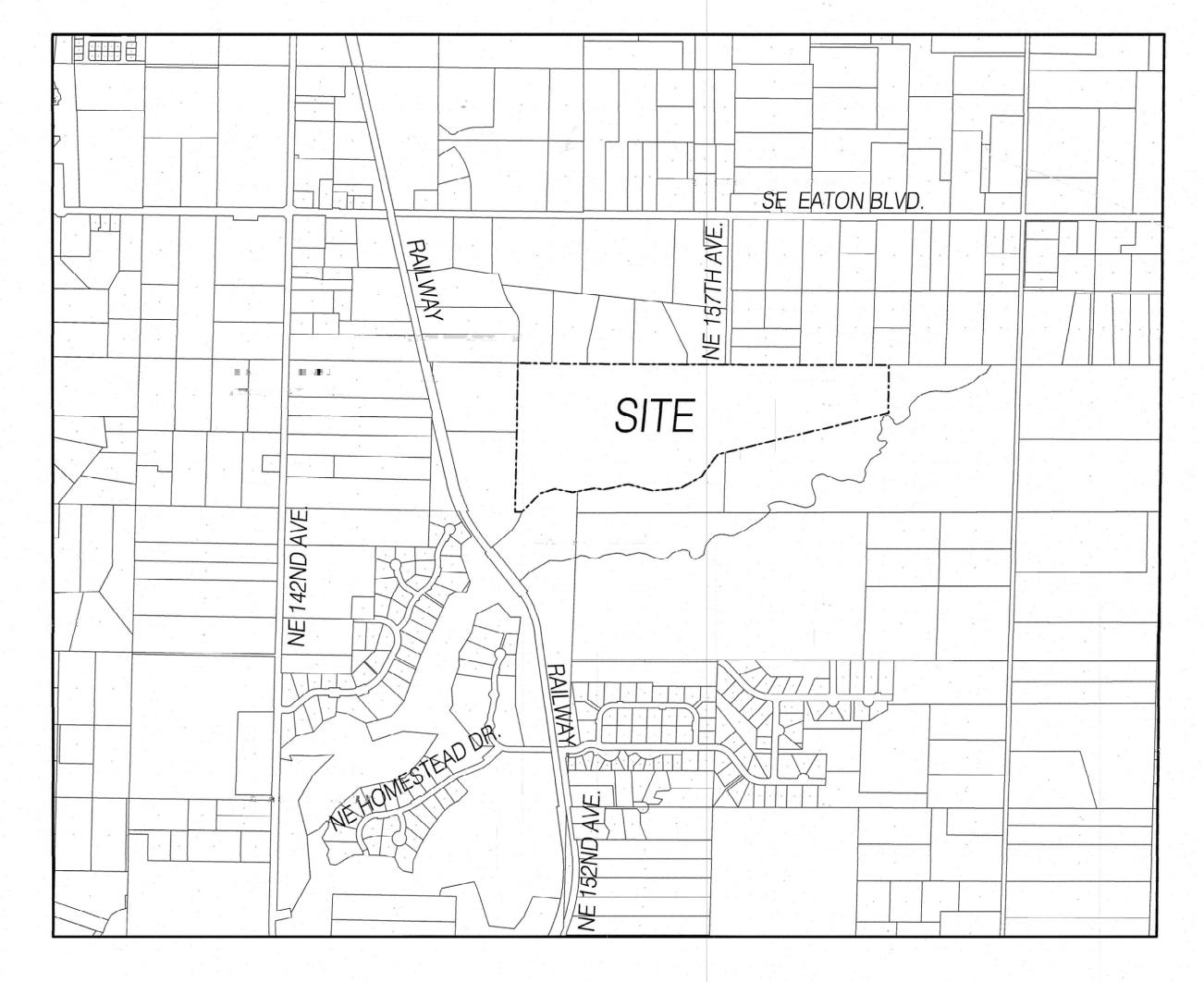
CITY OF BATTLE GROUND
BATTLE GROUND PUBLIC WORKS
BATTLE GROUND POLICE DEPARTMENT
CENTURYLINK (KEITH MEISNER)
COMCAST (MICHELLE JANSON-MOE)
FIRE DISTRICT #3
CLARK PUBLIC UTILITIES (ELECTRIC)
CLARK PUBLIC UTILITIES (WATER)
CLARK REGIONAL WASTEWATER DISTRICT
NW NATURAL GAS

UTILITY LOCATE

(360) 342-5350 (360) 342-5100 (360) 699-3720 (360) 316-1051 (360) 892-2331 (360) 992-8558 (360) 992-8022 (360) 993-8810 (360) 571-5465 (800) 424-5555

(360) 342-5000

LEGEN	ND
	PERIMETER OF SITE
	RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE
	CENTERLINE OF ROAD
	_ FACE OF CURB
	LOT LINE
	EASEMENT LINE
STM	STORM SEWER LINE
STM	EXIST STORM SEWER
SAN	_ SANITARY SEWER LINE
SAN	EXIST SANITARY SEWER
w	WATER SERVICE LINE
	EXIST WATER LINE
123	_ GRADED CONTOUR LINE
— — — - 123— — — -	- EXIST CONTOUR LINE
MANHOLE [WATER SERVICE METER
WATER VALVE AND BOX	TELEPHONE RISER
FIRE HYDRANT ASSEMBLY	GAS RISER
SANITARY CLEAN OUT	ELECTRIC RISER
CATCH BASIN	UTILITY POLE
★ THRUST BLOCK ★ TH	UTILITY POLE W/ LIGHT
-	SIGN POST



VICINITY MAP

NOT TO SCALE

CLARK PUBLIC UTILITIES - WATER UTILITY WORK ORDER NO. 542851 SIGNED BY DATE CLARK PUBLIC UTILITIES - WATER SERVICES DEVELOPER INSTALLED WATER MATERIAL LIST INSTALLED WATER ITEM MATERIAL QUANTITY UNITS 8" PVC WATER MAIN 7897 LF FIRE HYDRANT 10 EA

NOTES:

6" DIP WATER MAIN

1" WATER SERVICE LINE

2" WATER SERVICE LINE

- PIPE MATERIAL ABBREVIATIONS:
 PVC POLYVINYL CHLORIDE PIPE
- DIP DUCTILE IRON PIPE
- HDPE HIGH DENSITY POLYETHYLENE PIPE

LF

EΑ

EA

VERTICAL DATUM

ELEVATIONS SHOWN HEREON ARE NGVD1929 (47)

A.K.A. CLARK COUNTY DATUM BASED ON TIES TO

CLARK COUNTY BENCHMARK NO. 320 (PRAIRIE-68)

ELEVATION =391.14'. THE BENCHMARK IS LOCATED ON THE EAST SIDE OF THE RAILROAD CROSSING AT

THE NW QUADRANT OF NE 181ST ST. AND NE 152ND AVE.

163

2. QUANTITIES LISTED WITHIN THIS TABLE ARE NOT FOR BIDDING PURPOSES, BUT FOR USE BY CLARK PUBLIC UTILITIES TO DETERMINE THE INSTALLED WATER SYSTEM VALUE.

		4		
2	NOTE:	111		
	THIS APPROVAL IS BASED ON THE CIT THE DEVELOPER/CONTRACTOR IS RES NECESSARY STATE AND FEDERAL PER	SPONSIBLE FOR AC	QUIRING AND COMPLYING	WITH ANY
	2) THE STORMWATER FACILITY WILL BE F	PRIVATELY OWNED	AND MAINTAINED .	
			(0.1%)	
	APPROVED FOR CONSTRI	JCTION	The CITY	
	111 001	. ,		
	Manh Hercey	6/4/19	12	
		, ,	- 1 COON	
	City Engineer Approval	Date:	CE GRE	
	Public Works Director	Date:		

SHEET INDEX:

C1.0) C1.1) C1.2)	COVER SHEET INDEX SHEET UTILITY PHASING PLAN
C2.0) C2.1)	EXISTING CONDITIONS SURVEY (1 OF 2) EXISTING CONDITIONS SURVEY (2 OF 2)
C3.0) C3.1)	GRADING & EROSION CONTROL PLAN (EAST) GRADING & EROSION CONTROL PLAN (WEST)
C4.0) C4.1) C4.2) C4.3)	STREET PLAN (WEST) STREET PLAN (EAST) STREET SECTION KEY PLAN STREET SECTIONS AND DETAILS
C5.0) C5.1) C5.2) C5.3) C5.4) C5.5) C5.6)	STORM SEWER PLAN (WEST) STORM SEWER PLAN (EAST) STORM FACILITY PLAN AND DETAILS STORM SEWER DETAILS FOR TYPICAL LOT GRADING/DRAINAGE
C6.0) C6.1)	SANITARY SEWER PLAN (WEST) SANITARY SEWER PLAN (EAST)
C7.0) C7.1)	WATER PLAN (WEST) WATER PLAN (EAST)

C8.0) PROFILE FOR: S.E. 21ST PL., S.E. 21ST AVE., S.E. 28TH WAY

AND S.E. 29TH ST.

C8.1) PROFILE FOR: S.E.18TH AVE., S.E. 19TH AVE., S.E. 20 AVE.

S.E. 27TH ST. AND S.E. 29TH ST.
C8.2) PROFILE FOR: S.E. 27TH ST AND S.E. 28TH ST.

C8.3) PROFILE FOR: S.E. 19TH AVE., S.E. 23RD AVE. AND S.E. 25TH WAY

C9.0) CITY OF BATTLE GROUND STD. EROSION CONTROL DETAILS
C9.1) CITY OF BATTLE GROUND STD. EROSION CONTROL DETAILS

C9.2) CITY OF BATTLE GROUND STD. ETGET DETAILS

C9.3) CITY OF BATTLE GROUND STD. STREET DETAILS C9.4) CITY OF BATTLE GROUND STD. STREET DETAILS

C9.5) CITY OF BATTLE GROUND STD. STREET DETAILS C9.6) CITY OF BATTLE GROUND STD. STORM DETAILS

C9.7) CITY OF BATTLE GROUND STD. STORM DETAILS

C9.8) CITY OF BATTLE GROUND STD. SANITARY SEWER DETAILS
C9.9) CITY OF BATTLE GROUND STD. SANITARY SEWER DETAILS

C9.10) CITY OF BATTLE GROUND STANDARD DETAILS
C9.11) CLARK PUBLIC UTILITIES STD WATER DETAIL SHEET (1 OF 3)

C9.12) CLARK PUBLIC UTILITIES STD WATER DETAIL SHEET (2 OF 3)
C9.13) CLARK PUBLIC UTILITIES STD WATER DETAIL SHEET (3 OF 3)

SS1.0) SIGNING AND STRIPING PLAN (EAST) SS1.1) SIGNING AND STRIPING PLAN (WEST)

E1) STREET LIGHT PLAN (SHEET 1 OF 3)
E2) STREET LIGHT PLAN (SHEET 2 OF 3)
E3) STREET LIGHT DETAILS (SHEET 3 OF 3)

LS1.0) FINAL LANDSCAPE AND DRIVEWAY SHEET LAYOUT

LS1.1) FINAL LANDSCAPE AND DRIVEWAY PLAN
LS1.2) FINAL LANDSCAPE AND DRIVEWAY PLAN

LS1.3) FINAL LANDSCAPE AND DRIVEWAY PLAN

LS1.4) FINAL LANDSCAPE AND DRIVEWAY PLAN LS1.5) FINAL LANDSCAPE AND DRIVEWAY PLAN

LS1.6) FINAL PARK PLAN

LS1.7) FINAL LANDSCAPE AND IRRIGATION DETAILS

LS1.8) FINAL SPECIFICATIONS

CLIENT:

APPLICANT:

CONTACT:

RALSTON INVESTMENTS, LLC

EMAIL: tim@ralstoninvestments.com

1440 SW TAYLOR AVE PORTLAND, OR 97205 PH: (503) 819-0792

CONTACT: TIM RALSTON

OLSON ENGINEERING, INC 222 E. EVERGREEN BLVD.

VANCOUVER, WA 98660 PHONE: (360) 695-1385 FAX: (360) 695-8117

CONTACT: PETER TUCK

EMAIL: peter@olsonengr.com

RALSTON INVESTMENTS, LLC 1440 SW TAYLOR AVE PORTLAND, OR 97205

PH: (503) 819-0792 CONTACT: TIM RALSTON EMAIL: tim@ralstoninvestments.com

COVER SHEET FOR:

CEDARS LANDING SUBDIVISION

CEDARS LANDING SUBDIVISION

CEDARS LANDING SUBDIVISION

CAND SURVEYORS

COVER SHEET FOR:

CEDARS LANDING SUBDIVISION

CAND SURVEYORS

COVER SHEET FOR:

CEDARS LANDING SUBDIVISION

CEDARS

CEDA

RECORD DRAWING

DESCRIPTION:

CHANGES / REVISIONS

Sheets marked "RECORD DRAWING" in this set provide information used during construction, and do not necessarily represent what was constructed on site.

Sheets marked "ASBUILT" include information collected or revised following construction.

DESIGNED: CDC/GCO

DRAWN: TAS

CHECKED: PAT

DATE: APRIL 2019

SCALE: NTS

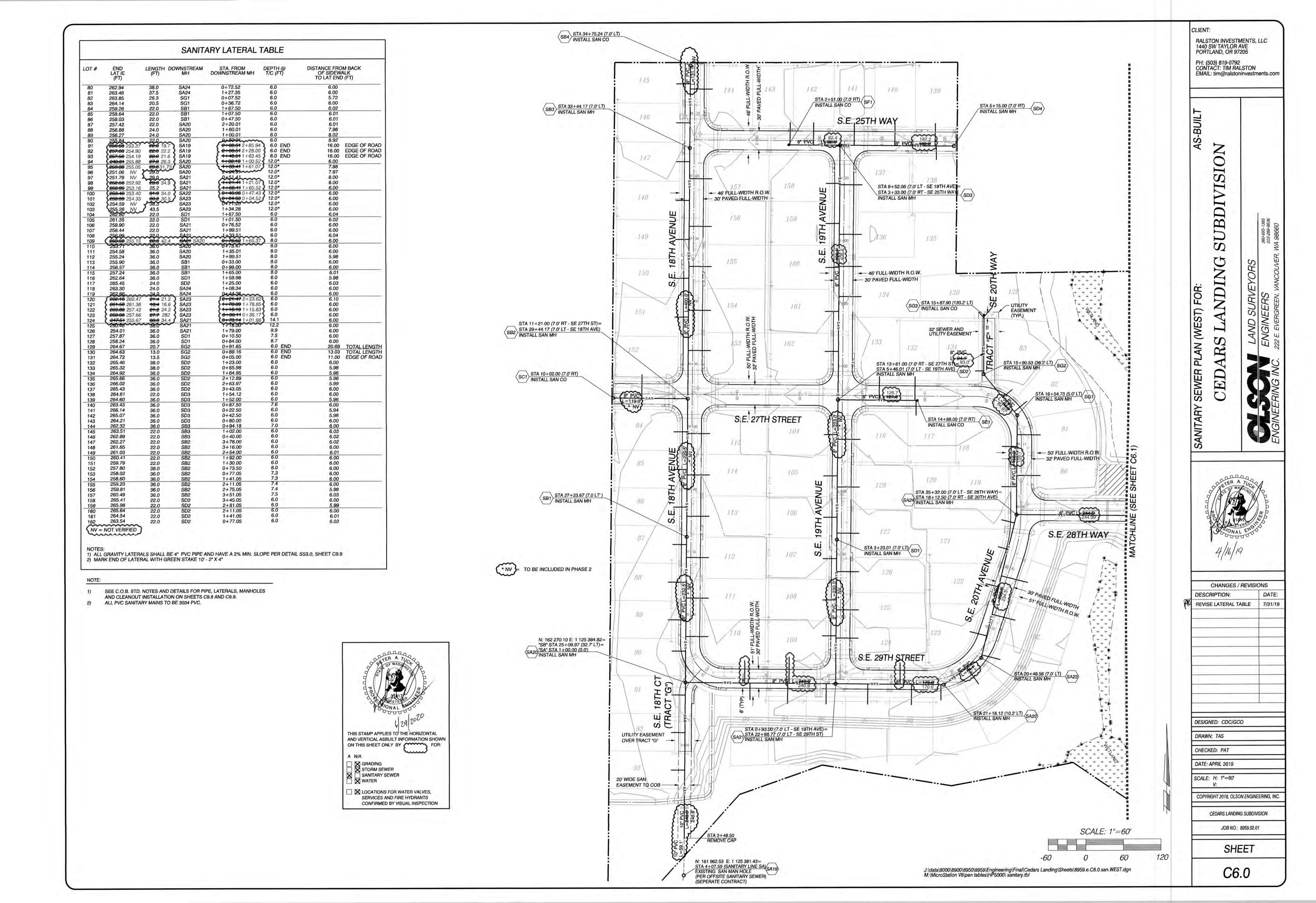
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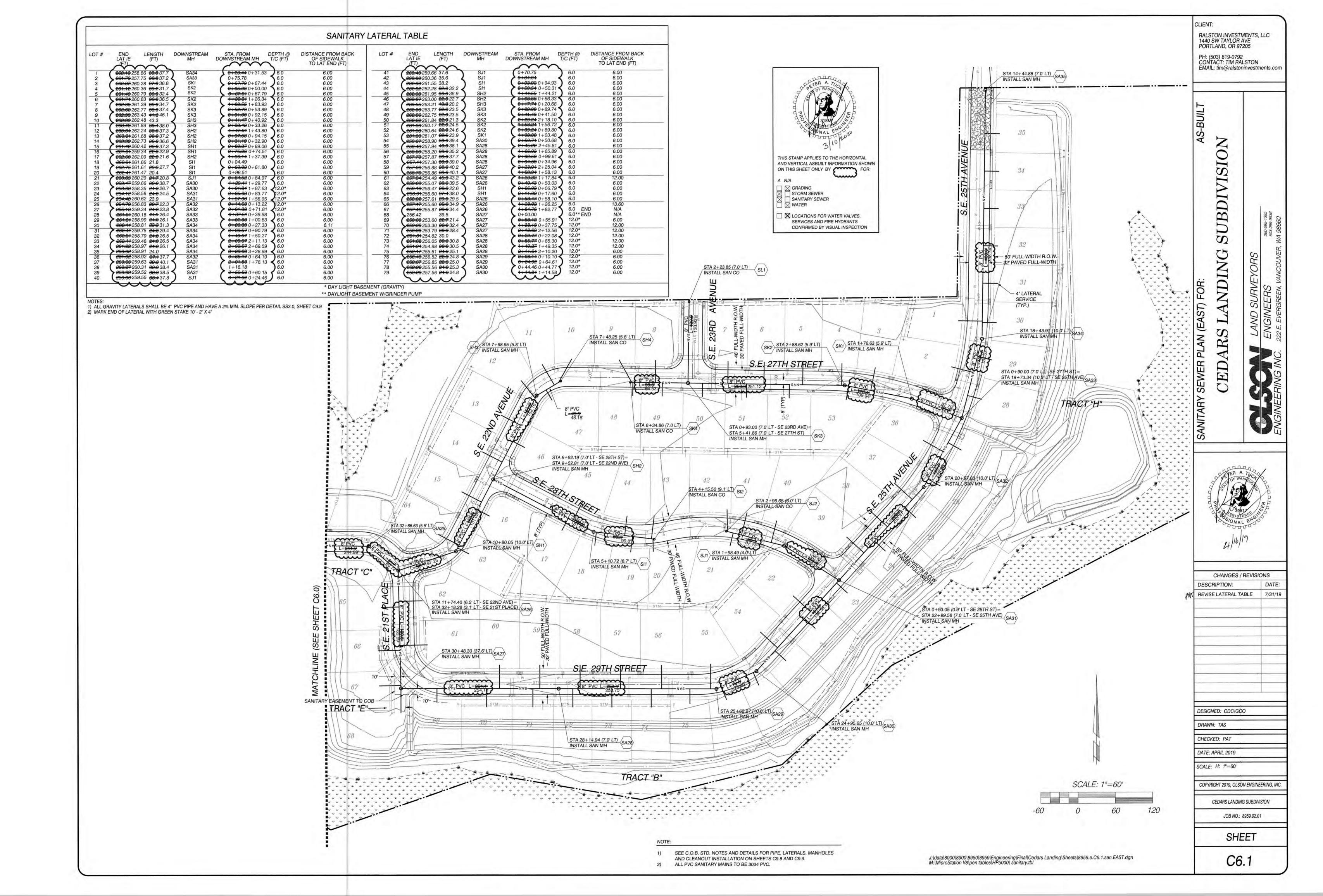
CEDARS LANDING SUBDIVISION

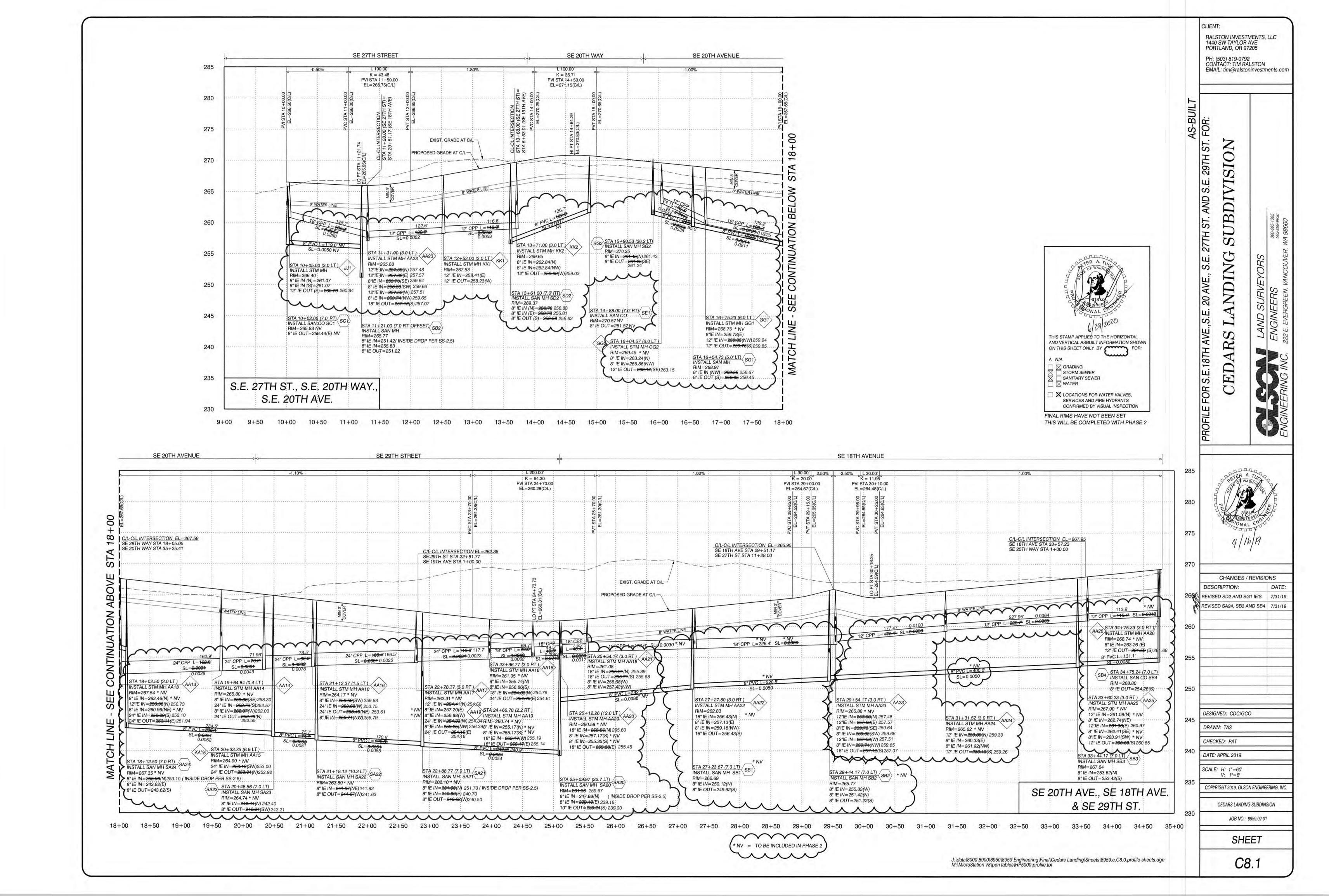
JOB NO.: 8959.02.01

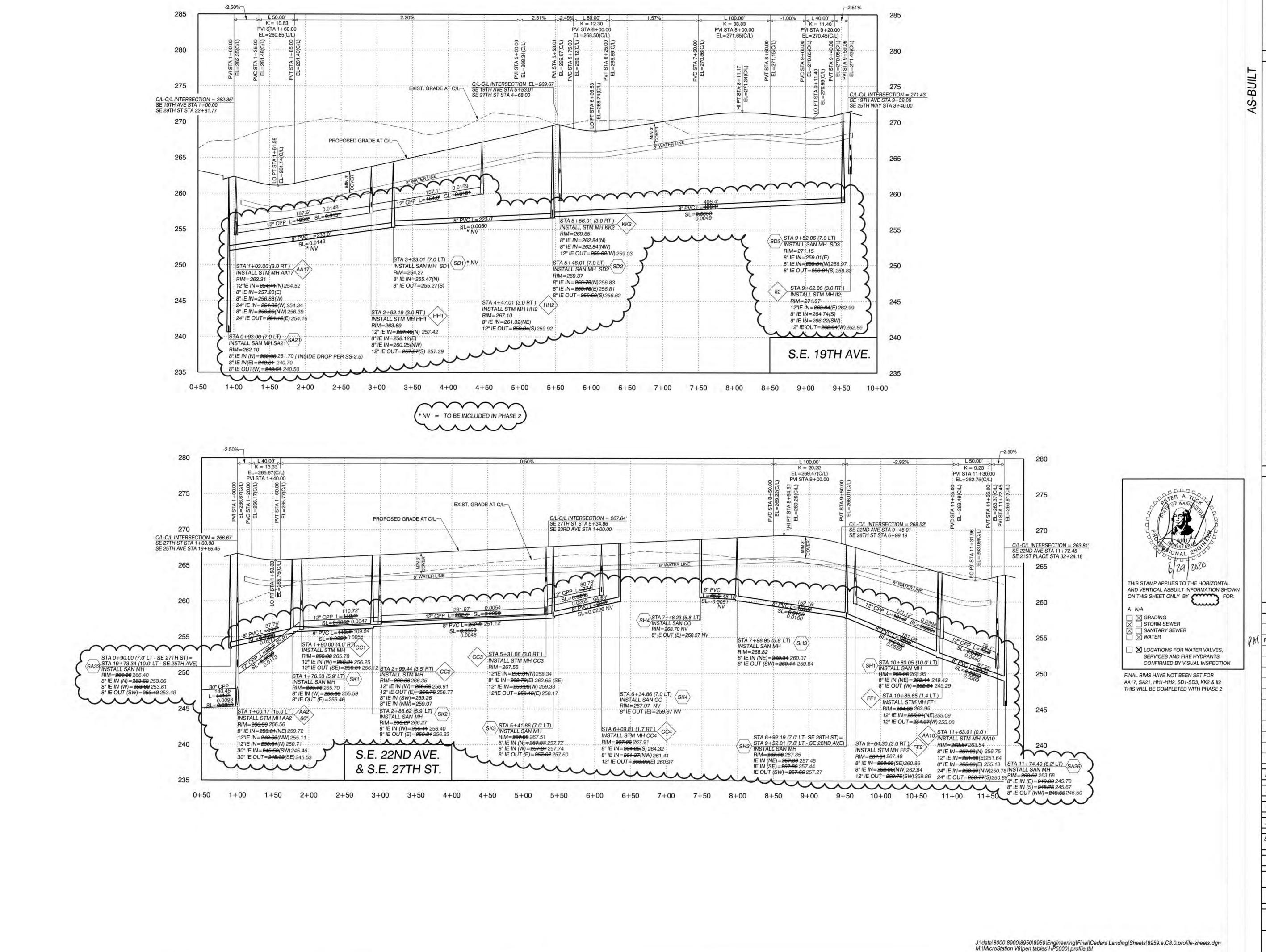
SHEET

C1.0









CLIENT: RALSTON INVESTMENTS, LLC 1440 SW TAYLOR AVE PORTLAND, OR 97205

PH: (503) 819-0792 CONTACT: TIM RALSTON EMAIL: tim@ralstoninvestments.com

IS UBDIVI AVE. 19TH S NG 27TH S ARS ED.

CHANGES / REVISIONS DESCRIPTION: DATE: REVISED SD2 AND AA2 IE'S 7/31/19

DESIGNED: CDC/GCO

DRAWN: TAS CHECKED: PAT

DATE: APRIL 2019

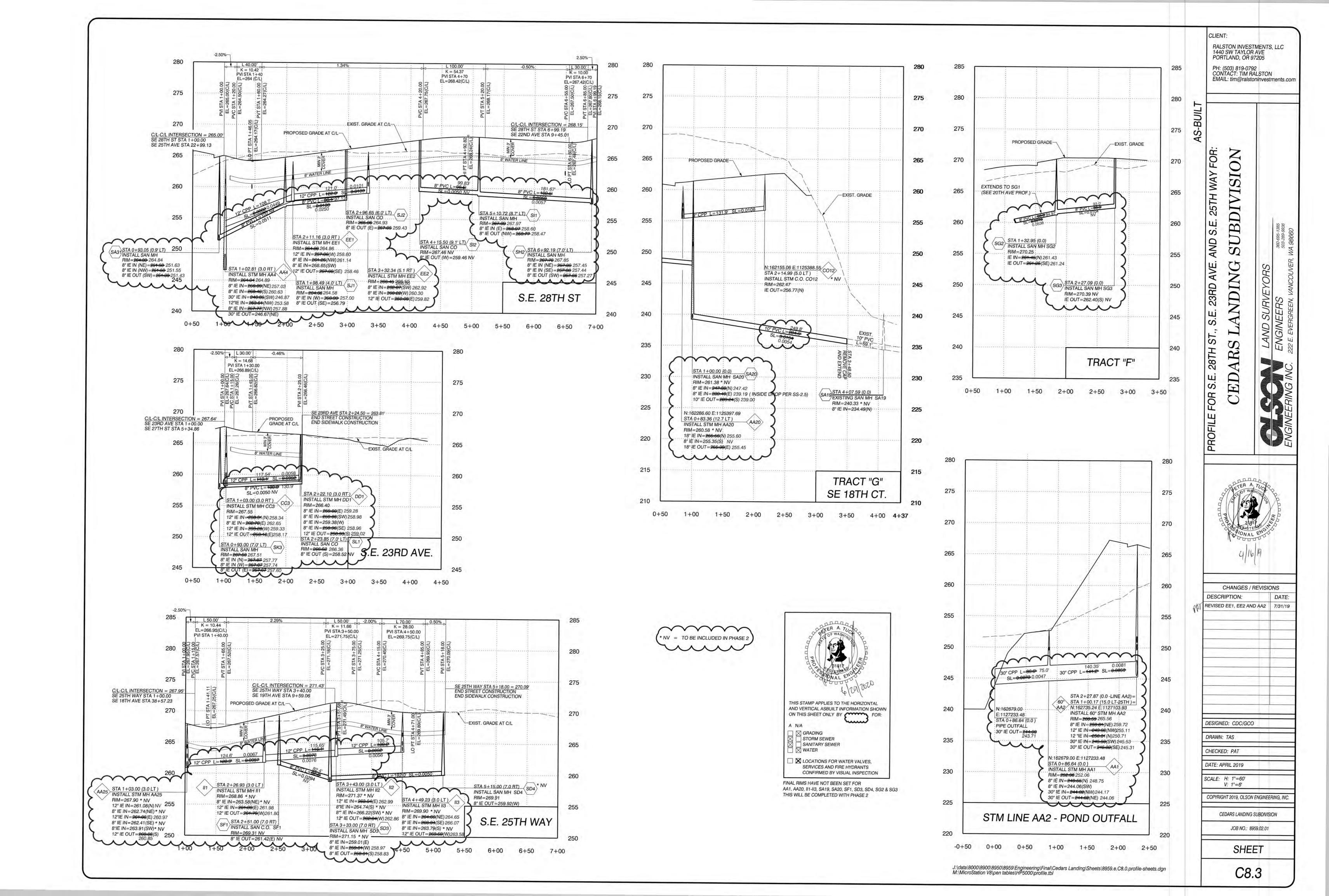
SCALE: H: 1"=60" V: 1"=6"

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JOB NO.: 8959.02.01

SHEET

C8.2



CEDARS WILLAGE

NW 1/4 SECTION 11 & 14, T3N, R2E, W.M. SHEET INDEX:

PROJECT PARCEL NUMBERS: 195019-000, 195101-000, 194329-000

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE FOLLOWING UTILITY COMPANIES OR DEPARTMENTS A MINIMUM OF 48 HOURS BEFORE CONSTRUCTION

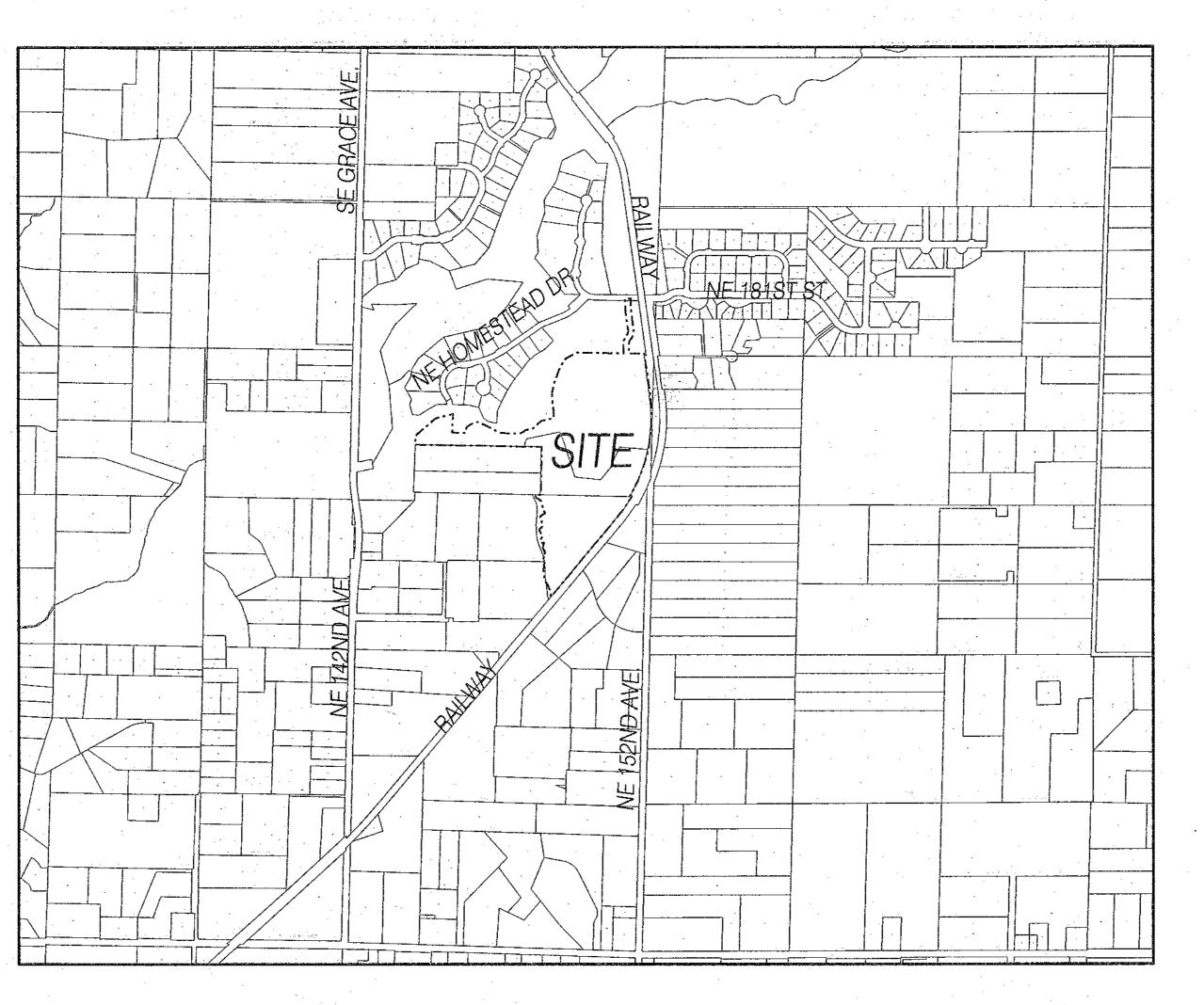
CITY OF BATTLE GROUND **BATTLE GROUND PUBLIC WORKS** BATTLE GROUND POLICE DEPT. CENTURTYLINK (KEITH MEISNER) COMCAST (MICHELLE JANSON-MOE) CLARK COUNTY FIRE & RESCUE CLARK PUBLIC UTILITIES (ELECTRIC) CLARK PUBLIC UTILITIES (WATER) CLARK REGIONAL WASTEWATER DISTRICT NW NATURAL GAS UTILITY LOCATE

(360)	342	-5000
(360)		-5350
(360)	342	-5100
(360)	699	-3720
(360)	316	-1051
(360)	892	-2331
(360)	992	-8558
(360)	992	-8022
(360)		-8810
(360)	571	-5465
(800)	424	-5555

LEGE	END
	PERIMETER OF SITE
	RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE
· · · · · ·	CENTERLINE OF ROAD
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	FACE OF CURB
***************************************	LOT LINE
	EASEMENT LINE
STM	STORM SEWER LINE
STM	EXIST STORM SEWER
SAN	SANITARY SEWER LINE
SAN	EXIST SANITARY SEWER
W	WATER SERVICE LINE
	EXIST WATER LINE
123	GRADED CONTOUR LINE
	EXIST CONTOUR LINE
MANHOLE	WATER SERVICE METER
WATER VALVE AND BOX	TELEPHONE RISER
FIRE HYDRANT ASSEMBLY	GAS RISER
O SANITARY CLEAN OUT	ELECTRIC RISER
CATCH BASIN	UTILITY POLE
	-O- UTILITY POLE W/ LIGHT
	SIGN POST

DATUM ELEVATIONS FOR THIS SURVEY ARE BASED ON CLARK DESCRIBED AS A BRASS CAP IN CONC. CASE LOCATED AT THE INTERSECTION OF 239TH ST. AT 102ND AVE

(DITY OF BATTLE GROUNI	D
PUL	BLIC IMPROVEMENT SUI	MMARY:
SEWER	PIPE LENGTH	63 78 FT
	MANHOLES	39
	CLEANOUT	3
STORM	PIPE LENGTH	
	12" CPP	3817 ,FT
	18" CPP	330 FT
	24" CPP	1003:FT
	MANHOLES	3 8
	CATCHBASINS	<i>3</i> `
	DITCH INLETS	. 2
	CURB INLETS	37
	8" CPP	918FT



VICINITY MAP

NOT TO SCALE

NOT	TE:	
1)	THIS APPROVAL IS BASED ON THE CITY OF BATTLE GROUND'S REQUIREMENTS ONLY. THE DEVELOPER/CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ACQUIRING AND COMPLYING WITH ANY NECESSARY STATE AND FEDERAL PERMITS PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY ON SITE CONSTRUCTION.	
2)	THE STORMWATER FACILITY WILL BE OWNED AND MAINTAINED BY: PRIVATE OWNED	
	APPROVED FOR CONSTRUCTION Man Henrey 11317 City Engineer Approval Date: 11/8/17 Public Works Director Date:	
	CLARK COUNTY PUBLIC UTILITY DISTRICT WATER SYSTEM R.I.D. NO. 521976 APPROVED FOR PARTY OF THE PUBLIC UTILITY DISTRICT WATER SYSTEM 915100	

TIETON HOMES, LLC 931 SW KING ÂVENUE PORTLAND, OR 97205

APPLICANT:

PHONE: (360) 798-4838 EMAIL: ryan@tietonbuilt.com

CONTACT:

OLSON ENGINEERING, INC. 222 E. EVERGREEN BLVD. VANCOUVER, WA 98660 PHONE: (360) 695-1385 FAX: (360) 695-8117 CONTACT: CHRIS WONDERLY EMAIL: chris@olsonengr.com

RECORD DRAWING Sheets marked "RECORD DRAWING" in this set provide information used during construction, and do not necessarily represent what Sheets marked "ASBUILT" include information collected or revised following construction.

STORM SEWER PLAN (NORTH) STORM SEWER PLAN (MIDDLE) C5.1)STORM SEWER PLAN (SOUTH) STORM FACILITY OUTLET DETAIL SHEET STORM SEWER DETAILS

STREET SECTIONS AND DETAILS

EXISTING CONDITIONS SURVEY (SHEET 1)

EXISTING CONDITIONS SURVEY (SHEET 2)

EXISTING CONDITIONS SURVEY (SHEET 3)

EXISTING CONDITIONS SURVEY (SHEET 4)

GRADING & EROSION CONTROL PLAN (NORTH)

GRADING & EROSION CONTROL PLAN (MIDDLÉ)

GRADING & EROSION CONTROL PLAN (SOUTH)

SANITARY SEWER PLAN (NORTH) SANITARY SEWER PLAN (MIDDLÉ) SANITARY SEWER PLAN (SOUTH) SANITARY SEWER PLAN (WEST)

STREET PLAN (NORTH)

STREET PLAN (MIDDLE)

STREET PLAN (SOUTH)

COVER SHEET

INDEX SHEET

C1.1)

C4.1)

WATER PLAN (NORTH) WATER PLAN (MIDDLE) WATER PLAN (SOUTH)

WATER LINE /RAILROAD CROSSING PLAN WATER LINE /RAILROAD CROSSING PROFILE

PROFILE OF OFFSITE SANITARY LINE "SA" SHEET PROFILE OF SE 19TH AVE AND 43RD WAY (SHEET 1) PROFILE OF SE 19TH AVE AND 43RD WAY (SHEET 2)

PROFILE OF SE 18TH AVE AND SE 42ND WAY PROFILE OF SE 43RD CIR, SE 44TH CIR, AND SE 45TH CIR

PROFILE OF SE 40TH ST, SE 17TH AVE, AND SE 17TH CT (SHEET 1) C8.5) PROFILE OF SE 40TH ST, SE 17TH AVE, AND SE 17TH CT (SHEET 2) C8.6) C8.7) PROFILE OF SE 40TH ST, SE 17TH AVE, AND SE 17TH CT (SHEET 3)

CITY OF BATTLE GROUND STD. EROSION CONTROL DETAILS CITY OF BATTLE GROUND STD. EROSION CONTROL DETAILS CITY OF BATTLE GROUND STD. STREET DETAILS

CITY OF BATTLE GROUND STD. STREET DETAILS CITY OF BATTLE GROUND STD. STREET DETAILS CITY OF BATTLE GROUND STD. STREET DETAILS

CITY OF BATTLE GROUND STD. STORM DETAILS CITY OF BATTLE GROUND STD. STORM DETAILS CITY OF BATTLE GROUND STD. SANITARY SEWER DETAILS CITY OF BATTLE GROUND STD. SANITARY SEWER DETAILS

CITY OF BATTLE GROUND STANDARD DETAILS CLARK PUBLIC UTILITIES STD WATER DETAIL SHEET (1 OF 2) CLARK PUBLIC UTILITIES STD WATER DETAIL SHEET (2 OF 2)

SIGNING AND STRIPING PLAN (NORTH) SIGNING AND STRIPING PLAN (MIDDLE) SIGNING AND STRIPING PLAN (SOUTH)

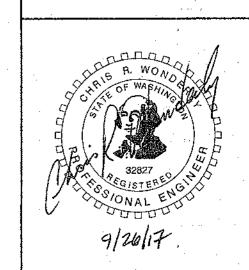
STREET LIGHT PLAN (SHEET 1 OF 3) STREET LIGHT PLAN (SHEET 2 OF 3) STREET LIGHT PLAN (SHEET 3 OF 3)

FINAL DRIVEWAY AND LANDSCAPE PLAN FINAL DRIVEWAY AND LANDSCAPE PLAN

FINAL DRIVEWAY AND LANDSCAPE PLAN

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CLIENT: TIETON HOMES, LLC 931 SW KING AVENUE PORTLAND, OR 97205 PHONE: (360) 798-4838 EMAIL: ryan@tietonbuilt.com



CHANGES / REVISIONS DATE: DESCRIPTION:

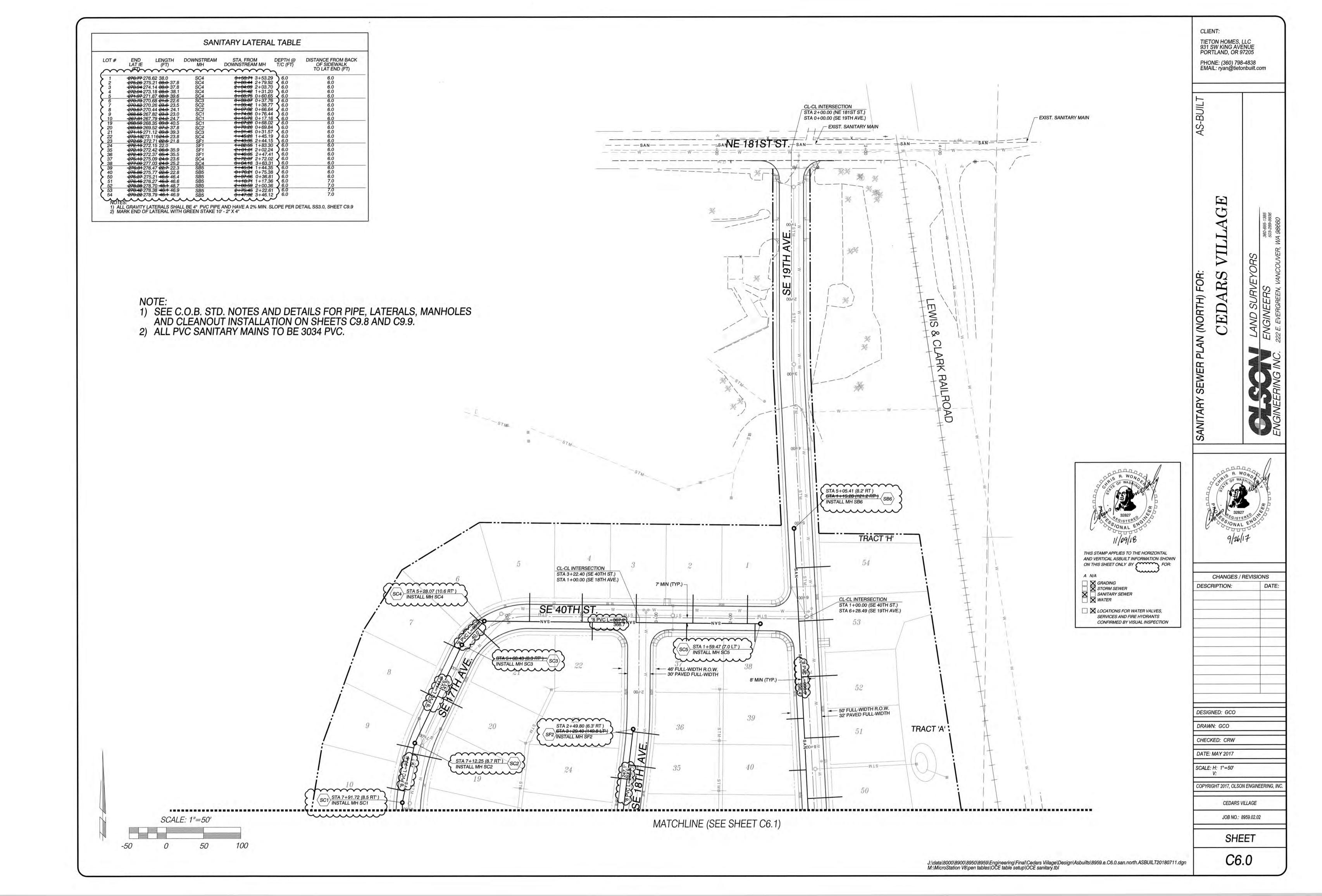
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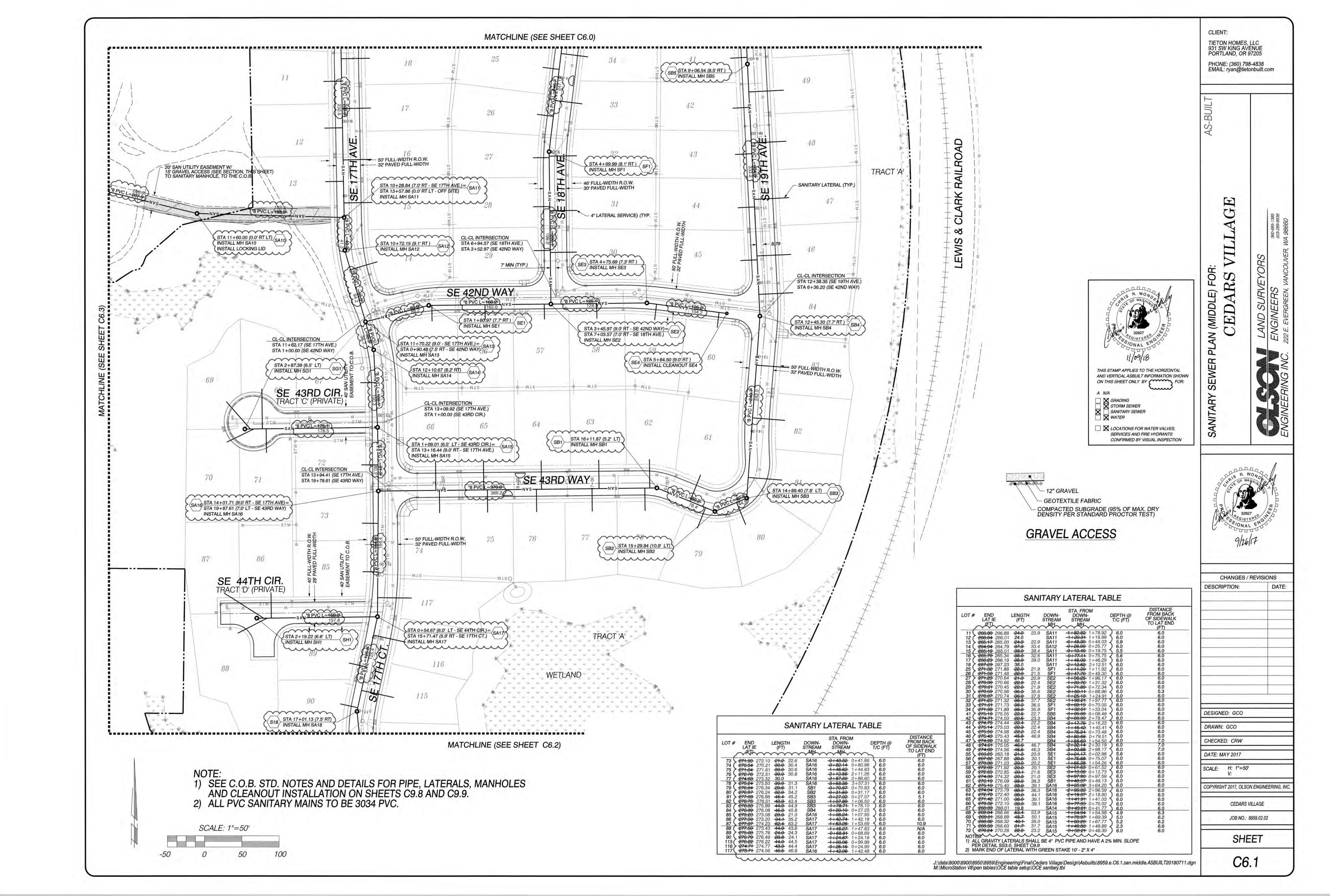
DESIGNED: GCO DRAWN: GCO CHECKED: CRW DATE: MAY 2017 SCALE: H: 1"=800" COPYRIGHT 2017 OF SOME CONFERING, IN CEDARS VILLAGE JOB NO.: 8959.02.02

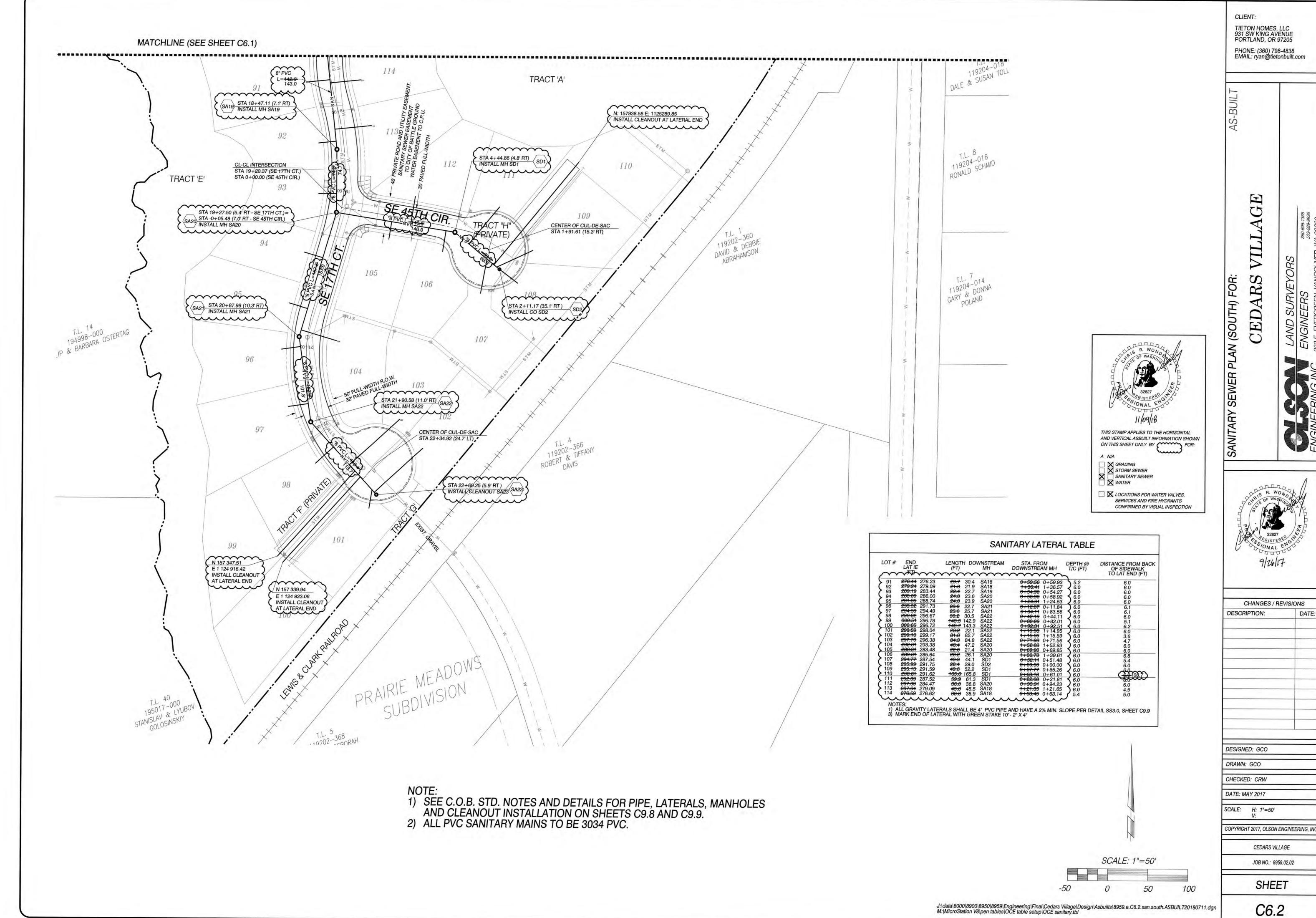
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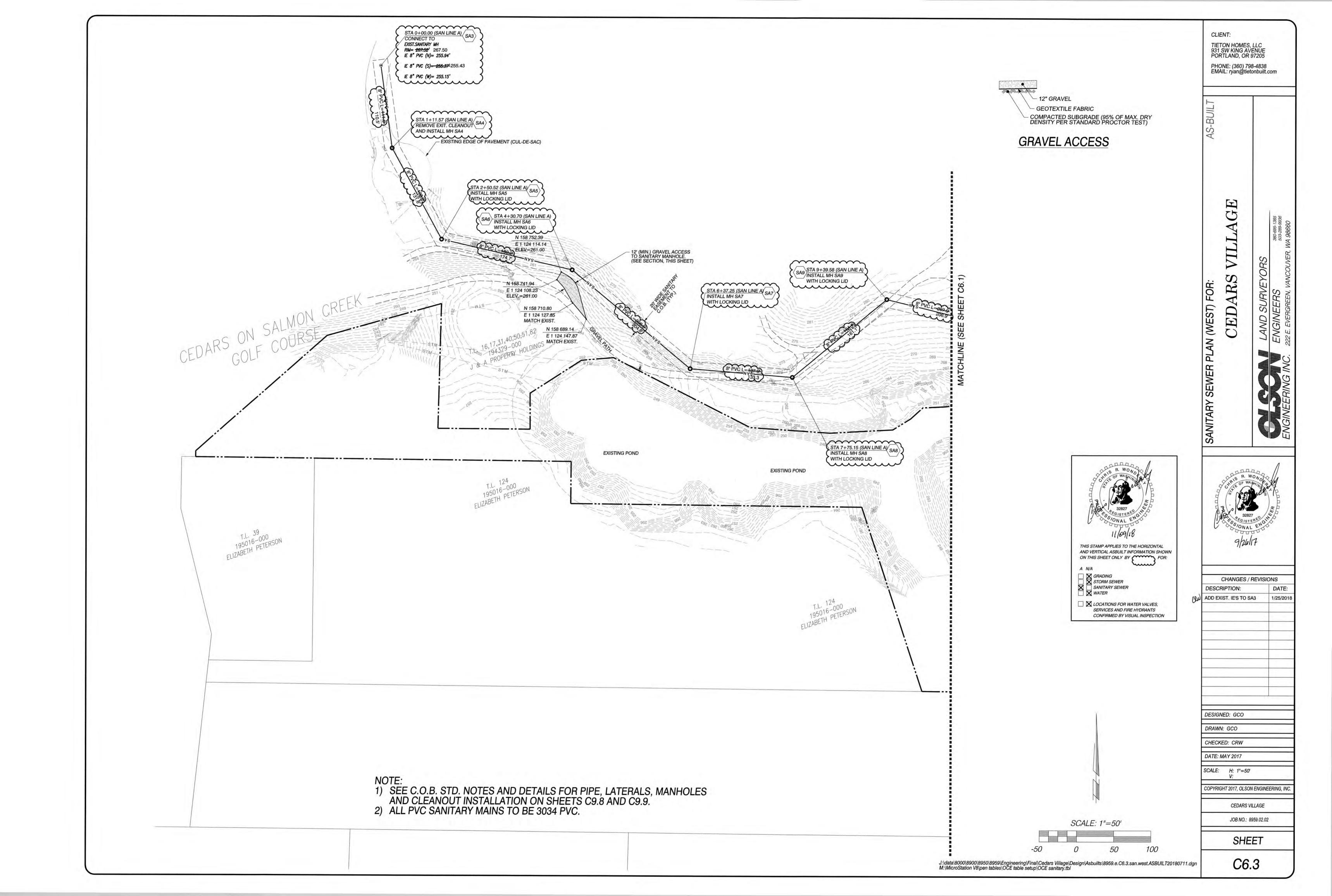
C1.0



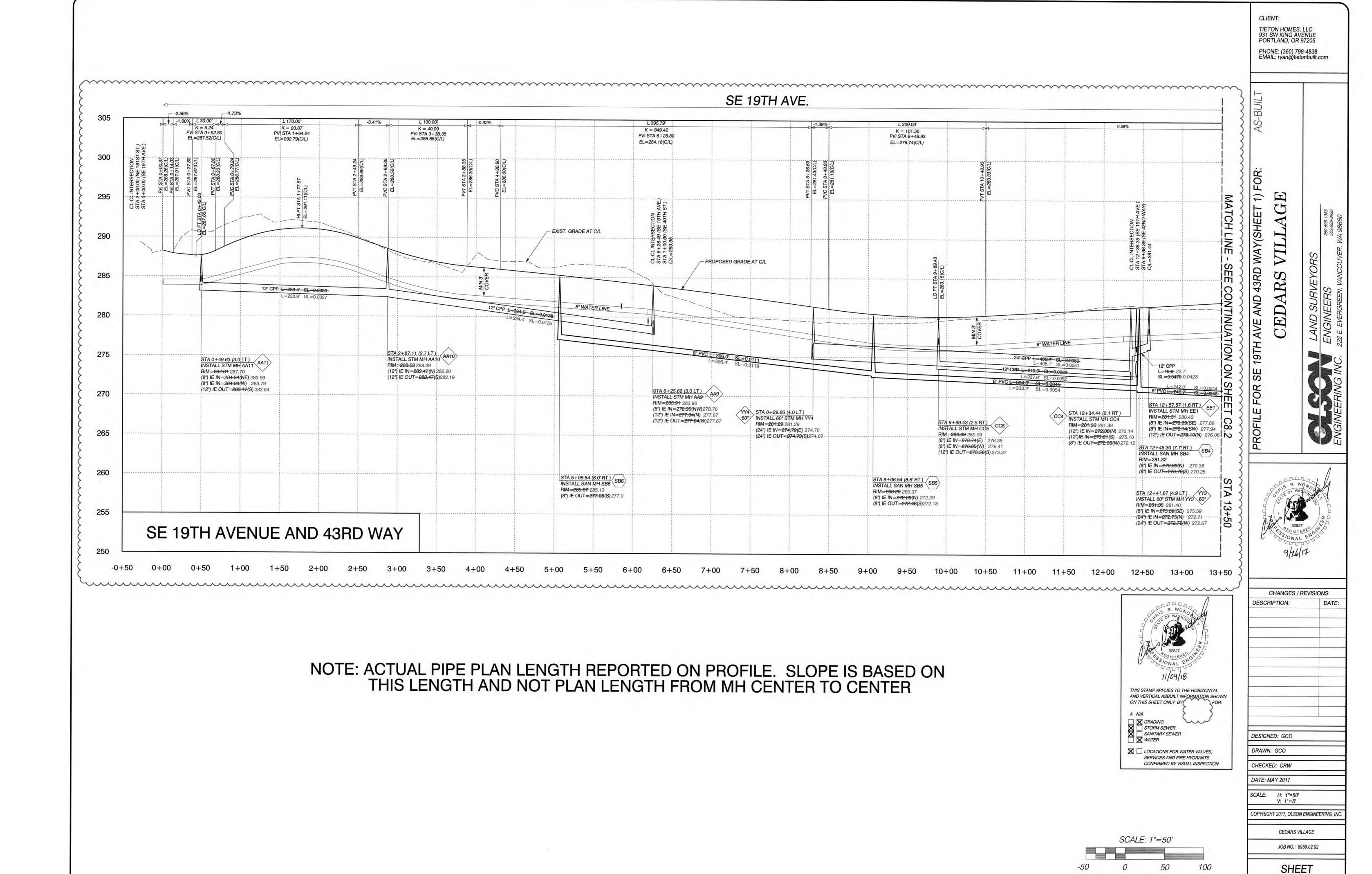




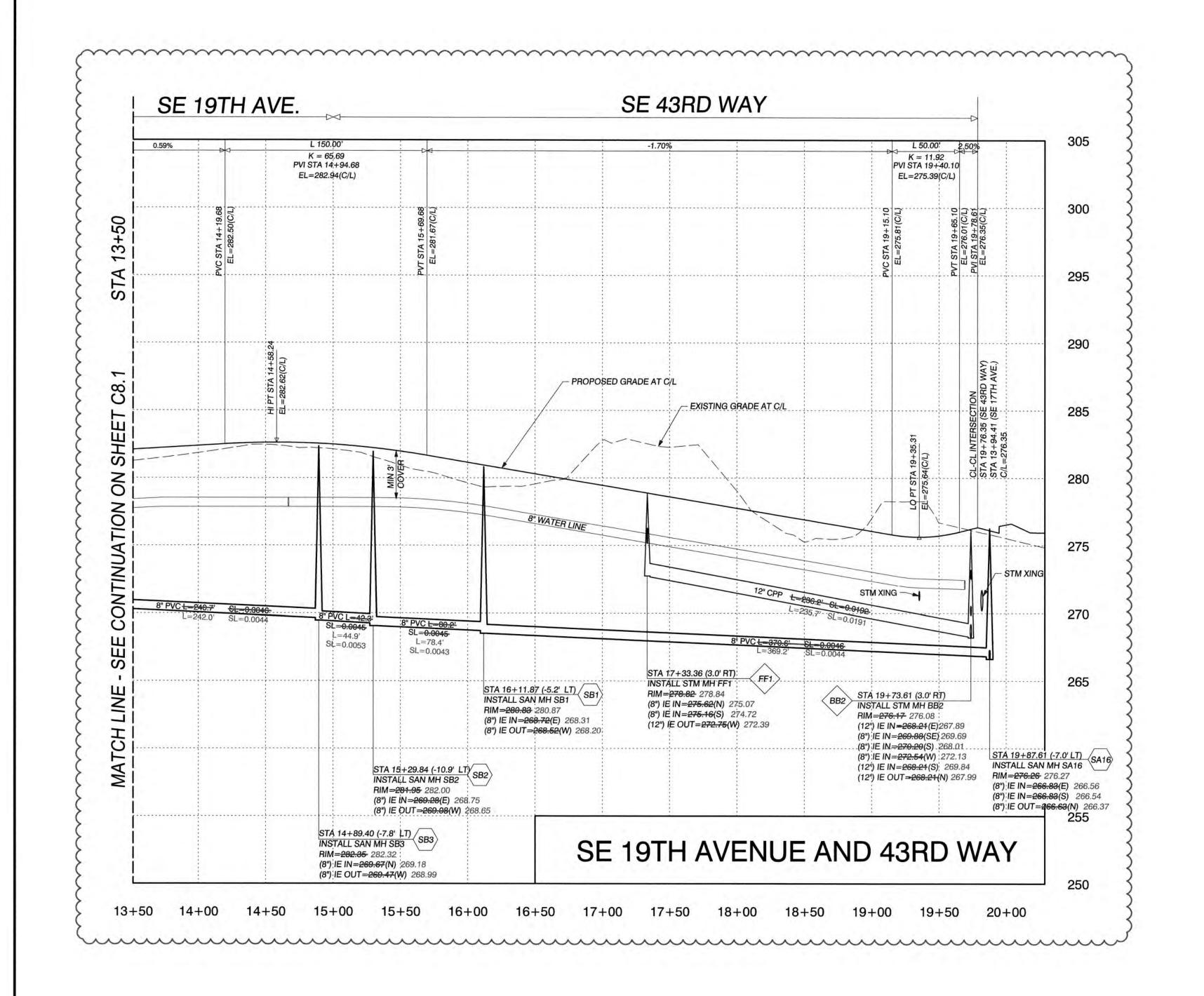
DATE:



CLIENT: TIETON HOMES, LLC 931 SW KING AVENUE PORTLAND, OR 97205 PHONE: (360) 798-4838 EMAIL: ryan@tietonbuilt.com 290 EXIST. GRADE AT C/L-PROPOSED GRADE (TYP.) -CED, 265 265 OFF OF 260 255 SA1) STA 13+49.35 (SAN "SA") INSTALL SAN MH SA11 STA 11+51.49 (SAN "SA") SA10 RIM=269.97 270.04 STA 9+39.58 (SAN "SA") SA9 250 IE IN=268.26(N) 263:31 RIM=272.75 272.66 INSTALL SAN MH SA9 STA 7+75.15 (SAN "SA")
INSTALL SAN MH SA8 IE IN=263.26(S) 263.25 IE IN=262.19(E) 261.49 RIM=278.87 278.75 IE OUT ÷263.06(W) 263.03 IE OUT=261.99(W) 261.33 STA:6+37.25 (SAN "SA")
INSTALL SAN MH SA7 IE IN=261.05(E) 260,55 RIM=269.61 269.21 IE OUT=260.85(SW)260.33 STA 4+30.70 (SAN "SA") INSTALL SAN MH SA6 IE IN=269.13(NE) 259.63 RIM=262.08 261.71 IE OUT=259.93(W) 259.45 STA 2+50.52 (SAN "SA")
INSTALL SAN MH SA5 IE IN=258.96(E) 258.70 STA-1+11.57 (SAN-"SA") SA4 RIM=263.00 262.55 IE OUT=258.76(NW) 258.54 STA 0+00.00 (SAN "SA")
EXIST. SAN MH SA3
SA3 IE IN=257.85(SE) 257.73 RIM=267.46 267.01 IE OUT=257.65(W) 257.58 RIM=267.08 267.03 IE IN=256.86(E) 256.81 IE OUT=256.66(NW)256.67 IE IN=256.05 (SE) 256.10 RIM=267.52 267.50 IE OUT=255.85(N) 255.89 min EXIST.IE 8" PVC (N) = 255.94" EXIST. IE 8" PVC (S) = 255.37 EXIST. IE 8" PVC (W) = 255.15" mmm SANITARY LINE "SA" (OFFSITE) (IE IN=255.97(S) 255.40 min 235 CHANGES / REVISIONS DATE: DESCRIPTION: 0+506+507+00 7+50 9+50 10+00 2+00 2+503+003+504+00 4+505+00 5 + 506+0010 + 50REVISE IE'S FOR SA5 - SA9 1/25/2018 THIS STAMP APPLIES TO THE HORIZONTAL NOTE: ACTUAL PIPE PLAN LENGTH REPORTED ON PROFILE. SLOPE IS BASED ON AND VERTICAL ASBUILT INFORMATION SHOWN ON THIS SHEET ONLY BY FOR: DESIGNED: GCO THIS LENGTH AND NOT PLAN LENGTH FROM MH CENTER TO CENTER GRADING
STORM SEWER
SANITARY SEWER
WATER DRAWN: GCO CHECKED: CRW DATE: MAY 2017 LOCATIONS FOR WATER VALVES, SERVICES AND FIRE HYDRANTS CONFIRMED BY VISUAL INSPECTION SCALE: H: 1"=50' V: 1"=5' COPYRIGHT 2017, OLSON ENGINEERING, I CEDARS VILLAGE SCALE: 1"=50' JOB NO.: 8959.02.02 SHEET C8.0 J:\data\8000\8900\8950\8959\Engineering\Final\Cedars Village\Design\Asbuilts\8959.e.C8.0.profile sheets.ASBUILTS20180711.dgn M:\MicroStation V8\pen tables\OCE table setup\OCE utilities.tbl



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THIS STAMP APPLIES TO THE HORIZONTAL
AND VERTICAL ASBUILT INFORMATION SHOWN
ON THIS SHEET ONLY BY

GRADING
STORM SEWER
SANITARY SEWER
WATER

LOCATIONS FOR WATER VALVES,
SERVICES AND FIRE HYDRANTS

CONFIRMED BY VISUAL INSPECTION

CLIENT:
TIETON HOMES, LLC
931 SW KING AVENUE
PORTLAND, OR 97205
PHONE: (360) 798-4838
EMAIL: ryan@tietonbuilt.com

PROFILE FOR SE 19TH AVE AND 43RD WAY(SHEET 2) FOR:

CEDARS VILLAGE

R. WONDS R. WONDS WASHINGS 32827 WASHINGS WASHINGS

CHANGES / REVISIONS

DATE:

DESIGNED: GCO

DRAWN: GCO

CHECKED: CRW

DATE: MAY 2017

SCALE: H: 1"=50'
V: 1"=5'

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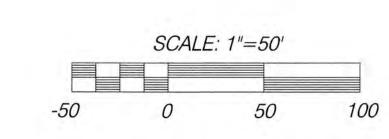
CEDARS VILLAGE

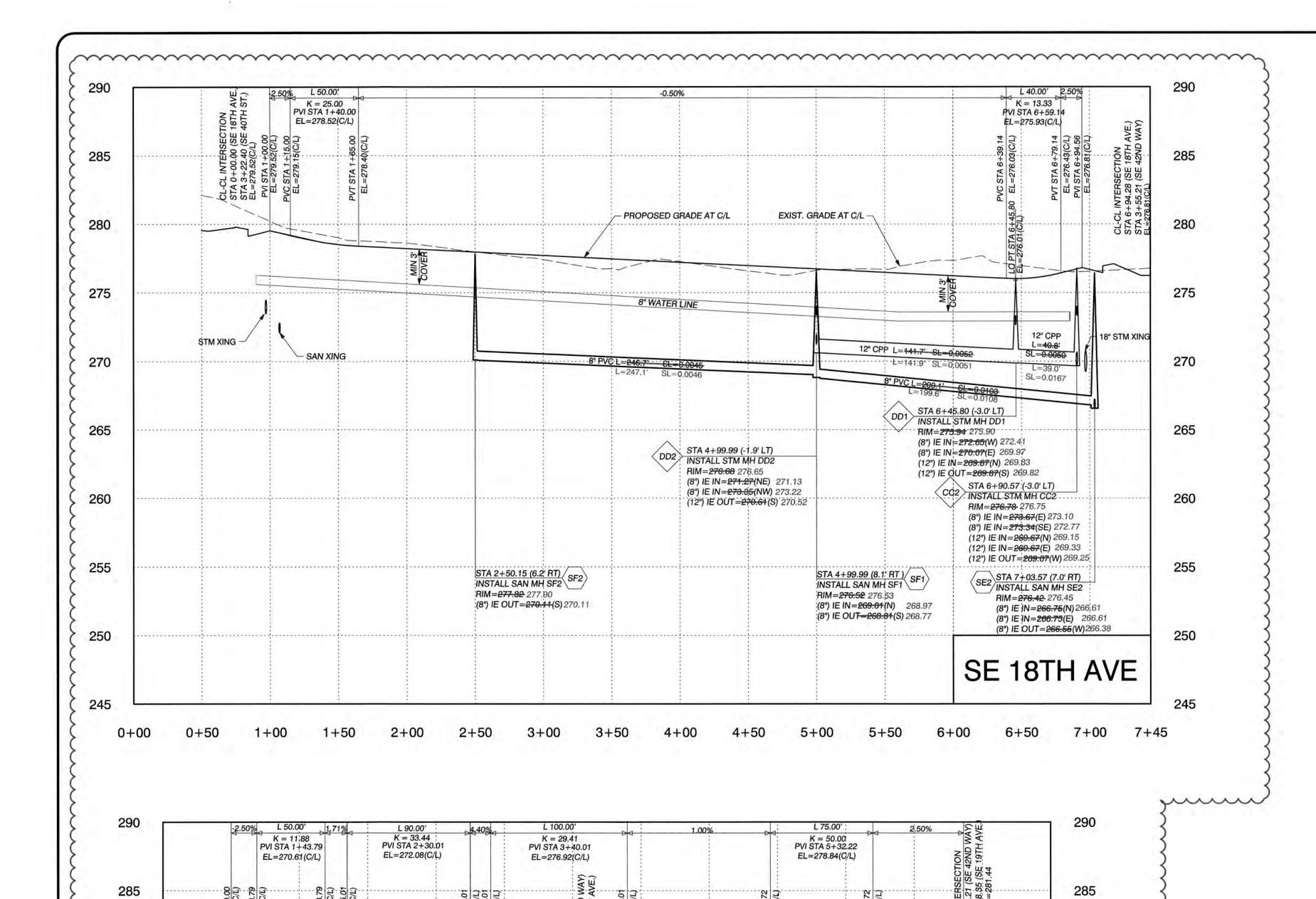
JOB NO.: 8959.02.02

SHEET

C8.2

NOTE: ACTUAL PIPE PLAN LENGTH REPORTED ON PROFILE. SLOPE IS BASED ON THIS LENGTH AND NOT PLAN LENGTH FROM MH CENTER TO CENTER





EXIST. GRADE AT C/L 5

STA 4+75.69 (7.3' RT) INSTALL SAN MH SE3

(8") IE IN=270.50(E) 270.42 (8") IE OUT=270.38(W) 270.20

RIM=270:09 278.27

STA 4+67.03 (1.4 RT) INSTALL STM MH YY2

(24") IE IN=271.90(E) 271.81

(24") IE OUT=271.00(W)-271.79

RIM=270.15 278.25 (8") IE IN=272.65(NE)272.39

STA 4+58.45 (4.6 LT)
INSTALL STM MH CC3

(12") IE OUT=270.66(W) 270.33

SE4 STA 5+84,50 (9.0' RT) INSTALL SAN C.O. SE4

RIM=279.06 279.95

(8") IE OUT=272.15(W)-272.08

SE 42ND WAY

RIM=277.99 277.07 (12") IE IN=270.66(E)-270.33 280

275

265

255

250

245

240

STA 6+41.41 (2.5 RT) YY3 INSTALL 60" STM MH YY3 60"

(8") IE IN=275.03(SE)275.59 270

RIM=201.00 281.40

(24") IE IN=272.75(N) 272.71

STA 6+33.70 (4.0 LT)
INSTALL STM MH CC4

(12") IE IN=275.21(S) 275.10

(12") IE OUT=272.38(W) 272.12

(12") IE IN=272.38(N) 272.14 260

RIM=201.36 281.38

(24") IE OUT=272.75(W) 272.67

280

275

270

265

255

250

245

12" CPP

L-58.9

SL-0.0100

L=58.4

SL=0.0094

STM XING -

STA 1+05.68 (2.9 LT)
INSTALL STM MH AA2

AA2

(12") IE IN=265.44(SE) (E)=263.94

(12") IE OUT=262.69(S) (S)=262.47

STA 0+90.48 (7.5' RT) SA13 RIM=270.84 270.96 INSTALL SAN MH SA13 (12") IE IN⇒263.28(E) 264.57

STA 0+98.09 (2.3 RT) XX1

INSTALL 60" STM MH XX1 60"/

RIM=271.70 271.65

RIM=271.63 271.61

(8") IE IN=264.26(E): 264.15

(8") IE IN=264.26(S) 264.17

(8") IE OUT = 264.06(N) 264.05

(24") IE IN=259.43(E) 259.37

(24") IE IN=256.56(S) 256.72

(24") IE OUT=256;56(W) 256,66

RIM=271.51 27.1.42

PROPOSED

8TA 1+80.97 (7.7' RT) SE1

(8") IE IN=264.83(E) 264.74

(8") IE OUT=264.63(W) 264.55

STA 1+67.51 (6.9 LT) CC1

(12") IE OUT=263.28(W)264.49

2+50

STA 1+73.57 (0.4 RT)
INSTALL STM:MH YY1

RIM=271.10 271.11

RIM=271.05 271.12

(8") IE IN=262.69(N) (SE)=265.20 (8") IE IN=266.54(NE) 267.18

(8") IE IN=262.69(E) (S)=265.94 (24") IE IN=265.04(E) 265.07

(12") IE IN=266.18(E) (N)=262.56 (24") IE OUT=265.04(W)265.05

GRADE AT C/L -

L=105.0-184.8

SL=0.0345

STA 3+55.97 (4.0 LT)
INSTALL STM MH CC2
CC2

(8") IE IN=273.67(NE)273.10

(8") IE IN=273.34(SE)272.77

(12") IE IN=269.67(N)-269.15

(12") IE IN=269.67(E)-269.33

(12") IE OUT=269.67(W) 269.25

RIM=276.78 276.75

STA 3+45.97 (9.0' RT) INSTALL SAN MH SE2 SE2

(8") IE IN=266.75(N) 266,61

(8") IE IN=266.75(E) 266.61

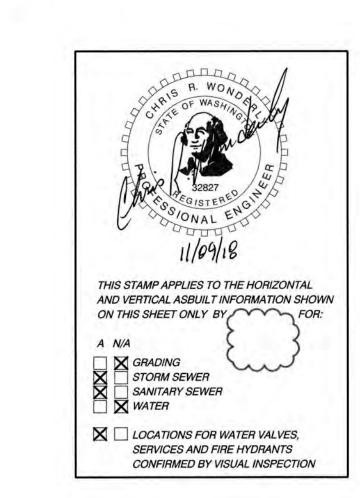
(8") IE OUT=266.55(W) 266.38

4+00

RIM=276.42 276.45

3+50

NOTE: ACTUAL PIPE PLAN LENGTH REPORTED ON PROFILE. SLOPE IS BASED ON THIS LENGTH AND NOT PLAN LENGTH FROM MH CENTER TO CENTER



CEDARS 18TH AVE. PROFILES FOR

CLIENT:

TIETON HOMES, LLC 931 SW KING AVENUE PORTLAND, OR 97205

GE

42ND WAY

PHONE: (360) 798-4838 EMAIL: ryan@tietonbuilt.com

CHANGES / REVISIONS DESCRIPTION: DATE:

DESIGNED: GCO

DRAWN: GCO CHECKED: CRW

DATE: MAY 2017 SCALE: H: 1"=50' V: 1"=5'

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CEDARS VILLAGE JOB NO.: 8959.02.02

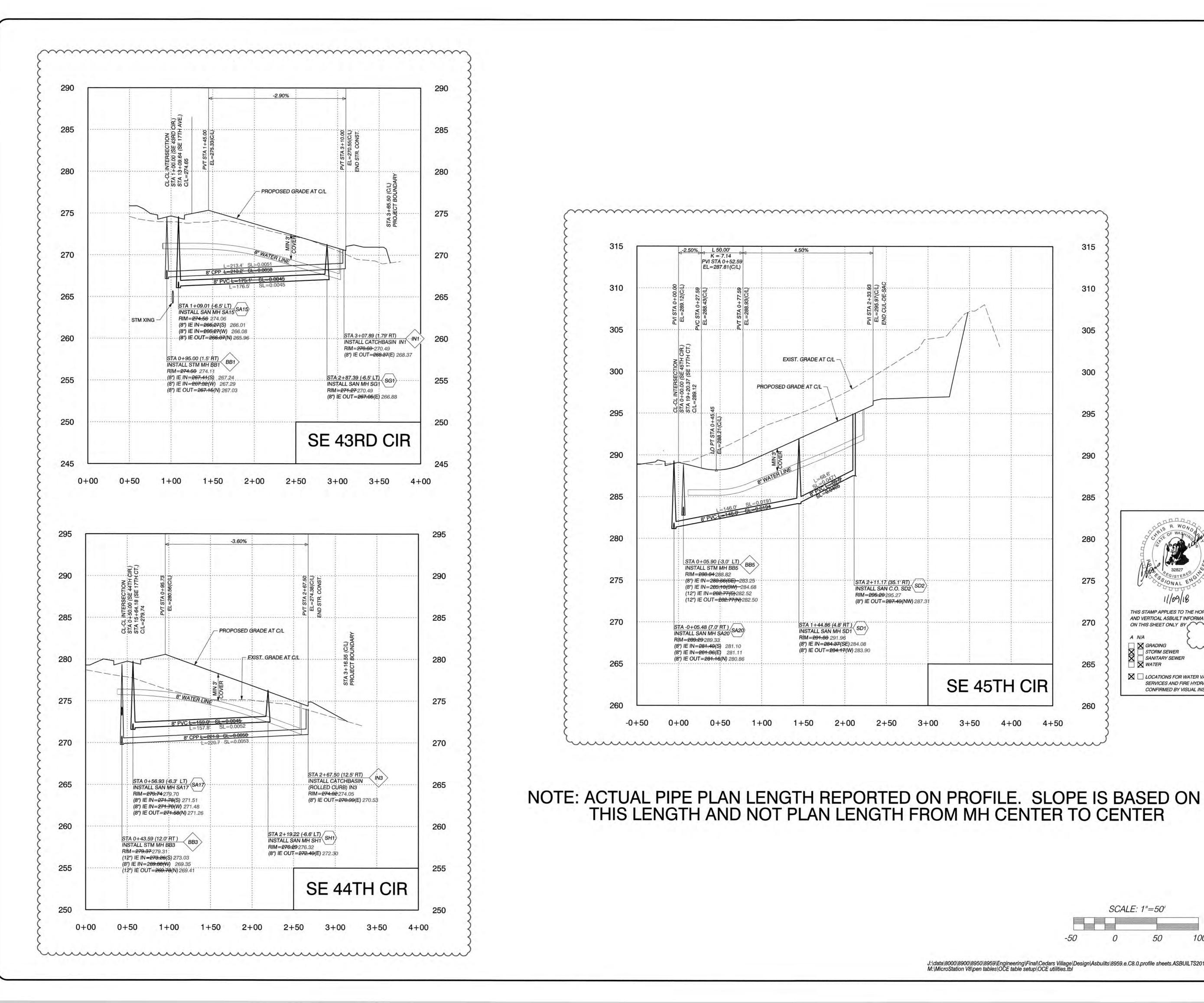
SHEET

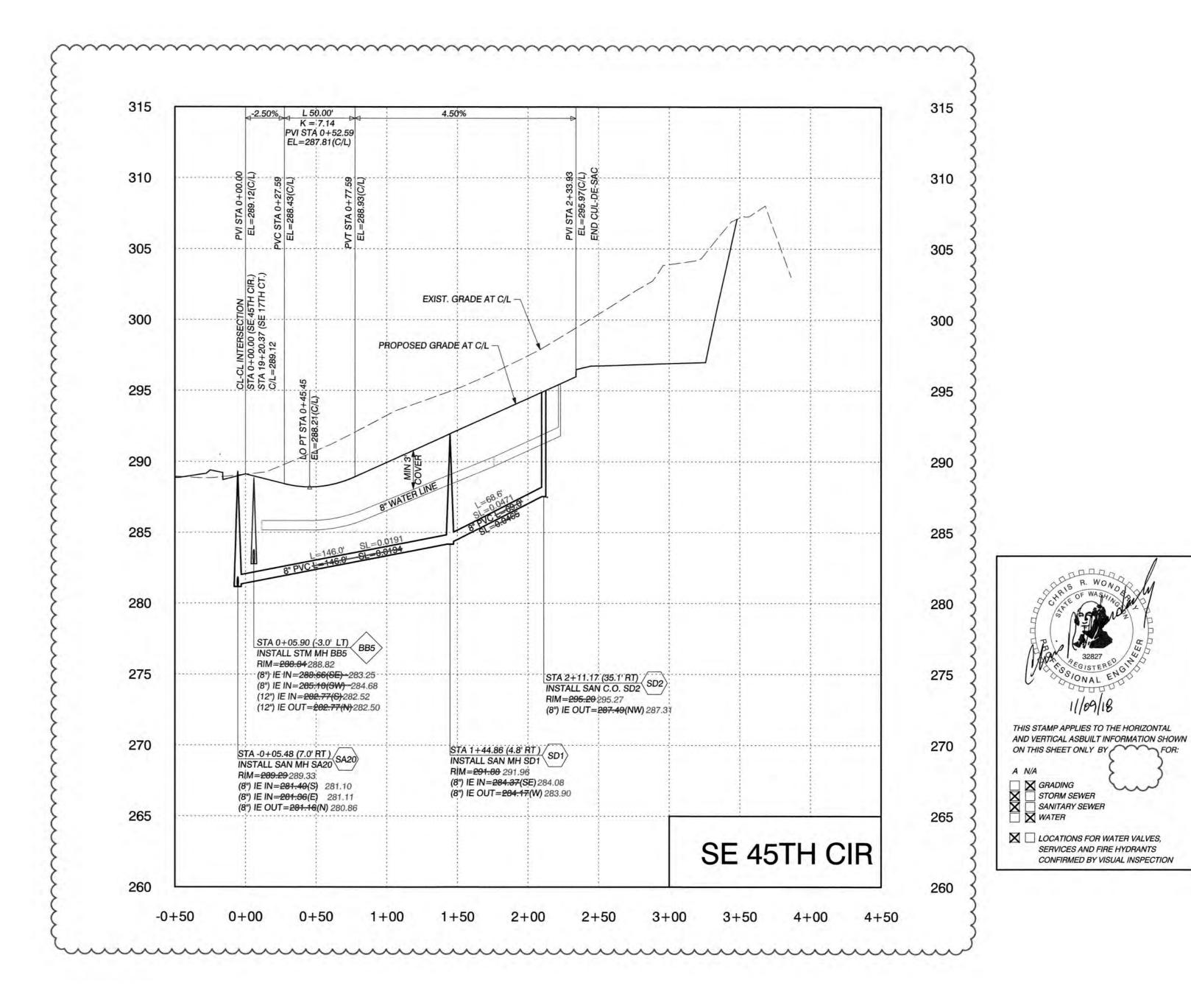
C8.3

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SCALE: 1"=50'





THIS LENGTH AND NOT PLAN LENGTH FROM MH CENTER TO CENTER

CLIENT: TIETON HOMES, LLC 931 SW KING AVENUE PORTLAND, OR 97205 PHONE: (360) 798-4838 EMAIL: ryan@tietonbuilt.com

45TH CIR. I VILLAGE AND 44TH CIR., ARS CED. 43RD CIR., ROFILES FOR SE

CHANGES / REVISIONS DATE:

DESIGNED: GCO DRAWN: GCO CHECKED: CRW **DATE: MAY 2017** SCALE: H: 1"=50' V: 1"=5' COPYRIGHT 2017, OLSON ENGINEERING, IN

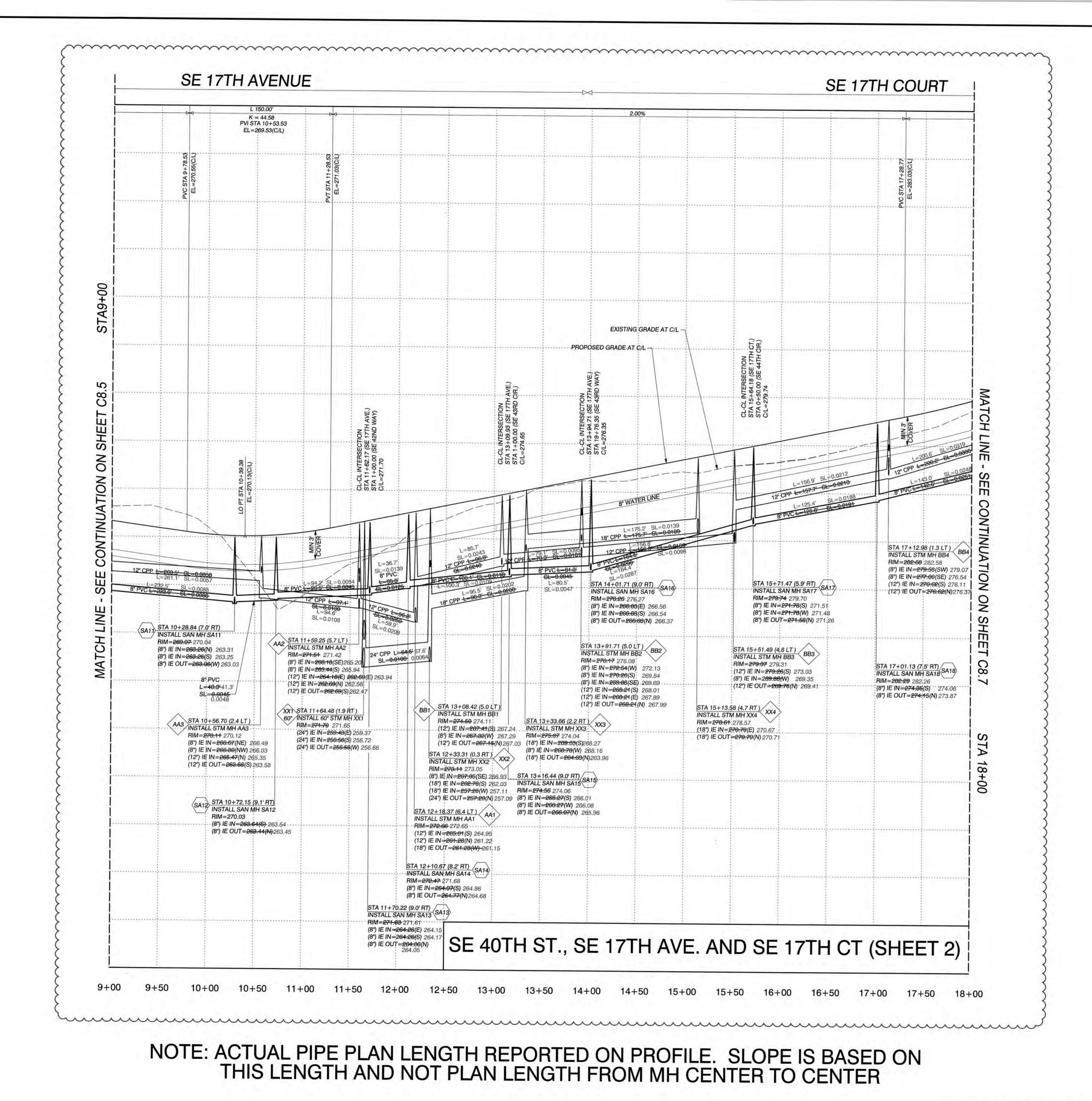
CEDARS VILLAGE

JOB NO.: 8959.02.02 SHEET

SCALE: 1"=50'

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C8.4



THIS STAMP APPLIES TO THE HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL ASBUILT INFORMATION SHOWN ON THIS SHEET ONLY BY GRADING

STORM SEV STORM SEWER SANITARY SEWER WATER LOCATIONS FOR WATER VALVES, SERVICES AND FIRE HYDRANTS CONFIRMED BY VISUAL INSPECTION

CLIENT: TIETON HOMES, LLC 931 SW KING AVENUE PORTLAND, OR 97205 PHONE: (360) 798-4838 EMAIL: ryan@tietonbuilt.com 2) FOR: AS-BUIL

GE ARS CED, 40TH ST.,

CHANGES / REVISIONS

DESCRIPTION:

DESIGNED: GCO DRAWN: GCO CHECKED: CRW **DATE: MAY 2017**

SCALE: H: 1"=50' V: 1"=5' COPYRIGHT 2017, OLSON ENGINEERING, INC.

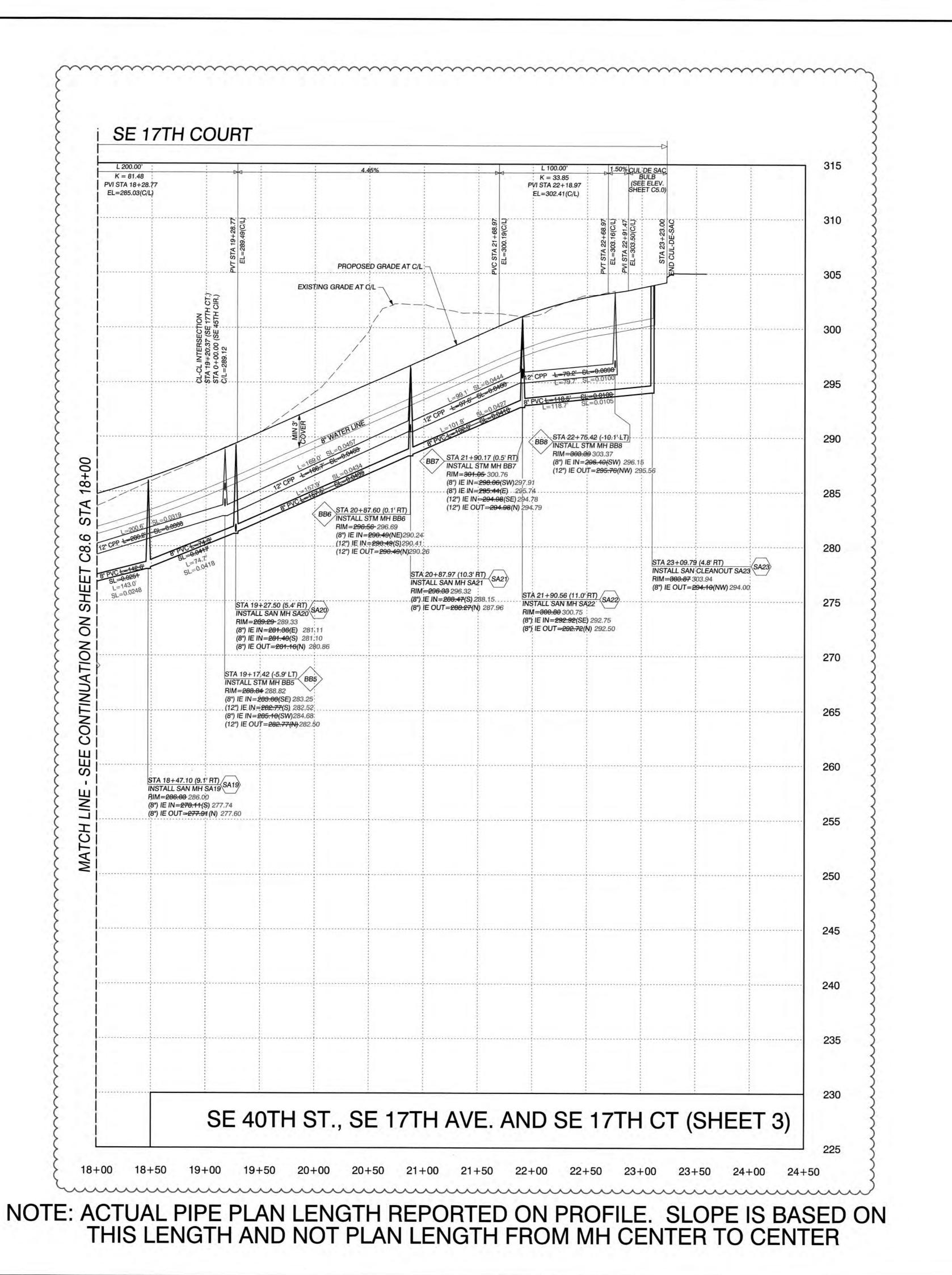
CEDARS VILLAGE

JOB NO.: 8959.02.02 SHEET

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SCALE: 1"=50"



AND VERTICAL ASBUILT INFORMATION SHOWN ON THIS SHEET ONLY BY FOR: GRADING
STORM SEWER
SANITARY SEWER
WATER SERVICES AND FIRE HYDRANTS CONFIRMED BY VISUAL INSPECTION

CLIENT: TIETON HOMES, LLC 931 SW KING AVENUE PORTLAND, OR 97205 PHONE: (360) 798-4838 EMAIL: ryan@tietonbuilt.com

CT (SHEET

CED.

40TH

CHANGES / REVISIONS

DESIGNED: GCO DRAWN: GCO CHECKED: CRW

DATE: MAY 2017 SCALE: H: 1"=50' V: 1"=5'

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CEDARS VILLAGE

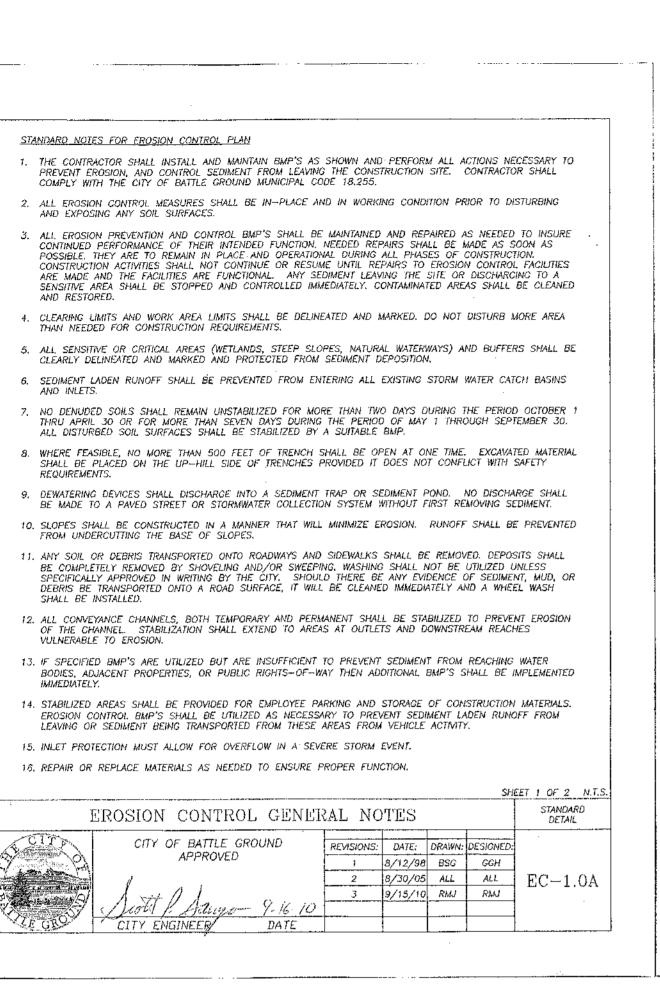
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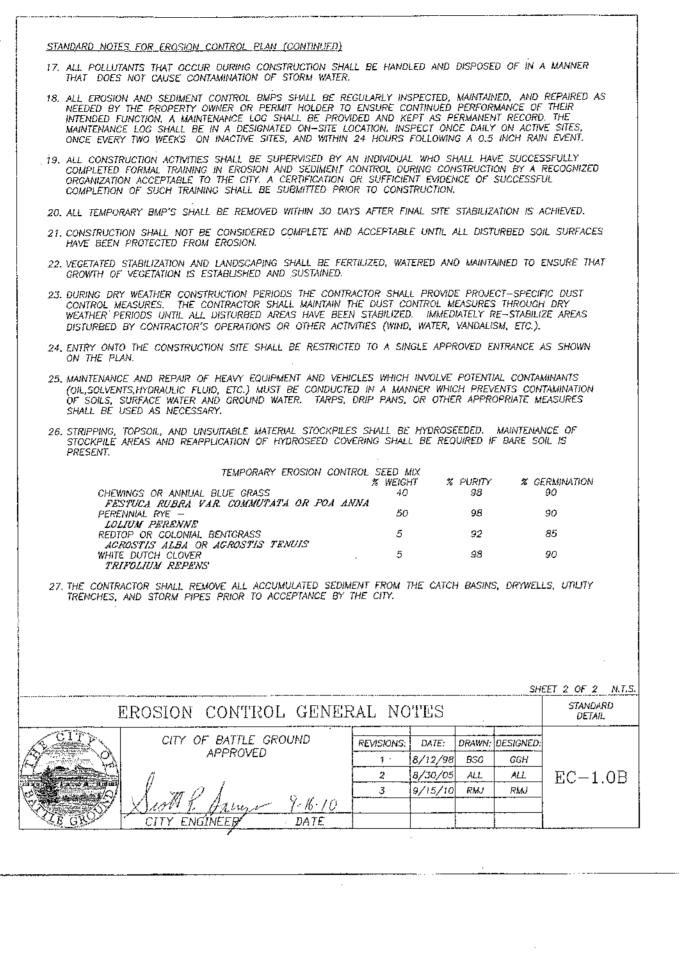
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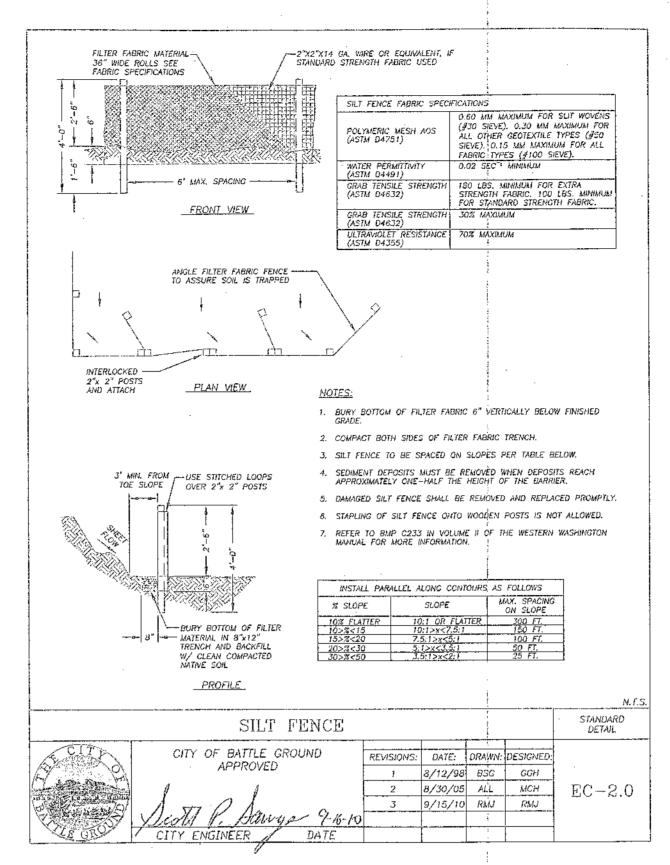
JOB NO.: 8959.02.02

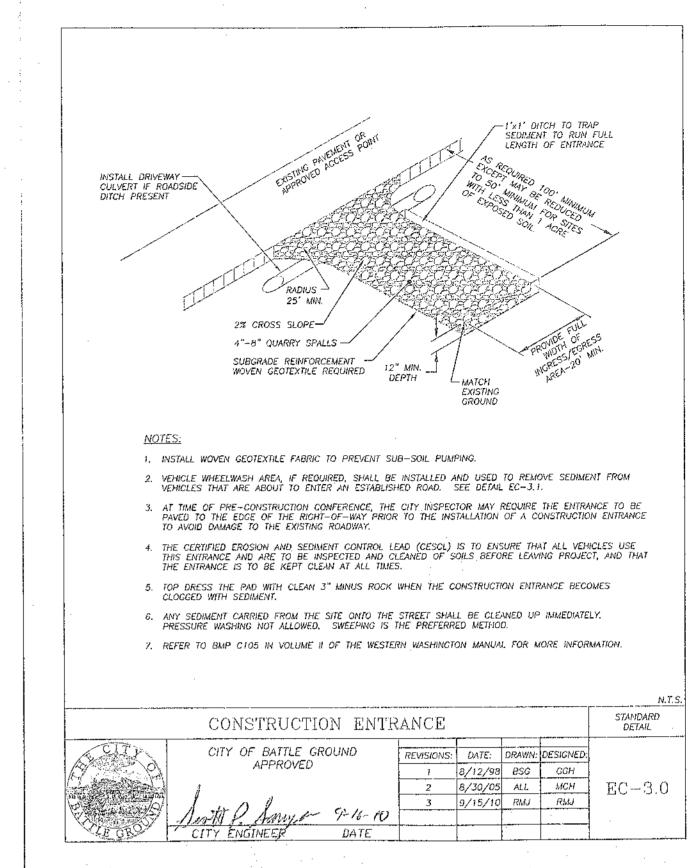
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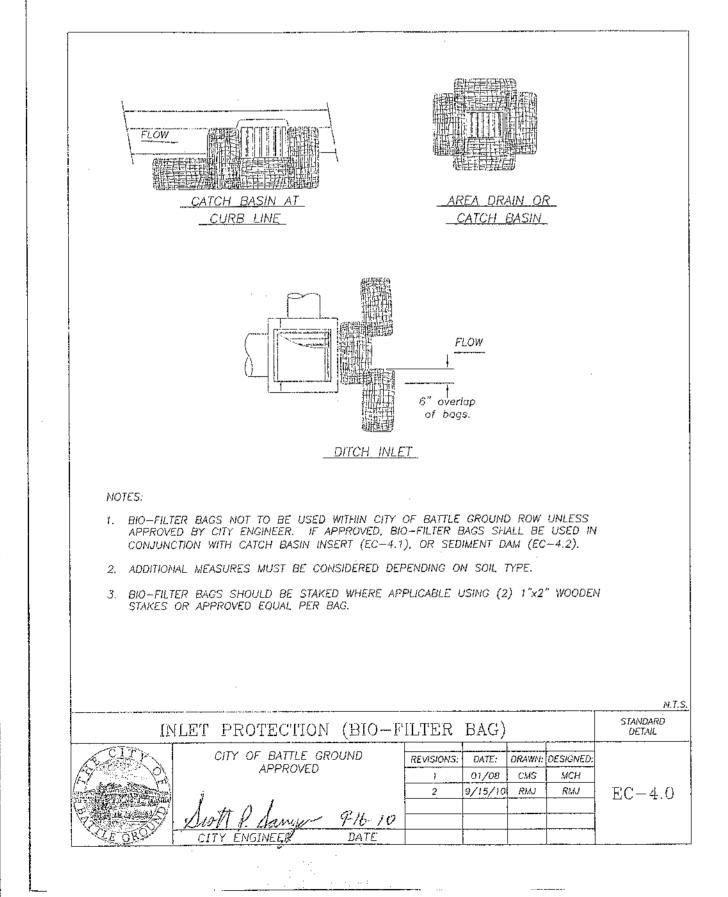
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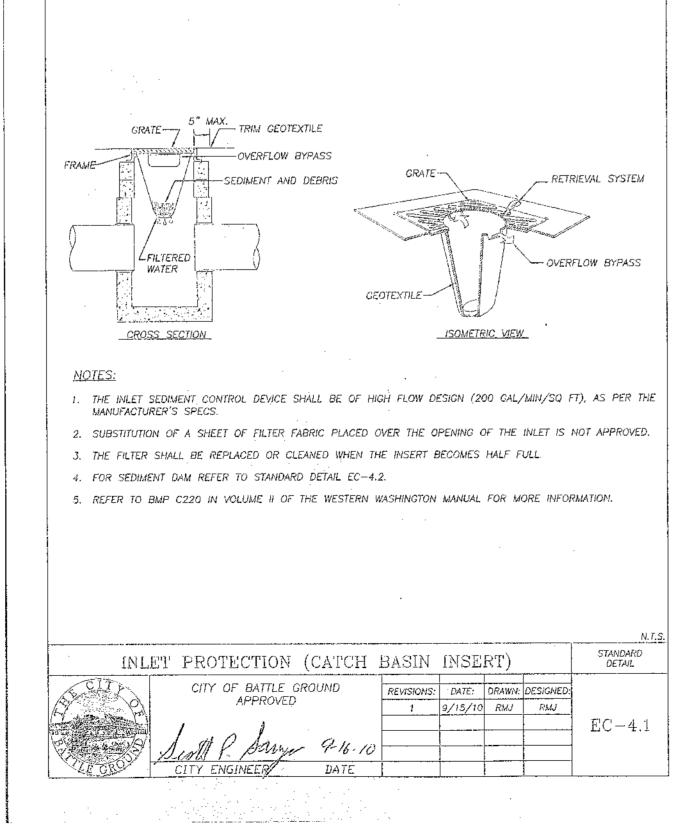


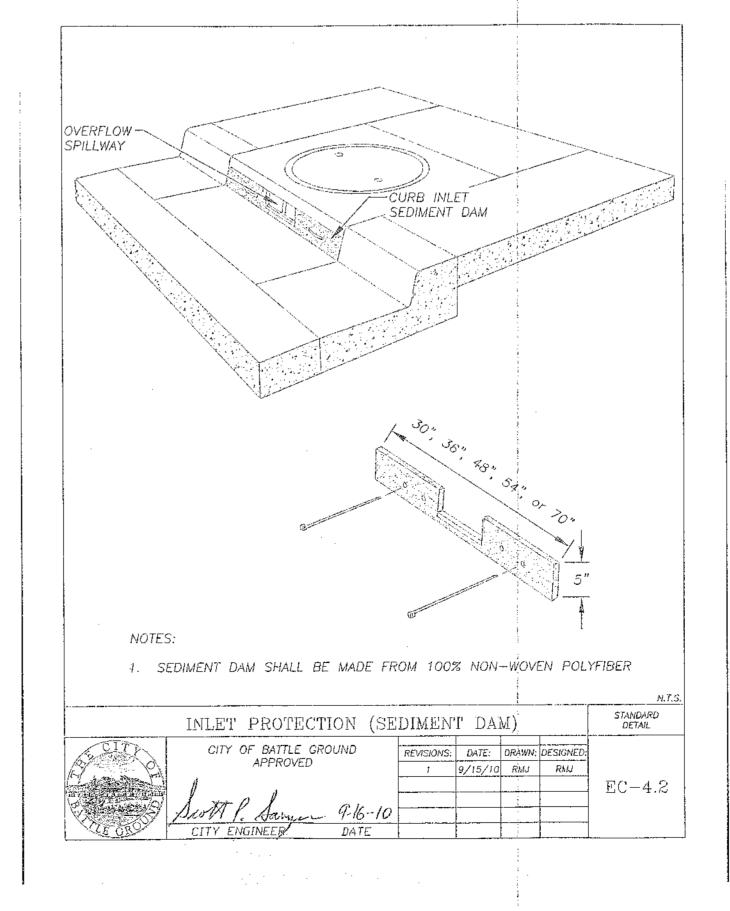


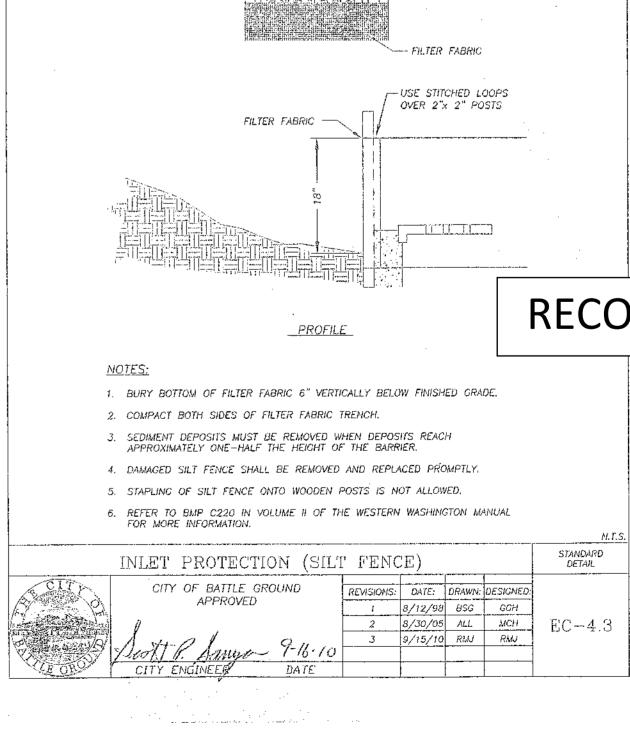












--- DROP INLET WITH GRATE

CLIENT: TIETON HOMES, LLC 931 SW KING AVENUE PORTLAND, OR 97205 PHONE: (360) 798-4838 EMAIL: rỳan@tietonbuilt.com

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CHANGES / REVISIONS DATE: DESCRIPTION:

RECORD DRAWING

DESIGNED: GCO

DRAWN: GCO

SCALE:

CHECKED: CRW

DATE: MAY 2017

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CEDARS VILLAGE JOB NO.: 8959.02.02

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CEDARS SEWER REPAIR

CITY OF BATTLE GROUND

PROJECT # SS1508

SCALE: 1"=4000"

SHEET INDEX

	SH	EET NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	١.	G01	COVER SHEET
- 2	2.	V01	EXISTING CONDITIONS
3	3.	EC1	EROSION CONTROL PLAN, DETAIL & GRADING
4	4.	EC2	CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE AND STAGING
	5.	C01	SANITARY PLAN, PROFILE AND CROSS SECTION
6	3.	D01	SANITARY DETAILS
7	7.	B01	BRIDGE LAYOUT PLAN
	В.	B02	BRIDGE FOUNDATION DETAILS
9	9.	B03	BRIDGE DETAILS

1. THIS SURVEY IS BASED UPON THE CLARK COUNTY VERTICAL DATUM. REFERENCED BENCHMARK PRAIRIE-68 (POINT ID NO. 320), BRASS DISC IN CONCRETE SET ON THE EAST SIDE OF RAILROAD CROSSING ON THE NORTH SIDE OF NE 181ST ST, SET VERTICALLY. ELEVATION = 291.14'

2. THIS SURVEY WAS PERFORMED JUNE 1, 2009 UTILIZING TRIGONOMETRIC METHODS TO ESTABLISH HORIZONTAL LOCATIONS AND ELEVATIONS. FEATURES CRITICAL TO DEVELOPMENT SHOULD BE FIELD VERIFIED PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.

3. THERE MAY BE EASEMENTS AFFECTING THE SUBJECT PROPERTY WHICH HAVE NOT BEEN IDENTIFIED AT THIS TIME AS A TITLE REPORT FOR THE PROPERTY HAS NOT BEEN PROVIDED.

UTILITY NOTE

WARNING! — THERE IS NO ASSURANCE THAT THE LOCATION OF SUBSTRUCTURES SHOWN ON THIS DRAWING ARE ACCURATE, OR THAT ALL EXISTING SUBSTRUCTURES ARE SHOWN ON THIS DRAWING. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR PROTECTING ALL SUBSTRUCTURES WHETHER SHOWN OR NOT. ANY DAMAGE TO THE EXISTING SUBSTRUCTURES SHALL BE REPAIRED AT THE

CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE. PRIOR TO EXCAVATIONS THE PROPER UTILITY LOCATION AGENCY MUST BE CONTACTED FOR FIELD LOCATION MARKINGS OF SUBSTRUCTURES.

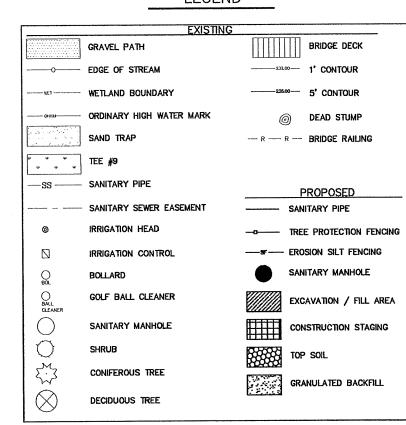
GENERAL NOTES

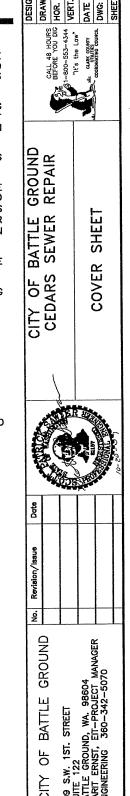
- 1. MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTION METHODS SHALL BE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE CITY OF BATTLE GROUND CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS, BATTLE GROUND STANDARD DETAILS, AND THE LATEST EDITION OF THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROAD, BRIDGE, AND MUNICIPAL CONSTRUCTION AS PREPARED BY WSDOT.
- 2.THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE CITY OF BATTLE GROUND ENGINEERING DIVISION AT (360) 342-5070 TWO WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO THE START OF CONSTRUCTION. CONSTRUCTION SHALL NOT BEGIN UNTIL APPROVAL HAS BEEN ISSUED BY THE ENGINEERING DIVISION.
- 3.PRE-CONSTRUCTION PHOTOS ARE RECOMMENDED. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL DAMAGE DUE TO CONSTRUCTION.
- 4.PRIOR TO COMMENCING ANY EXCAVATION THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE NOTICE OF THE SCHEDULED EXCAVATION TO ALL OWNERS OF UNDERGROUND FACILITIES BY CALLING CLARK COUNTY UTILITY COORDINATING COUNCIL'S ONE-CALL NUMBER AT (360) 696-4848 OR THE STATE'S ONE-CALL NUMBER AT (800) 424-5555. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAKE THE CALL NOT LESS THAN 48 HOURS BEFORE STARTING THE WORK.
- 5.ALL EXISTING UTILITY LOCATIONS AND DEPTHS ARE APPROXIMATE. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR POTHOLING TO CONFIRM LOCATIONS.
- 6.PRIVATE AND PUBLIC UTILITY COMPANIES CAN BE REACHED AT THE FOLLOWING

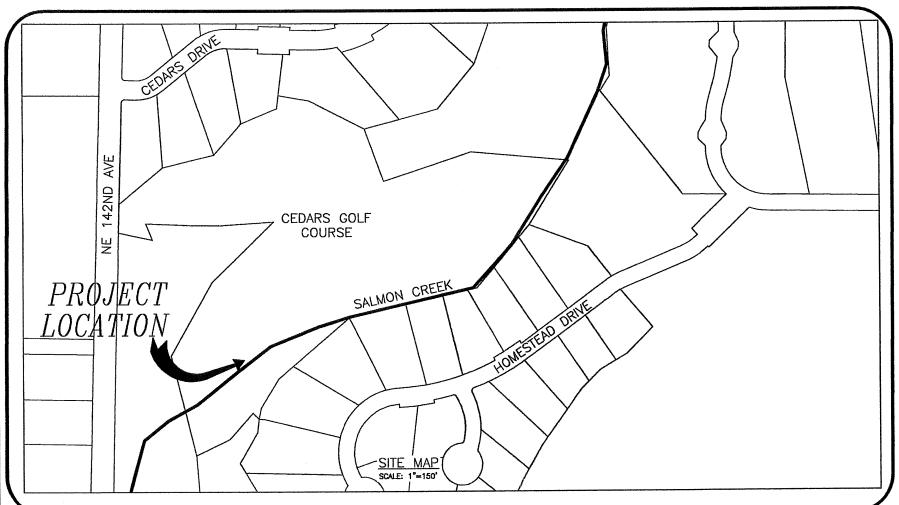
CLARK PUBLIC UTILITIES (ELECTRIC, WATER) COMCAST (CABLE)	(360) 992-3000 (360) 859-3295
NW NATURAL GAS (GAS)	(360) 571-5465
QWEST (PHONE)	(360) 694-8050
WASTE CONNECTIONS (GARBAGE)	(360) 892-5370
BATTLE GROUND (SEWER) CEDARS GOLF COURSE CONTACT:	(360) 342-5350
CRAIG LIDDLE (COURSE SUPERINTENDENT) CEDARS GOLF PRO SHOP	(360) 518-7399 (360) 387-4233
025.000 000 1110 01101	(,

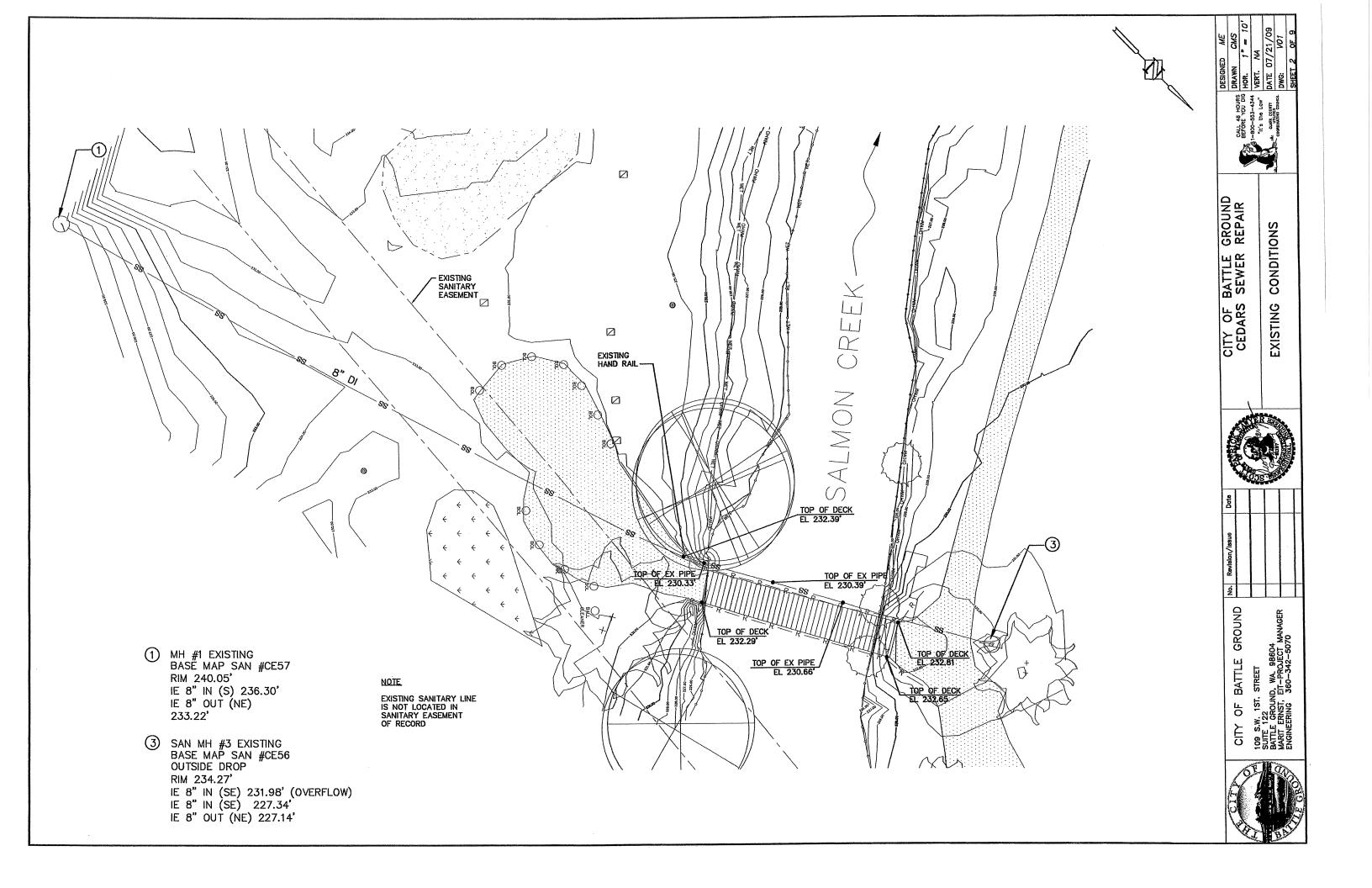
7.A PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING SHALL BE SCHEDULED WITH THE CITY PRIOR TO

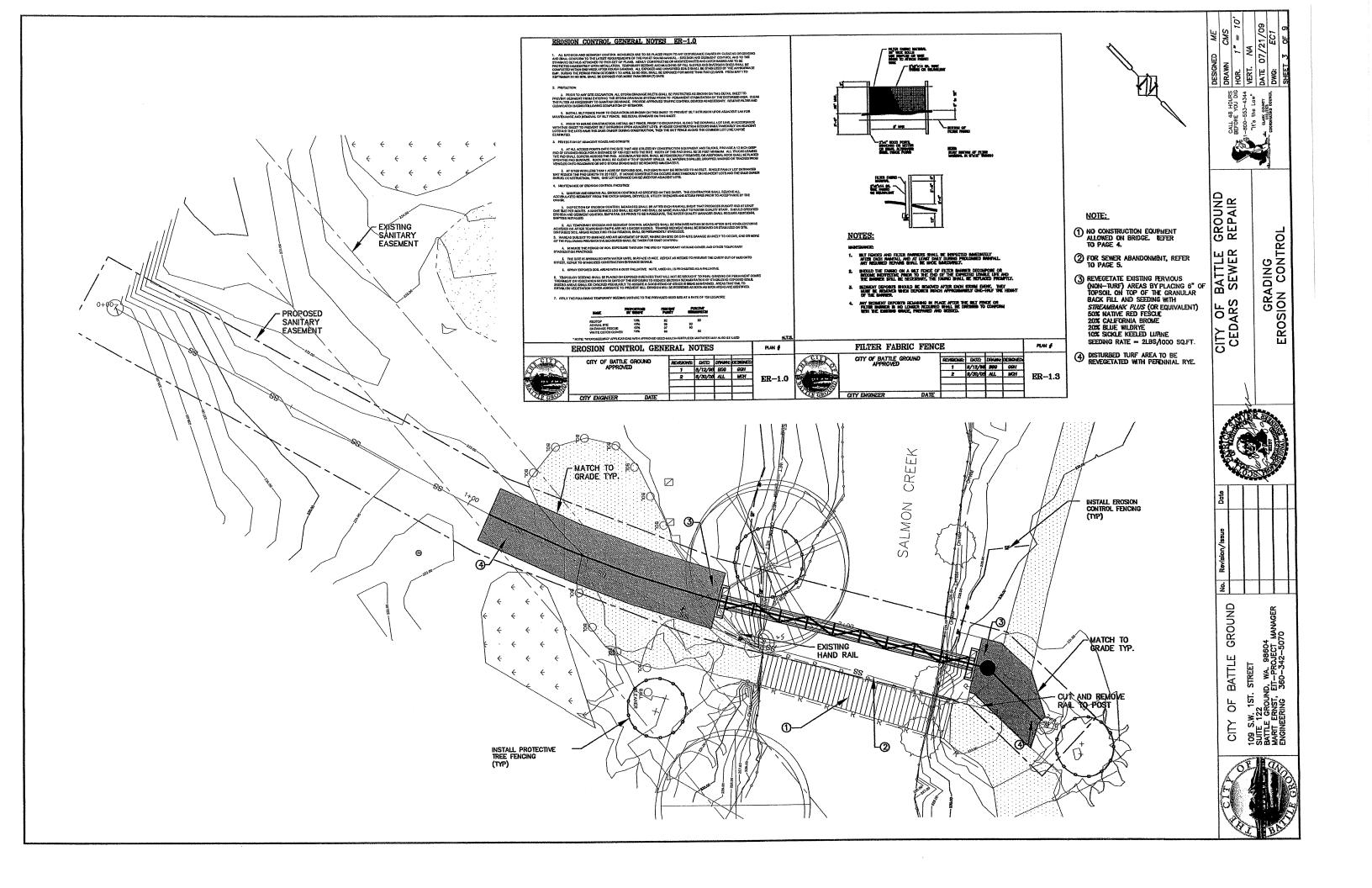
LEGEND

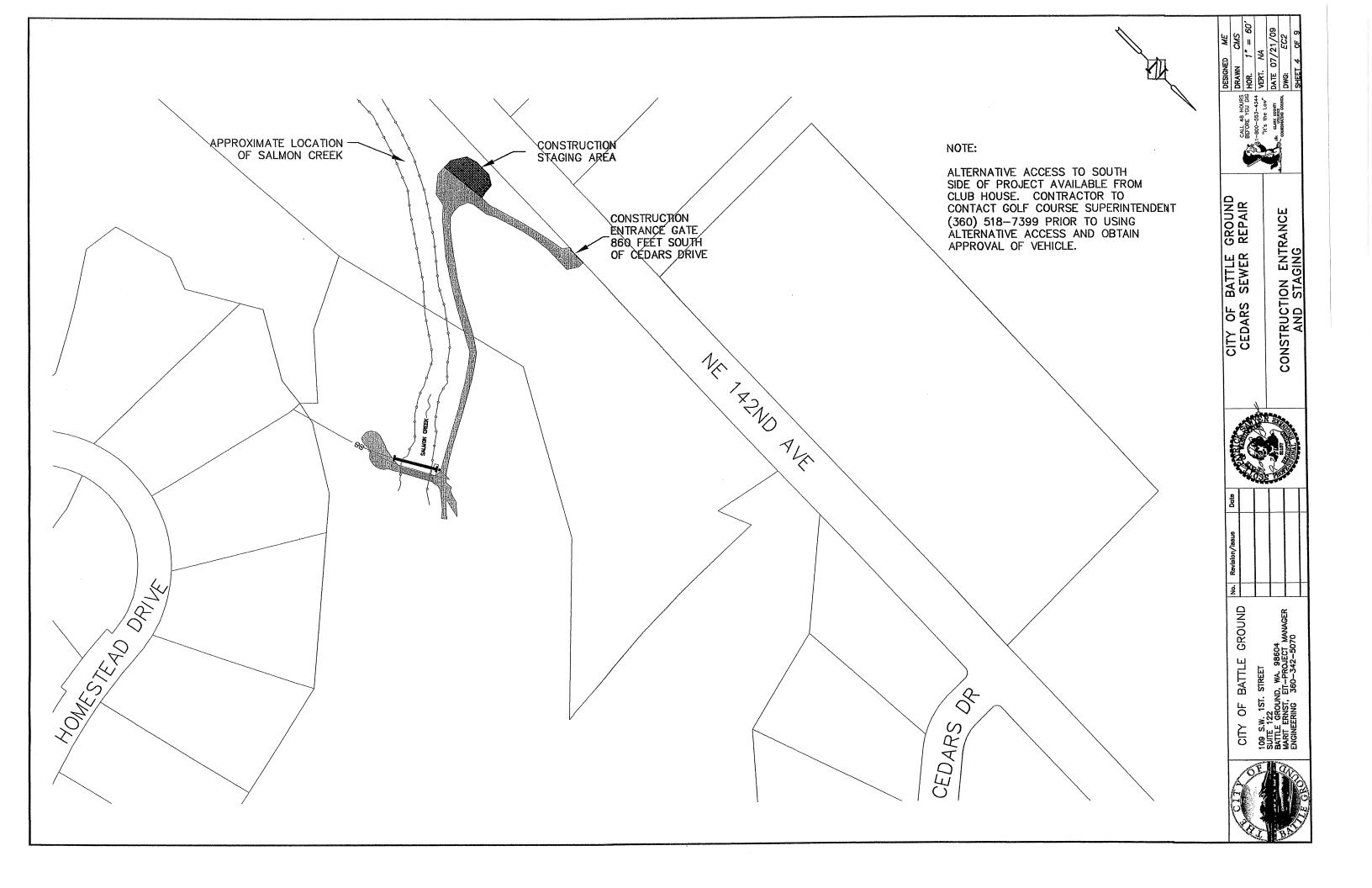


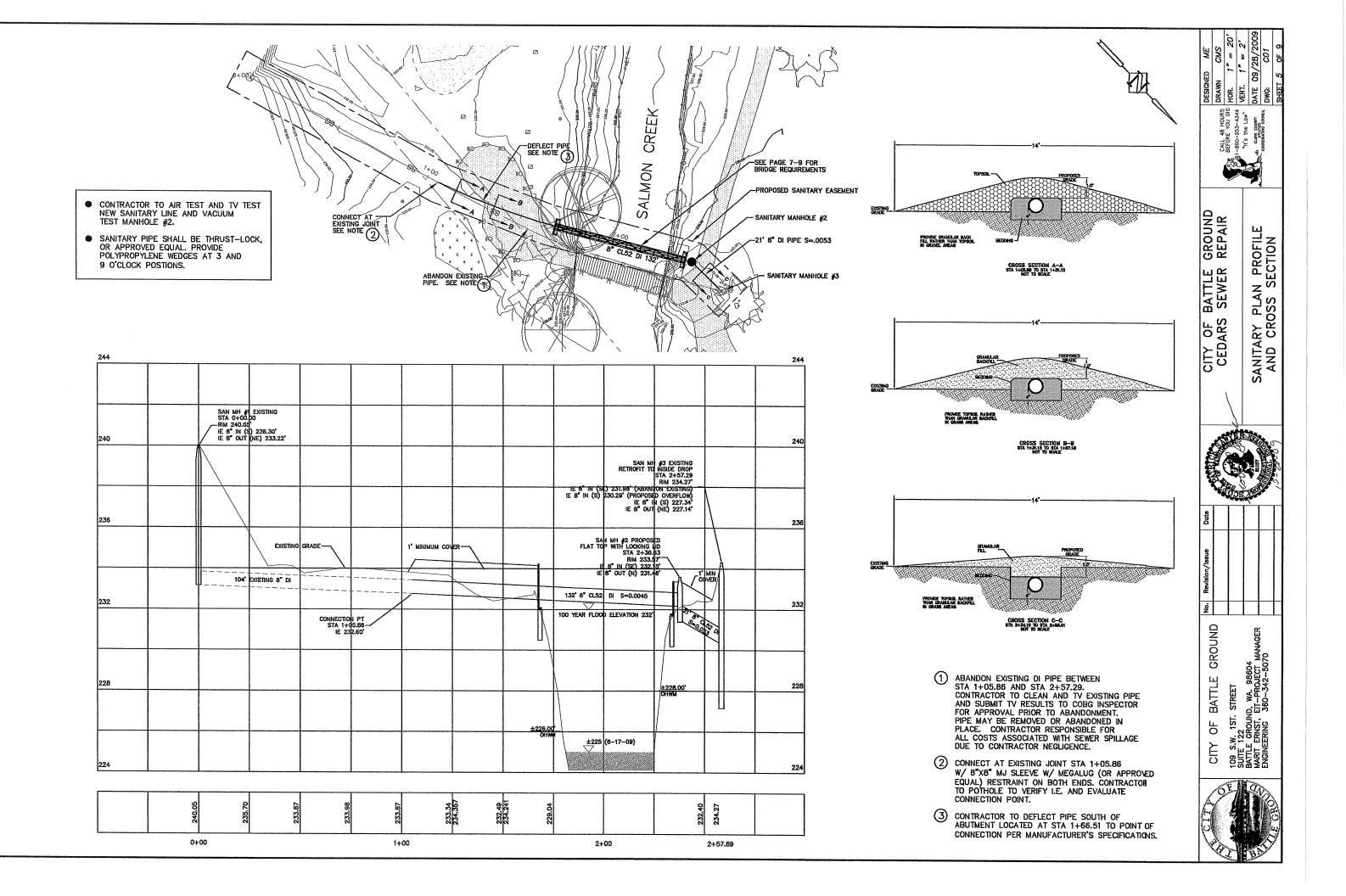






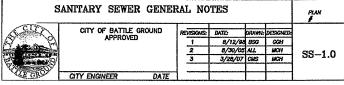


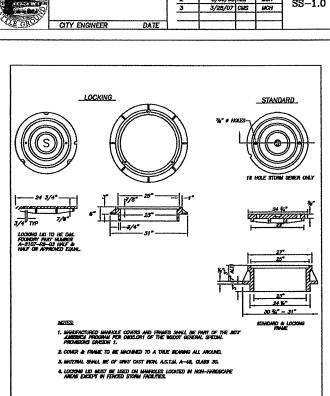




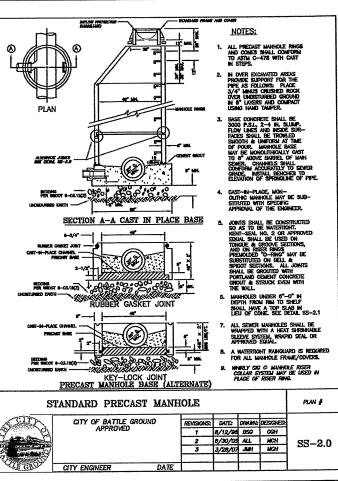
SANITARY SEWER GENERAL NOTES:

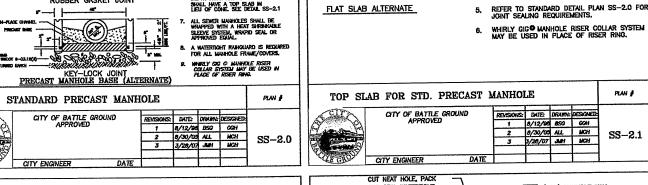
- ALL MATERIALS AND INSTALLATION OF SANITARY SEWERS SHALL BE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE LATEST EDITION OF THE "CITY OF BATTLE GROUND CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS" AND THE LATEST EDITION OF THE "STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROAD, BRIDGE, AND MUNICIPAL CONSTRUCTION, HEREINAFTER REFERRED TO AS THE "STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS", PREPARED BY THE WASHINGTON STATE CHAPTER OF THE AWERICAN PUBLIC WORKS ASSOCIATION (APPUA) AND THE WASHINGTON STATE CHAPTER OF THE AWERICAN PUBLIC WORKS ASSOCIATION (APPUA) AND THE WASHINGTON STATE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, EXCEPT AS NOTED HEREIN OR ON THE STANDARD PLANS.
- 2. ALL SANITARY SEWER CONSTRUCTION IS SUBJECT TO INSPECTION AND APPROVAL BY THE CITY OF 2. ALL SAMMAN SEWER CONSTRUCTION SEVENT THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE ENGINEERING OFFICE AT BATTLE GROUND, PRIOR TO COVER, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE ENGINEERING OFFICE AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO THE START OF CONSTRUCTION. A PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING IS REQUIRED PRIOR TO THE BEGINNING OF CONSTRUCTION.
- 3. THE CONTRACTOR IS REQUIRED TO NOTIFY ALL UTILITIES 48 HOURS PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF WORK. THE CONTRACTOR MAY CONTACT THE UTILITY COORDINATING COUNCIL OF CLARK COUNTY (SSD-658-489) IN LIEU OF CONTACTING INDIVIDUAL UTILITIES.
- 4. LOCAL VARIATIONS IN SLOPE (® "BELLIES") MUST BE NO MORE THAN ∳" IN 84NCH PIPE, ≹" IN A 10° PIPE, AND 1" IN PIPES 12 INCHES OR GREATER IN DIAMETER. VARIATIONS IN EXCESS OF THESE TOLERANCES WUST BE REPAIRED AT THE CONTRACTORS EXPENSE TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE
- 5. ALL PIPE AND FITTINGS SHALL CONFORM TO THE FOLLOWING:
- A. CONCRETE PIPE, REINFORCED, SHALL CONFORM TO ASTM C 76, AND SHALL BE OF THE CLASS NOTED ON THE PLANS OR IN THE SPECIAL PROVISIONS.
- B. POLYVINYLCHLORIDE (PVC) SEWER PIPE 15" DIAMETER OR LESS SHALL CONFORM TO ASTM DIAMES, SOR 350 RA STIM F 789. IT SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM PIPE STIFFNESS OF 48 PSI, PVC PIPE 16" DIAMETER AND LARGER SHALL CONFORM TO ASTM F 679. A LIE PVC PIPE SHALL HAVE AN ELASTOMERIC GASKET AND SHALL BE FURNISHED IN 12-1/2 FOOT LAYING LENGTHS.
- C. DUCTILE IRON (DI) PIPE SHALL CONFORM TO ANSI A21.51 OR AWWA C-151, WITH PUSH-ON JOINTS, CLASS-52, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- 6. MANHOLES, CLEANOUTS, SERVICE LATERAL CONNECTIONS, TRENCH EXCAVATION, PIPE BEDDING AND STREET RESTORATION, AND APPURTENANCES SHALL CONFORM TO THE DETAILS SHOWN ON THE STANDARD PLANS. ALL OTHER CONSTRUCTION SHALL CONFORM TO THE LATEST STANDARD DETAILS CONTAINED IN THE "STANDARD PLANS FOR ROAD, BRIDGE AND MUNICIPAL CONSTRUCTION".
- 7. ALL SANITARY MANHOLES INSTALLED WITHIN AN EASEMENT OR OUTSIDE THE CITY RIGHT-OF-WAY SHALL HAVE LOCKING LID COVERS.
- B. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL OBTAIN A RIGHT-OF-WAY PERMIT OR APPROVED ENGINEERING PLANS FOR WORK WITHIN THE PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL SUBMIT AN APPROVED TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN. INSIDE THE CITY THIS PLAN SHALL BE APPROVED BY THE CITY RENINEER (260-342-5070) AND OLITSIDE THE CITY IT SHALL BE APPROVED BY THE CLAYK COUNTY TRAFFIC ENGINEER (287-2465 X 4944). APPROVAL SHALL BE OBTAINED PRIOR TO BEGINNING CONSTRUCTION.
- 9. ALL PIPES SHALL BE PLUGGED AT THE END OF EACH WORKING DAY.
- 10. ALL TRENCHES SHALL BE FILLED AND COMPACTED UP TIGHT AT THE END OF EACH WORKING DAY.
- 11. CLEAN OUT REQUIRED @ THE END OF MAIN LINES I.E. FUTURE STUB & CAP
- 12. PRE-PAVEMENT AS-BUILTS REQUIRED.





	MANHOLE FRAMES &	COVERS	3			SDANDAND DEDAL
CIID	CITY OF BATTLE GROUND APPROVED	REVISIONS:	DATE	DRAWN:	DESIGNED:	
(27	APPROVED	1	8/12/98	896	OCH	
		2	8/30/00	ALL	MCH	SS-2.3
lol lor		3	3/28/07	JEH	MCH	
The state of the s		4	2/11/06	RMU	NA.	
CE GRO	CITY ENGINEER DATE					





4 HOOP T & B

SECTION A-A

/-2" CLEAR (TOP HOOP)

NOTES:

UNIT "MH"

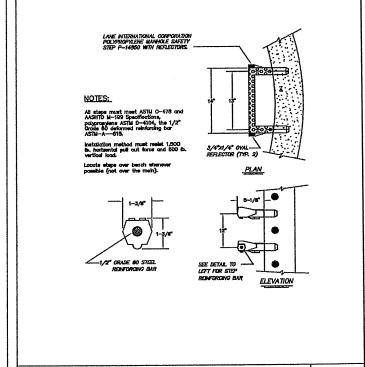
1. ALL PRECAST SECTIONS SHALL CONFORM TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF ASTM C-478. ALL POURED IN PLACE CONCRETE SHALL HAVE A 28 DAY STRENGTH OF 3000 P.S.L & 2" TO 4"

2. ALL REINFORCING SHALL BE GRADE 40 STEEL

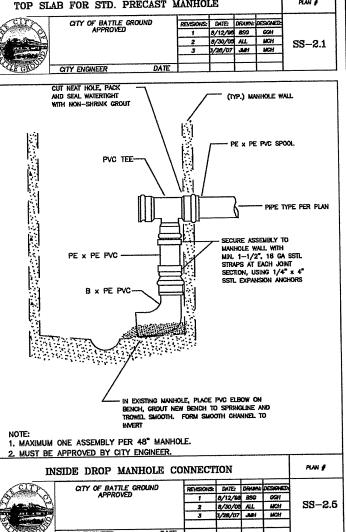
4. RAINGUARD REQUIRED. SEE DETAIL SS-2.0

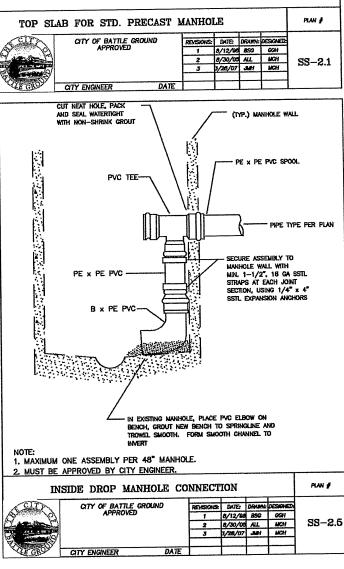
MANHOLES UNDER 6'-0" IN DEPTH FROM RIM TO SHELF SHALL HAVE UNIT "MH" TOP SLAB IN LIEU OF CONE.

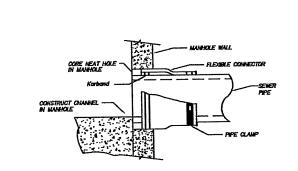
_1" CLEAR ALL BARS



	STEP DETAIL					PLAN #
STEP R	CITY OF BATTLE GROUND APPROVED	REVISIONS:	8/12/98	BSG	DESIGNED: GGH	
			8/30/05 3/28/07		MCH	SS-2.4
VIE GO	CITY ENGINEER DATE	 				







NOTES:

- 1. CONNECTIONS TO MANHOLE SHALL BE MADE WITH AN APPROVED EXPANSION TYPE RUBBER BOOT; KOR-M-SEAL (*) OR SEALTITE (*), (NO FLEX JONT REQUENCE), FOR ALL PIPES UP TO 18°, LARGER PIPES WILL BE HANDLED ON A CASE-BY-CASE BASIS.
- 2. CORE NEAT HOLE IN MANHOLE AND INSTALL BOOT AS REQUIRED PER MANNEACTURER'S SPECIFICATIONS.
- 3. STUB-OUTS INSTALLED FOR FUTURE EXTENSIONS ARE TO BE

S	TANDARD MANHOLE CO	NNECTIO	N DE	TAIL	3	PLAN #
STEET OF	CITY OF BATTLE GROUND APPROVED	REVISIONS	DATE: 8/12/98		DESIGNED:	
			8/30/05	ALL	MCH	SS-2.2
	CITY ENGINEER DAT	E	7-7-			



- WHERE DIRECTED BY THE EMGNEER GRANDLAR TREINCH FOUNDATION STABILIZATION SHALL BE PLACED PRIOR TO PLACEMENT OF THE BEDDING, SZIE AND DEPTH ARE DEPEND
- BEDDING AND BACKFILL MATERALS IN THE PIPE ZONE SHALL BE COMPATED AS SPECIFIED PROOR TO BACKFILING THE REJIANDER OF THE TRENCH.

LEDGEND:

OD = OUTSDE DAMETER

DEPTH OF BEDDING MATERIAL BELOW RPE

6 (min) [3]

	10	i (min) 3
	27" & SMALLER	4"
	LARGER THAN 27°	6"
E E Fi	R ROCK AND OTHER R ITERALS, THE TRENCH COVATED A MINIMUM O LLED WITH GRANULAR I RECTED BY THE ENGINE	SHALL BE OVER- F 6" AND RE- ANTEINL AS
Ŕ	PORTED GRANULAR MAT DR UTILITY TRENCH BAC IE CONTACTOR SHALL I	KFILL

- AR MATERIAL SHALL BE U BACKFILL LL NOTHY THE ENGINEER PRIOR TO USE.

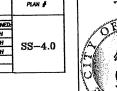
PIPE BEDDING (RIGID PIPE)					PLAN #		
E CITA	CITY OF BATTLE GR APPROVED	OUND	REVISIONS:	BATE: 8/12/96 8/30/05 3/26/07	BSG ALL	DESIGNED: GGH MCH MCH	SS-4.0
TE GRO	CITY ENGINEER	DATE					

TRENCH WIDTH

VIXIXIXIX

GRANULAR FOUNDATION

ORANULAR BACKFILL
PER INSDOT 9-03.12
958 COMPACTION -WITH AASHTO
MODIFIED T 180



HOURS YOU DIG

GROUND REPAIR BATTLE SEWER CITY OF CEDARS

ETAIL

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GROUND

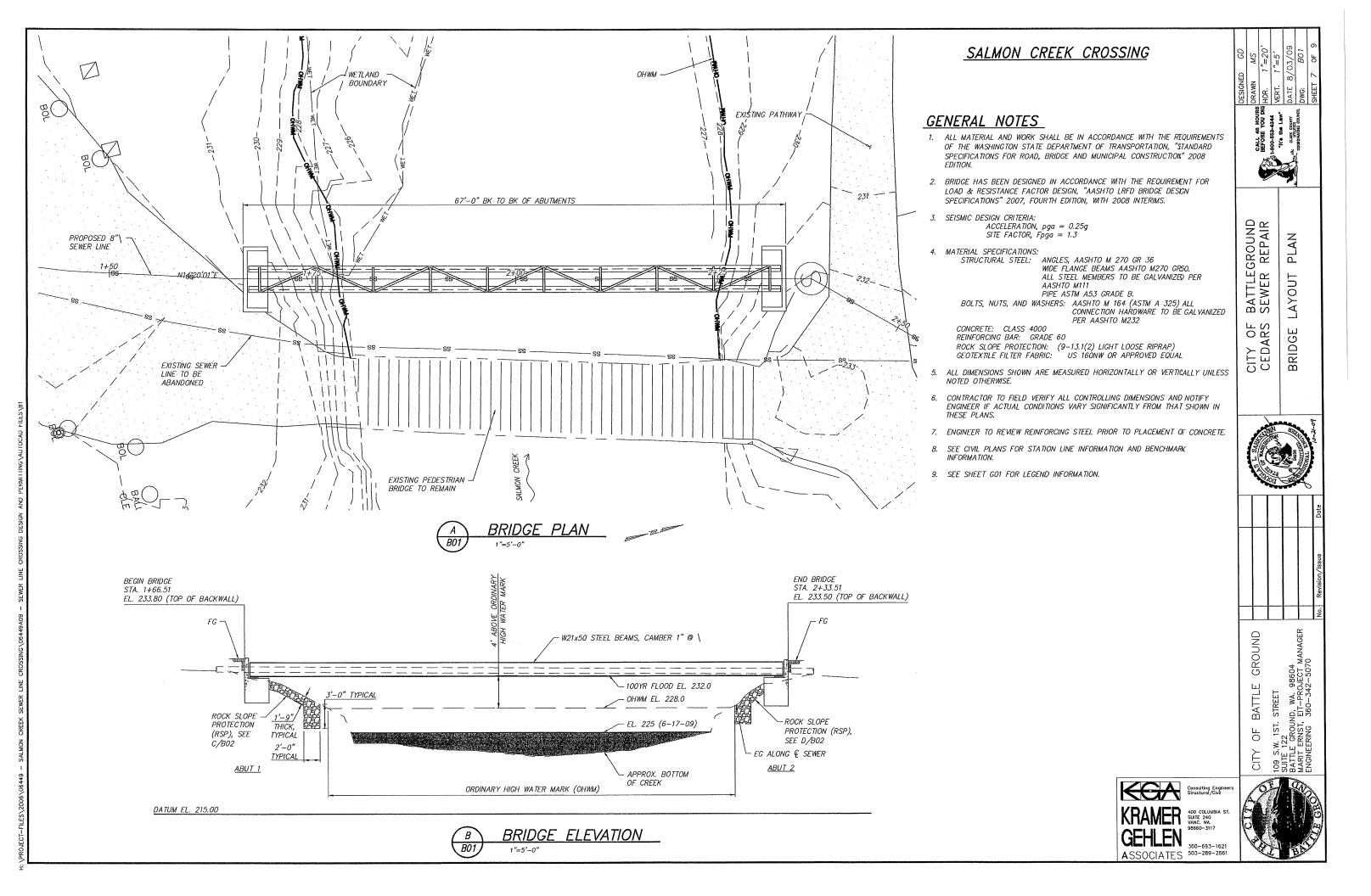
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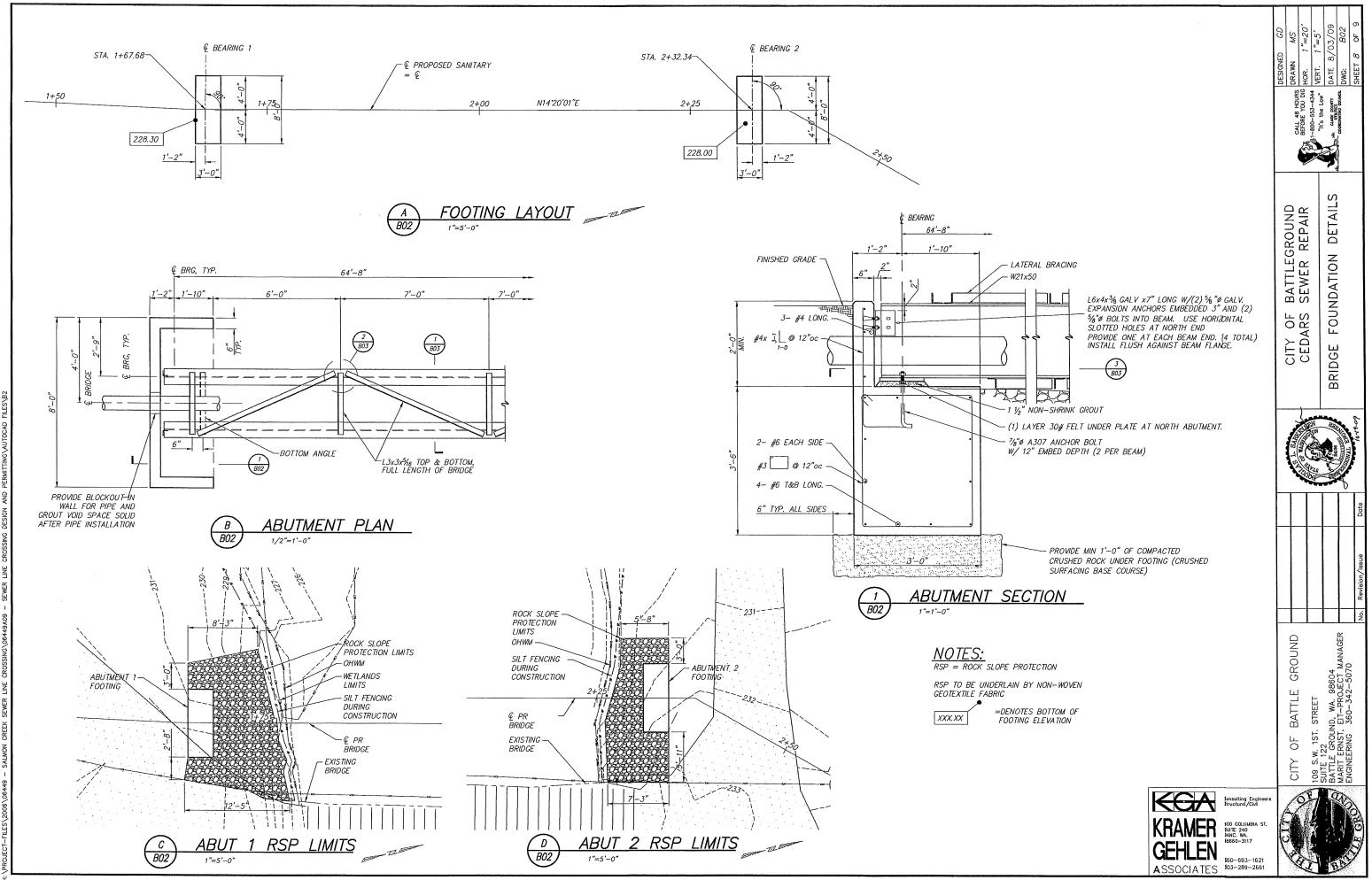
BATTLE

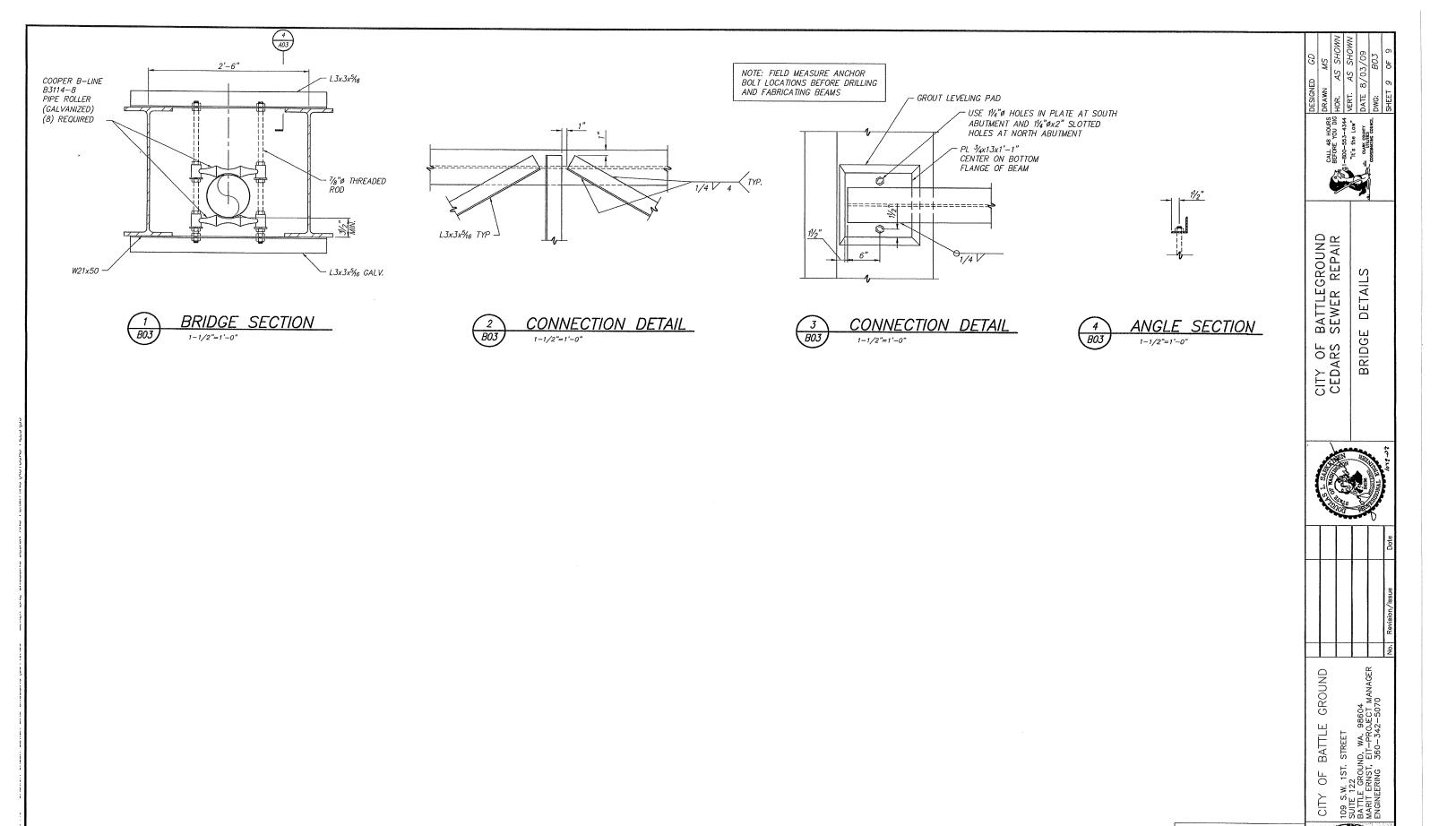
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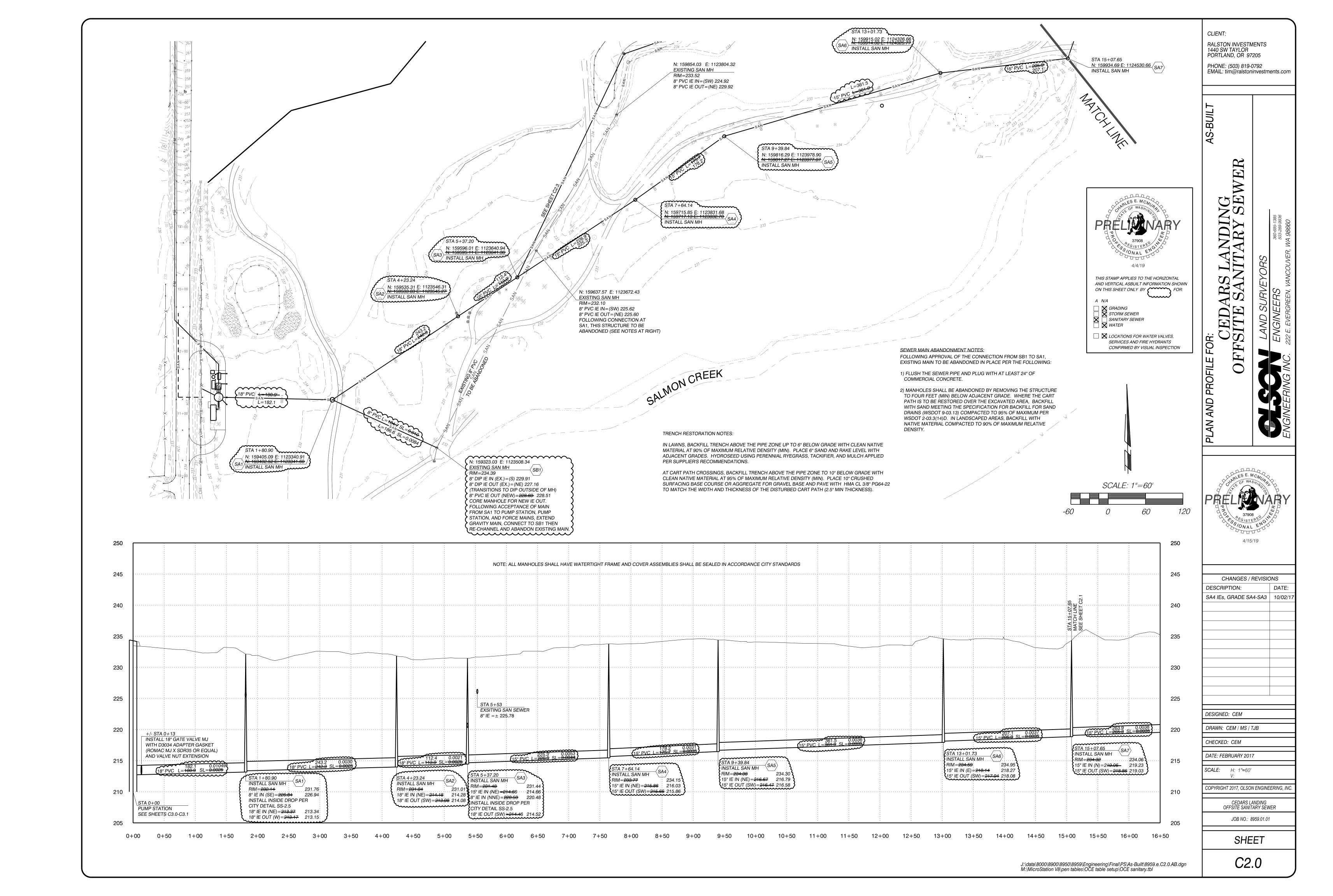


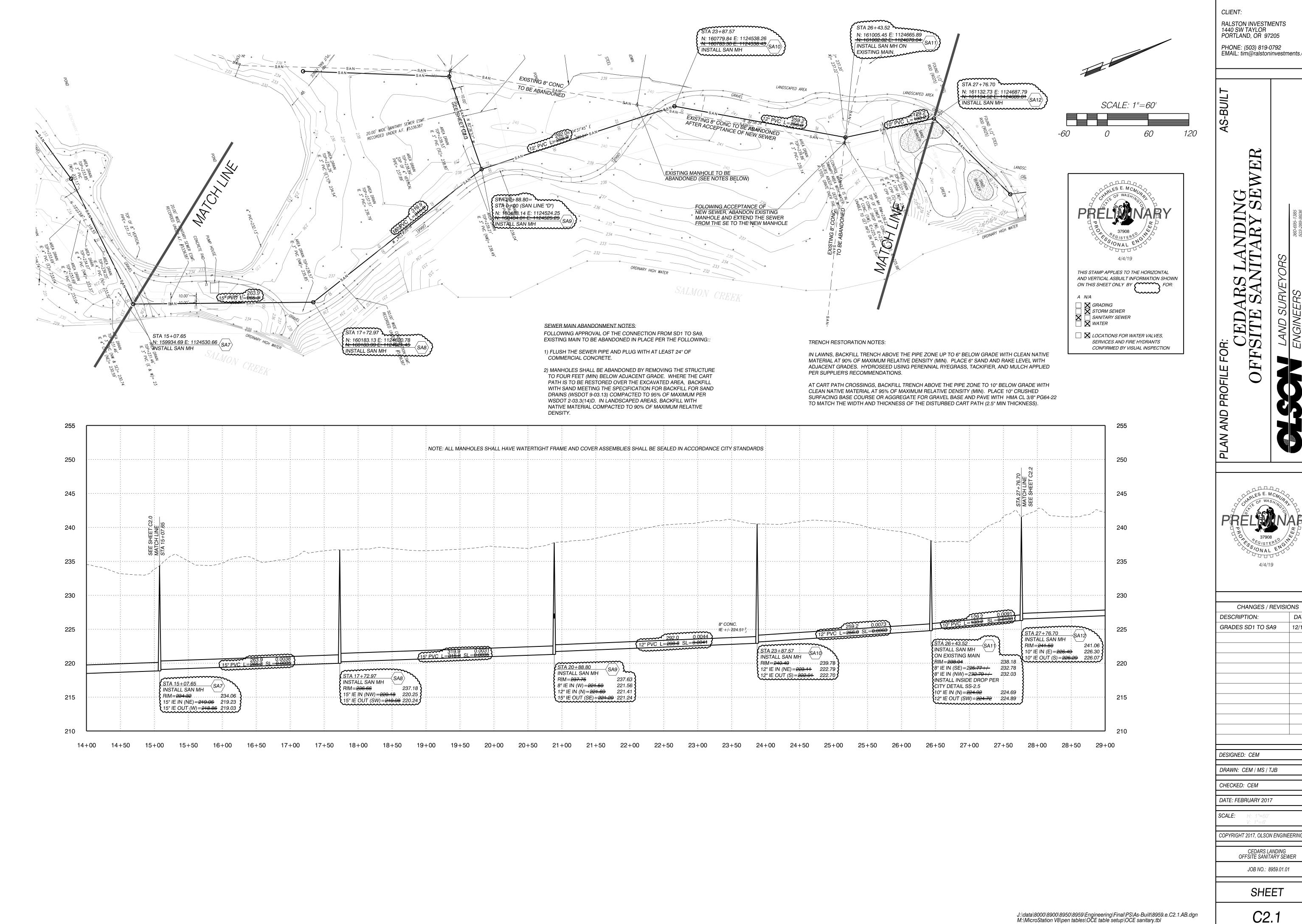












RALSTON INVESTMENTS 1440 SW TAYLOR PORTLAND, OR 97205 PHONE: (503) 819-0792 EMAIL: tim@ralstoninvestments.com

GRADES SD1 TO SA9 12/13/17 DRAWN: CEM / MS / TJB

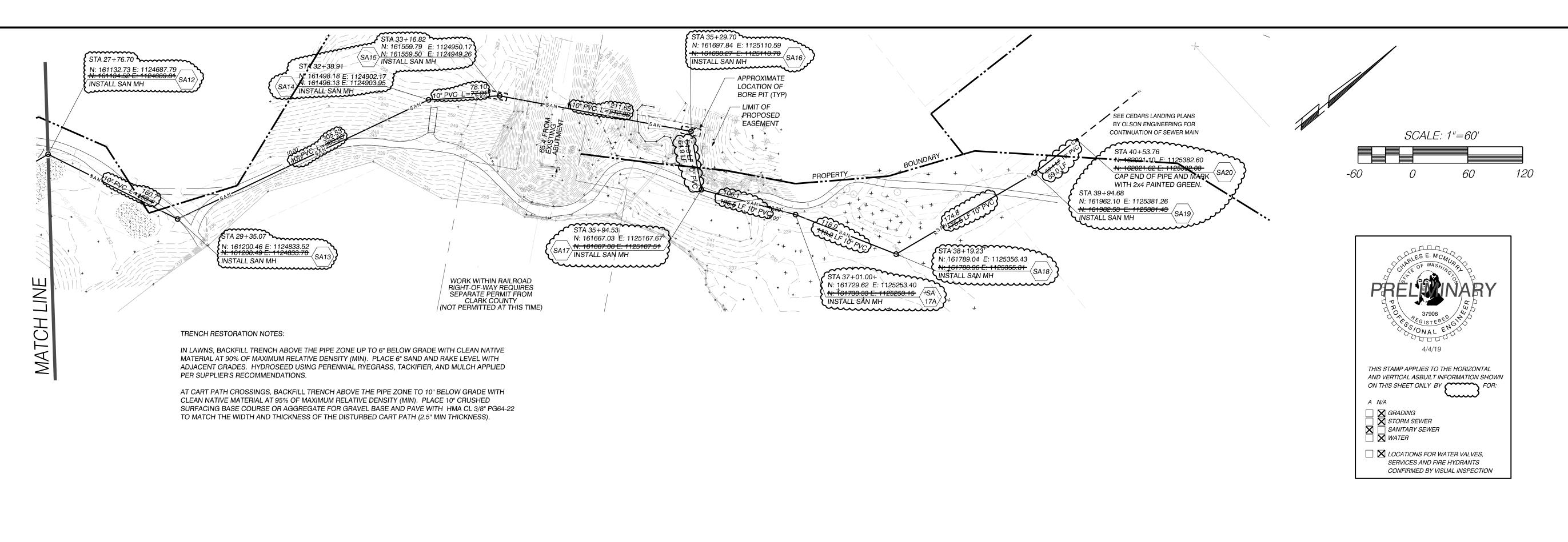
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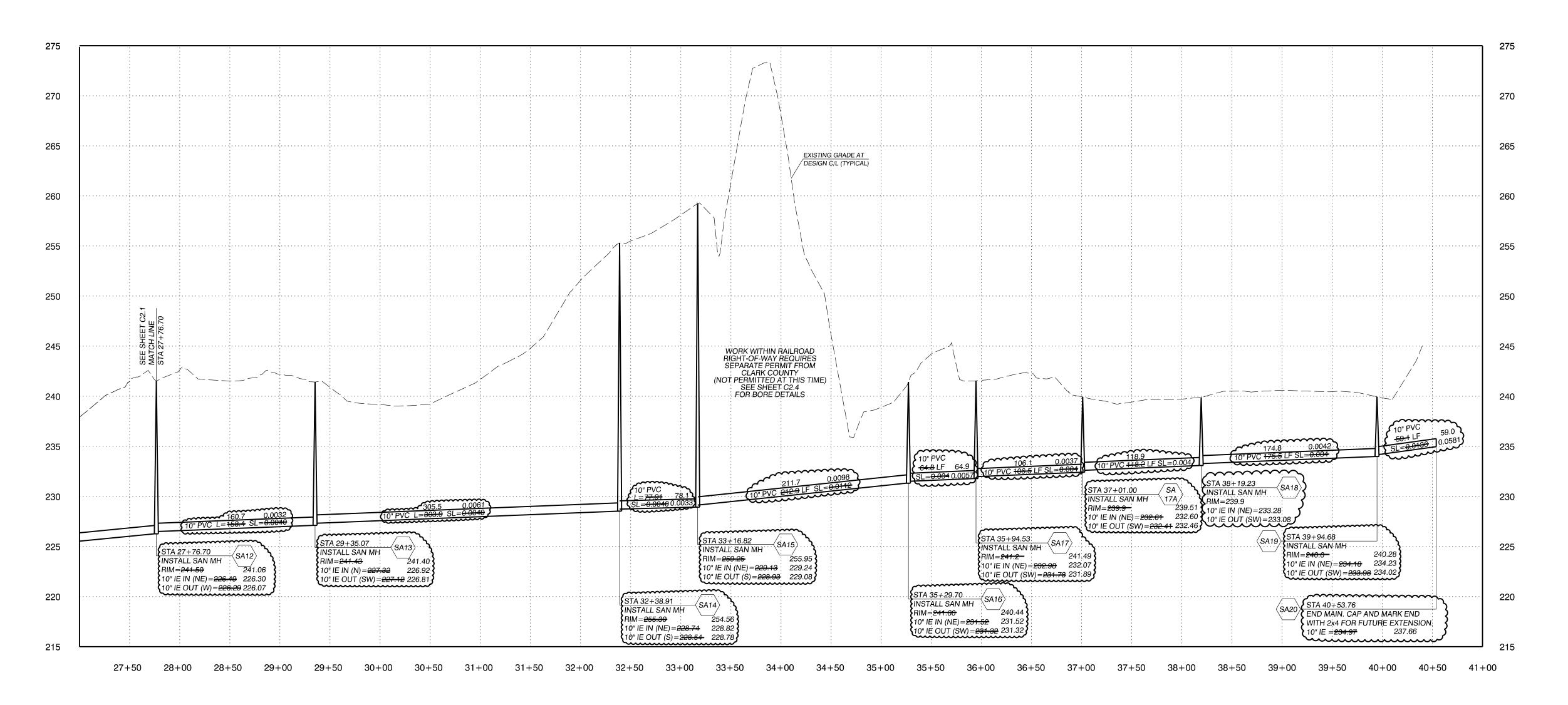
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CEDARS LANDING OFFSITE SANITARY SEWER

SHEET

C2.1





CLIENT: RALSTON INVESTMENTS 1440 SW TAYLOR PORTLAND, OR 97205 PHONE: (503) 819-0792 EMAIL: tim@ralstoninvestments.com

CHANGES / REVISIONS DATE: DESCRIPTION: REALIGN RAILROAD BORE | 12/4/17 REALIGN RAILROAD BORE | 5/21/18 DESIGNED: CEM DRAWN: CEM / MS / TJB CHECKED: CEM DATE: FEBRUARY 2017 COPYRIGHT 2017, OLSON ENGINEERING, IN

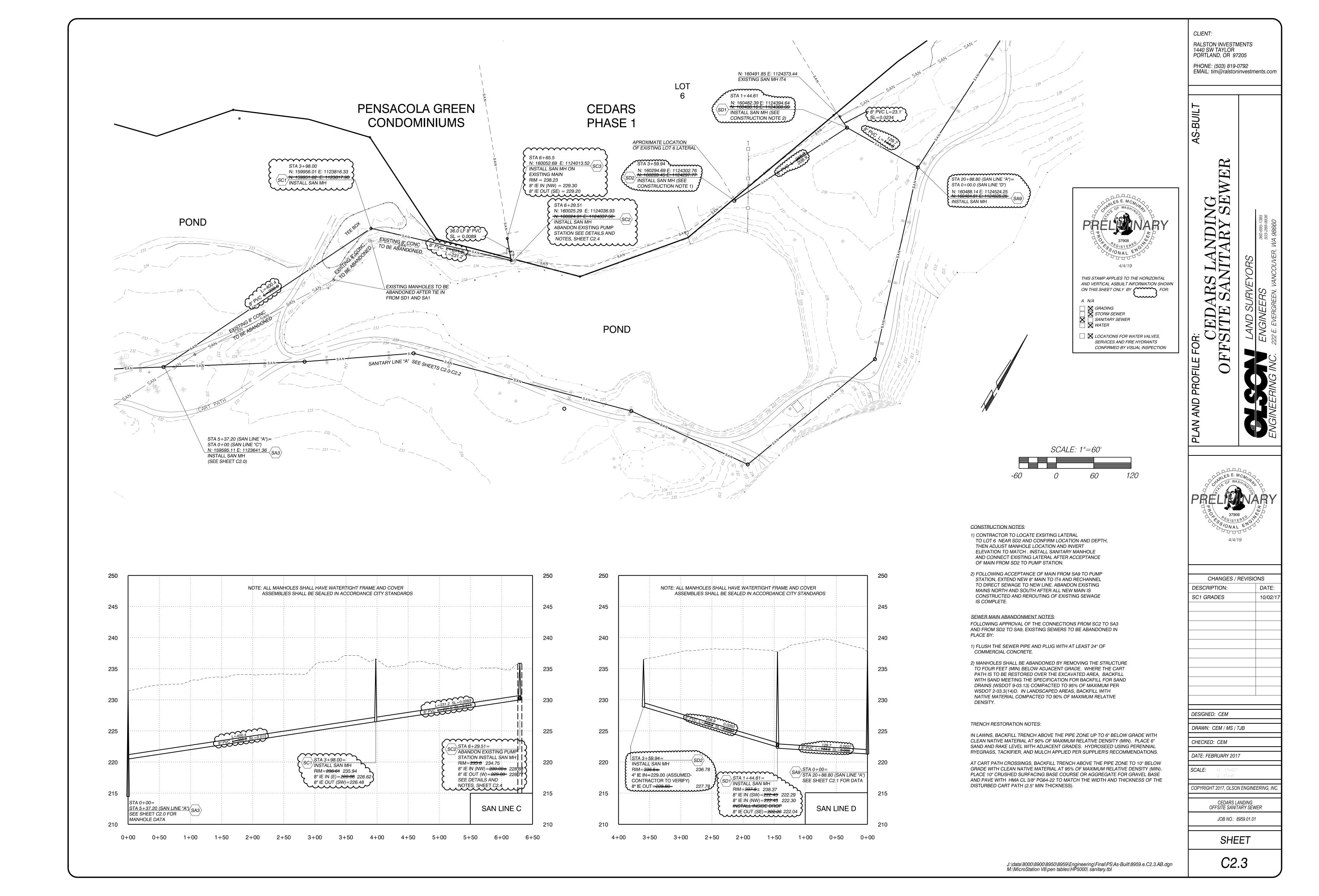
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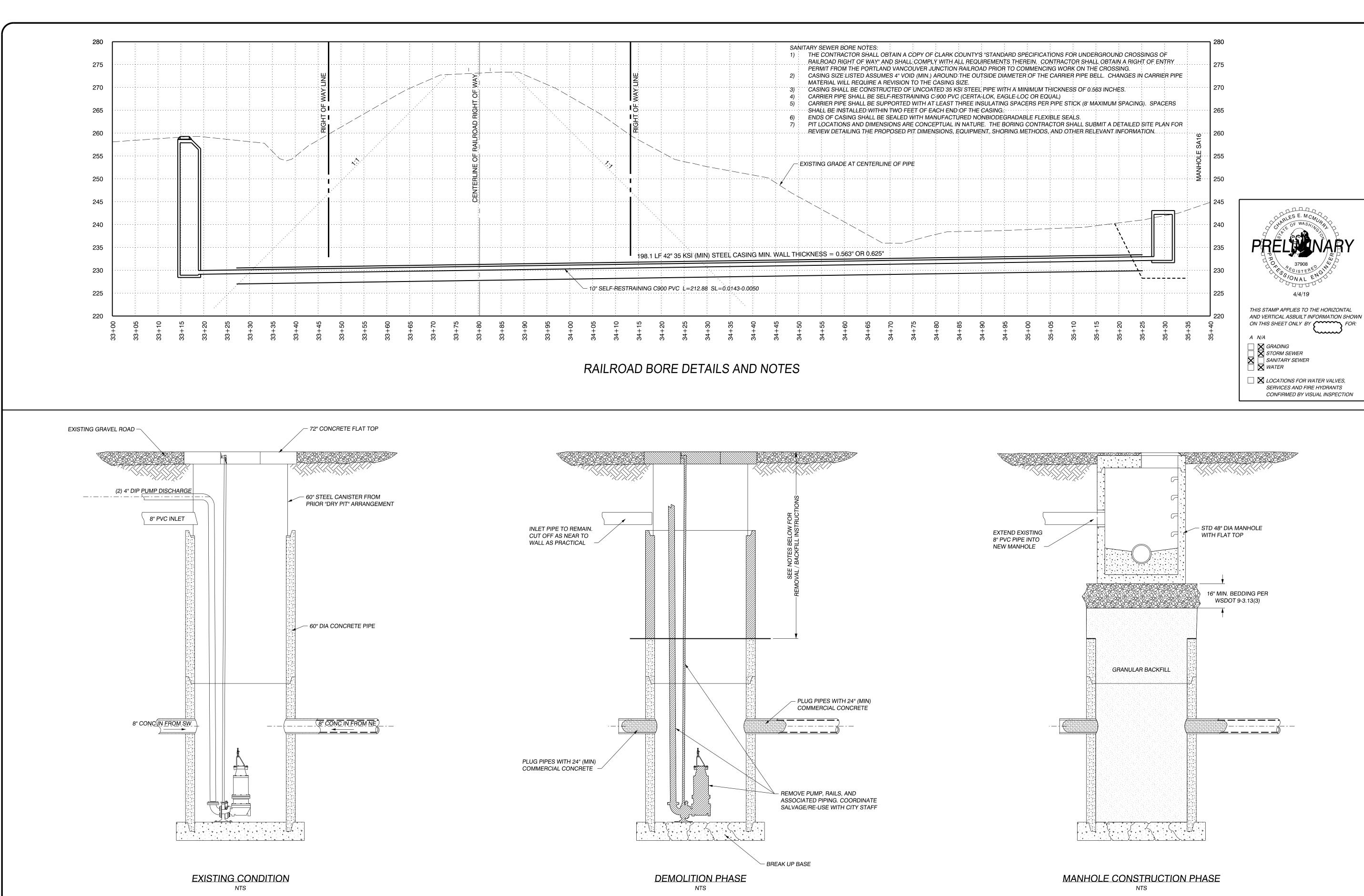
C2.2

SHEET

CEDARS LANDING OFFSITE SANITARY SEWER

JOB NO.: 8959.01.01





ELEMENTS SHOWN HAVE BEEN ROTATED FROM

FOR CURRENT ORIENTATION

THEIR TRUE POSITION FOR CLARITY. SEE PLAN VIEW

DRAWN: CEM / MS / TJB CHECKED: CEM REMOVE / DEMOLISH WET WELL TO A POINT AT LEAST 3' BELOW THE PROPOSED MANHOLE BASE. DATE: FEBRUARY 2017 FILL WITH FREE DRAWING GRANULAR BACKFILL. CONTRACTOR TO SUBMIT PREFERRED MATERIAL FOR ENGINEER'S APPROVAL PRIOR TO PLACEMENT. CEDARS LANDING OFFSITE SANITARY SEWER PUMP STATION ABANDONMENT DETAILS

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CLIENT: RALSTON INVESTMENTS 1440 SW TAYLOR PORTLAND, OR 97205 PHONE: (503) 819-0792 EMAIL: tim@ralstoninvestments.com

E AND PUMP STA CEDA OFFSITE

CHANGES / REVISIONS DESCRIPTION: BORE DETAILS 1/12/18 CASING SIZE 5/4/18 **BORE ALIGNMENT** 5/21/18

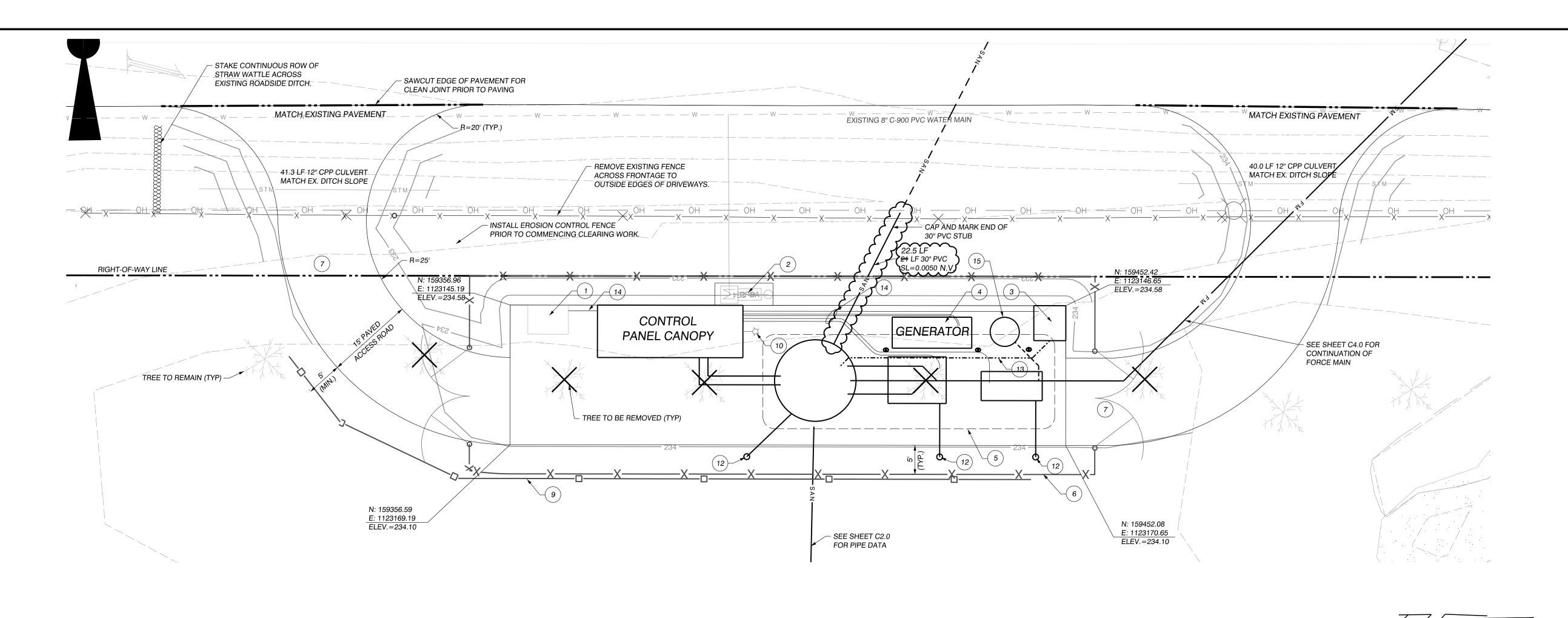
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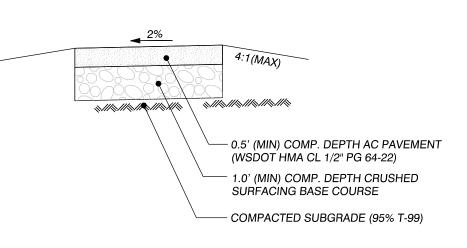


THE FOLLOWING ITEMS SHALL BE PRESENTED AS DEFERRED SUBMITTALS

- CONTROL PANEL (BASED ON CITY OF BATTLE GROUND DETAILS SS-6.4, SS-6.5, SS-6.6 AND SS-6.7)
 CONTROL PANEL CANOPY STRUCTURE
- GENERATOR AND AUTOMATIC TRANSFER SWITCH
- SAFETY NETTING AND SUPPORT STRUCTUREELECTRICAL & INSTRUMENTATION
- SITE CONSTRUCTION NOTES

(1) INSTALL TRANSFORMER. CONFIRM SIZE AND CLEARANCE REQUIREMENTS WITH CPU AND THE ELECTRICAL PANEL/CONTROL DESIGNER

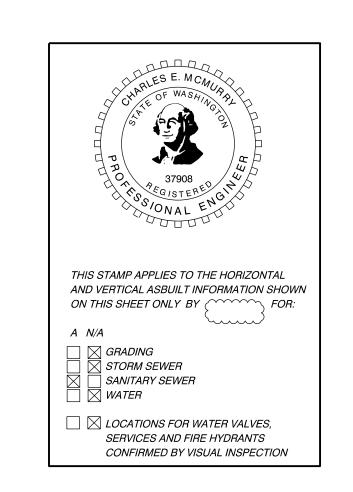
- 2 5/8" WATER METER, REDUCED PRESSURE BACKFLOW ASSEMBLY, YARD HYDRANT, AND HOSE REEL PER CITY OF BATTLE GROUND DETAIL SS-6.2
- BIOXIDE TANK PAD SIZE TO PROVIDE 6" CLEAR SLAB AREA ON ALL SIDES OF BIOXIDE SYSTEM. CONSTRUCT SLAB OF 4000 PSI CONCRETE 6" THICK WITH NO. 5 REBAR 12" O.C. SPACING BOTH WAYS CENTERED IN SLAB. CHAMFER ALL SLAB EDGES 3/4". SUPPLY AND CONNECT BIOXIDE INJECTION SYSTEM IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS AND CITY OF BATTLE GROUND REQUIREMENTS.
- (4) GENERATOR MEETING CITY OF BATTLE GROUND REQUIREMENTS:
- DIESEL FUEL
 - SIZED TO OPERATE ALL FACILITIES - SEISMIC RESTRAINTS
 - ENCLOSURE RATED AT 60db
 - NO TURBOCHARGER
 ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS LISTED IN BATTLE GROUND WASTEWATER PUMP STATION AND PRESSURE SEWER DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS
 - ANCHOR TO CONCRETE SLAB PER MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THIS SEISMIC HAZARD ZONE. SLAB TO BE CONSTRUCTED TO SAME SPECIFICATIONS DESCRIBED FOR BIOXIDE SYSTEM ABOVE.
- 5 SEE SHEET C3.1 FOR WET WELL, VALVE VAULT, AND METER VAULT DETAILS
- 6 6' HIGH BLACK VINYL-COATED CHAIN LINK FENCING (CITY OF BATTLE GROUND DETAIL ST-8.0) WITH 6" X 10" LANDSCAPE CURB CENTERED BELOW FENCE.
- 7 16' DOUBLE GATE (PER WSDOT STD. PLAN L-30.10-02)
- (8) NOT USE
- 9 INSTALL GOLF SAFETY NETTING. HEIGHT TO MATCH THAT PREVIOUSLY INSTALLED APPROXIMATELY 400 FEET NORTH OF THE PUMP STATION SITE.
- (10) INSTALL YARD LIGHT AS HIGH AS PRACTICAL ON END OF CONTROL PANEL COVER.
- 11) ALL UNPAVED AREAS WITHIN THE PROPOSED CHAIN LINK FENCE SHALL STRIPPED. FOLLOWING GRADING, APPLY PRE-EMERGENT HERBICIDE, INSTALL COMMERCIAL GRADE WEED BARRIER, AND TOP WITH 4" THICK LAYER OF RIVER ROCK.
- VENT PIPE. EXTEND ABOVE GRADE AND INSTALL DOWNTURNED ELBOW WITH MESH INSECT AND RODENT SCREEN. DOWNTURNED OPENING SHALL BE AT LEAST TWELVE INCHES ABOVE AD IACENT GRADE
- (13) 1/2" HIGH DENSITY POLYETHYLENE TUBING FOR CALCIUM NITRATE (BIOXIDE) ODOR CONTROL SYSTEM.
- (14) EXTEND CONDUIT FROM CONTROL PANEL TO VAULTS, TRANSFORMER, GENERATOR, AND ODOR CONTROL SYSTEM. NUMBER AND SIZE TO BE DETERMINED BY ELECTRICAL DESIGNER.
- 15) AIR RELEASE ASSEMBLY (SEE SHEET C3.1)



PAVEMENT SECTION

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COMPLY WITH ALL APPLICABLE CITY OF BATTLE GROUND EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL STANDARDS AS FOLLOWS:

- 1) CREATE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE(S) AT PROPOSED DRIVEWAY(S).
- 2) COORDINATE WITH GOLF COURSE FOR EMPLOYEE PARKING AND MATERIAL STAGING AT NEARBY MAINTENANCE LOT.
- 3) MINIMIZE REMOVAL OF EXISTING TOPSOIL AND VEGETATION.
- 4) FOLLOWING CONSTRUCTION, RESTORE DISTURBED SURFACES IN ACCORDANCE WITH RESTORATION PLAN TO BE PUBLISHED BY OLSON ENGINEERING FOLLOWING CONSULTATION WITH GOLF COURSE OWNER AND DEVELOPER.
- 5) EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES SHOWN ARE BASED ON DRY WEATHER CONSTRUCTION. ADDITIONAL EFFORT AND BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE APPLICATION MAY BE REQUIRED DURING PERIODS OF WET WEATHER.



CLIENT:

RALSTON INVESTMENTS
1440 SW TAYLOR
PORTLAND, OR 97205

PHONE: (503) 819-0792
EMAIL: tim@ralstoninvestments.com

UMP STATION SITE PLAN FOR:

CEDARS LANDING

OFFSITE SANITARY SEWER

THESE. MCMURRY

OF WASHINGTO

37908

37908

OR SEGISTERED

ONAL EN

CHANGES / REVISIONS

DESCRIPTION: DATE:

DRIVEWAY REALIGNMENT 11/16/17

DESIGNED: CEM

DRAWN: CEM / MS / TJB

CHECKED: CEM

DATE: FEBRUARY 2017

SCALE: H: 1"=XX' /:

SHEET

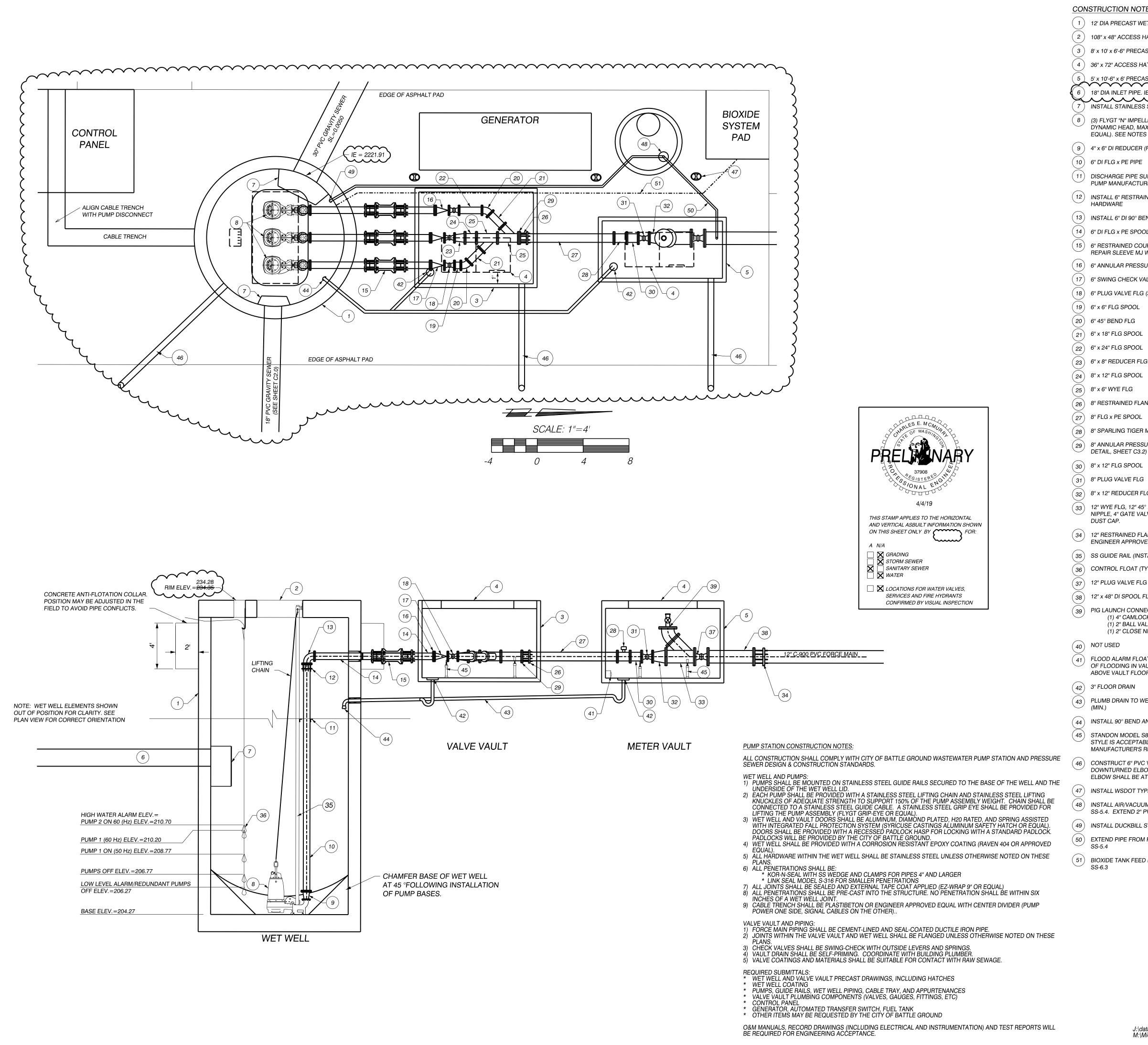
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CEDARS LANDING OFFSITE SANITARY SEWER

JOB NO.: 8959.01.01

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SCALE: 1"=10'



CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

1) 12' DIA PRECAST WET WELL

2) 108" x 48" ACCESS HATCH, OFFSET TO ONE SIDE. SEE NOTE BELOW.

3) 8' x 10' x 6'-6" PRECAST VALVE VAULT

4) 36" x 72" ACCESS HATCH. SEE NOTE BELOW.

5'_x 10'-6" x 6' PRECAST METER VAULT

6) 18" DIA INLET PIPE. IE=212.71 211.25

INSTALL STAINLESS STEEL DEFLECTOR PANEL (SEE DETAIL, SHEET C3.2)

8) (3) FLYGT "N" IMPELLER PUMP CAPABLE OF 375 GPM AT 96 FEET OF TOTAL DYNAMIC HEAD, MAX SPEED 1750 RPM, (MODEL NP 3171 HT3~455 25 HP OR EQUAL). SEE NOTES BELOW FOR ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

(9) 4" x 6" DI REDUCER (FLG)

(10) 6" DI FLG x PE PIPE

11) DISCHARGE PIPE SUPPORT (SEE DETAIL, SHEET C3.2). IF RECOMMENDED BY PUMP MANUFACTURER, EXTEND SUPPORT BRACKET TO PUMP GUIDE RAILS

ig(12 ig) INSTALL 6" RESTRAINED FLANGE COUPLING ADAPTER WITH STAINLESS STEEL HARDWARE

(13) INSTALL 6" DI 90° BEND FLG

(14) 6" DI FLG x PE SPOOL

15) 6" RESTRAINED COUPLER (EBAA 3800, SMITH-BLAIR MAXI-GRIP, OR EQUAL) OR DI REPAIR SLEEVE MJ WITH RESTRAINT (MEGA-LUG OR EQUAL)

(16) 6" ANNULAR PRESSURE SEAL WITH GAUGE (SEE DETAIL, SHEET C3.2) (3 REQ'D)

17) 6" SWING CHECK VALVE WITH OUTSIDE LEVER AND SPRING FLG (3 REQ'D)

18) 6" PLUG VALVE FLG (3 REQ'D)

(19) 6" x 6" FLG SPOOL

(20) 6" 45° BEND FLG

['] 21) 6" x 18" FLG SPOOL

22) 6" x 24" FLG SPOOL

(25) 8" x 6" WYE FLG

(26) 8" RESTRAINED FLANGE ADAPTER (EBAA Z100 OR EQUAL)

(28) 8" SPARLING TIGER MAG ELECTROMANETIC FLOW METER FLG

 $\left(29
ight)$ 8" ANNULAR PRESSURE SEAL WITH PRESSURE TRANSDUCER AND GAUGE (SEE

(30) 8" x 12" FLG SPOOL

(31) 8" PLUG VALVE FLG

(32) 8" x 12" REDUCER FLG

(33) 12" WYE FLG, 12" 45° BEND FLG, 12" BLIND FLANGE TAPPED FOR 4" IPS, 4" CLOSE NIPPLE, 4" GATE VALVE FIPS, 4" CAMLOCK x MIPS FITTING, AND 4" CAMLOCK

(34) 12" RESTRAINED FLANGE COUPLING ADAPTER (ROMAC RFCA, EBAA 2100, OR

(35) SS GUIDE RAIL (INSTALL PER PUMP MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS)

(36) CONTROL FLOAT (TYP.)

(37) 12" PLUG VALVE FLG

(38) 12" x 48" DI SPOOL FLG

(39) PIG LAUNCH CONNECTOR. CONTRACTOR TO SUPPLY: (1) 4" CAMLOCK x 2" MIPS FITTING (1) 2" BALL VALVE SS FIPS

(1) 2" CLOSE NIPPLE SS

(40) NOT USED

(41) FLOOD ALARM FLOAT. FLOAT TO SEND SIGNAL TO SCADA TO ALARM OPERATOR $^\prime$ OF FLOODING IN VAULT. ALARM SHALL TRIGGER WHEN LIQUID REACHES 6" ABOVE VAULT FLOOR.

(42) 3" FLOOR DRAIN

 $\left(43\right)$ PLUMB DRAIN TO WET WELL. MATERIAL SHALL MEET PLUMBLING CODE SL=2%

(44) INSTALL 90° BEND AND DUCKBILL STYLE CHECK VALVE

(45) STANDON MODEL S89 OR S92 PIPE SUPPORT (EITHER FLANGE OR CRADLE STYLE IS ACCEPTABLE IN ALL LOCATIONS). INSTALL AND ANCHOR PER MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS.

(46) CONSTRUCT 6" PVC VENT PIPE. EXTEND VENT ABOVE GRADE, INSTALL DOWNTURNED ELBOW AND INSECT AND RODENT SCREENS. BOTTOM OF ELBOW SHALL BE AT LEAST TWELVE INCHES ABOVE ADJACENT GRADE.

(47) INSTALL WSDOT TYPE 1 BOLLARD OR CITY APPROVED EQUAL.

(48) INSTALL AIR/VACUUM VALVE ASSEMBLY PER CITY OF BATTLE GROUND DETAIL SS-5.4. EXTEND 2" PVC DISCHARGE TO WET WELL.

ig(49 ig) INSTALL DUCKBILL STYLE CHECK VALVE AT END OF DRAIN LINE.

(50) EXTEND PIPE FROM FORCE MAIN TO AIR VALVE PER CITY DETAIL SS-5.4

(51) BIOXIDE TANK FEED LINE PER CITY OF BATTLE GROUND DETAIL

CLIENT: RALSTON INVESTMENTS 1440 SW TAYLOR

PORTLAND, OR 97205 PHONE: (503) 819-0792 EMAIL: tim@ralstoninvestments.com

ES E. MCM 4/4/19

CHANGES / REVISIONS

WET WELL ELEVATIONS | 9/6/17

DATE:

10/02/17

DESCRIPTION:

PUMP SPECS

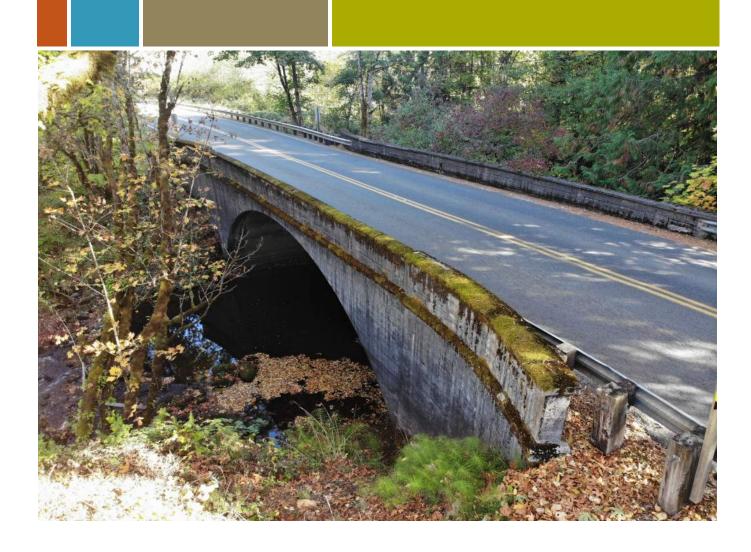
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JOB NO.: 8959.01.01

C3.1

SHEET

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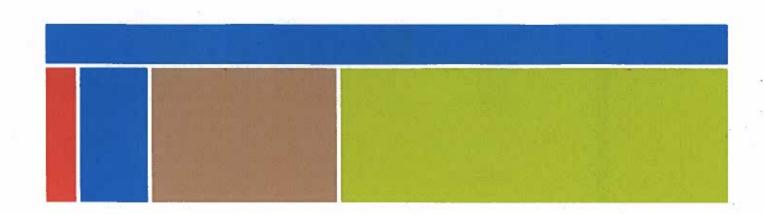
Salmon Creek Bridge Scour Repair Project

Hydraulic Report

Salmon Creek Bridge #331 NE Caples Road, 0.39 mi. N of NE 159th Street – CRP 381722

Submitted to: Clark County Public Works 1300 Franklin Street Vancouver, WA 98660 August 30, 2019 Prepared By: Otak, Inc. 700 Washington Street, Suite 300 Vancouver, WA 98660 Project No. 19047







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Introduction

Salmon Creek Bridge #331 is one of three existing scour critical bridges programmed for repairs in Clark County's 2018-2023 Transportation Improvement Program (TIP). Otak was hired to develop the engineering design and construction documents needed to construct scour countermeasures for the three bridges, including Salmon Creek Bridge.

In addition to the scour countermeasures the project will address the rehabilitation of the concrete substructure for Salmon Creek Bridge.

This report describes the hydraulic analyses conducted for the design of scour countermeasures at Salmon Creek Bridge. The work documented in this report was carried out by Otak, Inc. (Otak) under contract with Clark County Public Works (County). This work includes the following tasks:

- Review of background information and field investigations to evaluate existing hydraulic conditions.
- Review of existing hydrologic analysis to establish design flows.
- Hydraulic analyses and review of existing hydraulic models.
- Scour analyses to support the scour countermeasure design and development of the scour countermeasure design.
- Floodplain analyses to determine any impacts to Base (100-year) Flood Elevations to support No-Rise Certification.

Project Location

Salmon Creek Bridge #331 is located where NE Caples Road (Old State Highway 503) crosses over Salmon Creek just upstream of the confluence with Weaver Creek. The location of Salmon Creek Bridge is depicted in **Figure 1 in Appendix A**.

Existing Conditions

Salmon Creek Bridge #331 is located on NE Caples Road, between NE 163rd St. and NE 169th St. Built in 1923, the bridge has a 50-foot span and is 24 feet wide. A Photo Log of the site is included in **Appendix B**. The structure is a concrete Luten Arch that is backfilled with soil and base course to accommodate the asphalt roadway surface. A private pond overflow and roadside ditch discharges to the creek at the southeast bridge corner. Just upstream of the ditch discharge point, there are two trees that have been undercut by streamflow and are leaning towards the creek. The area north of the creek on both sides of the road is a Washington Department of Transportation (WSDOT) wetland mitigation area.





A Phase One and Two Scour Analysis was conducted by Vigil-Agrimis, Inc. in 2006. This analysis used hydraulic calculations to determine the bridge had a scour code of 5 indicating that the bridge foundations were stable. County bridge inspectors visually observed significant scour at both footings in 2016 and 2017 and adjusted the scour code to 3 indicating that the bridge foundations were unstable. The complete list of bridge scour ratings from the Washington State Bridge System Coding Guide has been included in **Appendix C**.

The available as-built drawings show an apparent arch bottom elevation (no separate spread footing) and attached side panels, called spandrel walls, that form the trough-like Luten structure that is backfilled for the asphalt paved road surface. Design assumptions related to the existing bridge configuration are based on these as-built drawings.

Upstream of the Salmon Creek bridge, there is a steep slope consisting of hardened soils along the left bank. The right bank has an active floodplain that shows some interaction with Weaver Creek that merges with Salmon Creek downstream of the bridge.

The road embankment is approximately 17 feet higher than the stream and does not overtop during any of the modeled flood flows, including the 500-year recurrence interval. Events larger than the 500-year recurrence interval were not modeled. The bridge spans the main channel, resulting in constriction to only the flows that are spread out onto the floodplain.

Downstream of the crossing, the floodplain is active on both sides of the channel. Salmon Creek flows between several ponds and wetland mitigation areas while converging with Weaver Creek.

The following graphics have been included in the report appendices:

- Figure 2 in Appendix A shows the existing plan view for this bridge.
- Appendix B includes field reconnaissance photos of the bridge and surrounding features.
- Appendix C includes the available bridge as-built drawings.

Field reconnaissance of Salmon Creek at the Salmon Creek Bridge site was conducted by Otak staff on January 14th, 2019. Observations were made of the general characteristics of the creek in the vicinity of the bridge, the condition of the existing bridge, the lateral and vertical stability of the channel, evidence of general and local scour, and bed material characteristics. The field reconnaissance was followed up by a desktop review of available mapping and other information on the creek.

Salmon Creek shows minimal evidence of vertical or lateral instability near the Salmon Creek Bridge site. Gravel bars were observed upstream and downstream of the bridge. The existing channel at Salmon

Creek Bridge consists of primarily cobbles, gravels, and silts. There are large riprap pieces located within the channel in the direct vicinity of the bridge and a row of boulders spanning the channel downstream of the bridge.

Pebble counts (Wolman methodology) were conducted to inform the existing streambed gradation. This information was then used in scour calculations, as well as for sizing streambed material to be placed during construction. The existing streambed consists of coarse gravel and silt with median diameter (D_{50}) of 1.42 inches.

Hydrologic Data

Peak discharges used in the hydraulic analysis and design of the scour repair were taken from the Effective FIS for Clark County. The flows are derived from a 2002 Hydrological Simulation Program Fortran (HSPF) model from 2002, according to the FIS. **Table 1** lists the flood flows at Salmon Creek Bridge in cubic feet per second (cfs).

Table 1—Peak Flows for Salmon Creek Bridge Project Reach

Recurrence Interval (years)	Salmon Creek Bridge Discharge (cfs)
10	1,640
50	2,310
100	2,630
500	3,480

Hydraulic Model Development

The hydraulic design process consisted of modeling the Project reach under existing conditions using existing data provided by the County. The model results were used to aid the Project design with the goal of meeting the following criteria:

- Repair existing bridge scour
- Protect bridge from future scour
- Ensure no-rise conditions are met

A hydraulic analysis of Salmon Creek for the project reach was performed to provide a sound basis for the hydraulic design of the proposed scour repair and to analyze impacts to base flood elevations. The analysis was carried out using the USACE HEC-RAS computer software v5.0.6 to create a one-dimensional hydraulic model. The model was based on the hydraulic model used for the Effective Flood Insurance Study for Clark County (Effective FIS) that was provided by the County, with additional detail added based on a local survey of the site conducted by the County and LIDAR data in the floodplain from 2002, provided by the County. All vertical datums are in reference to NGVD 29.

A proposed conditions model was not created for Salmon Creek Bridge. The cross-sections under existing and proposed conditions are identical, with stream grades being restored to their existing elevations following the placement of the buried riprap.

Manning's *n* roughness values were selected based on engineering judgment from field observation and standard references (Chow, 1959; Barnes, 1967). The Manning's *n* values for the bounding Effective FIS

cross sections were left unchanged from the Effective FIS model, but are consistent with the values used for the new cross sections. A Manning's *n* value of 0.05 was used for the main channel that reflects the coarse channel bed, meandering planform, and high roughness from vegetation along the channel banks. This value is consistent with that used in the Effective FIS model for the reach. Manning's n values ranging from 0.08 to 0.14 were used for the overbank areas to represent the variations in land cover from medium to dense brush.

The detailed model is approximately 2,900 feet long and extends from Effective FIS Cross Section 15.223 at the downstream end to Effective FIS Cross Section 15.758 at the upstream end. Eight existing cross-sections are located between these two bounding cross-sections. Two new intermediate cross sections based on the topographic survey were added approximately 160 feet downstream and 145 feet upstream of the bridge. In addition, for data accuracy, roadway elevations from Effective FIS model were updated based on topographic survey elevation. The downstream starting water-surface elevation for the model was based on the computed elevation at the downstream cross-section from the Effective FIS model.

Several ponds are located throughout the modeled reach. The ponds were excluded from the stream conveyance through the use of ineffective flow areas.

Model Results

Only one HEC-RAS model was created for the Salmon Creek Bridge as the channel geometry is unchanged between existing and proposed condition. The model was run for the 10-year through the 500-year flood events using discharges listed in **Table 1. Table 2** summarizes the results for the 100-year flood event through the Salmon Creek Bridge project reach. The 100-year flood flows extend onto the floodplain both upstream and downstream of the bridge, however the road embankment does not overtop and disconnects the floodplains. A detailed model output is included in **Appendix D**.

Table 2—Salmon Creek Bridge Hydraulic Results for 100-Year Flood Event

Cross-Section ID	Water Surface Elevation (ft. NGVD)	Velocity in Channel (ft./sec)
15.758	211.54	4.64
15.642	210.49	4.25
15.556	209.70	5.41
15.50*	208.24	7.07
15.477	207.66	6.25
15.472	207.30	6.32
15.39*	206.59	6.40
15.382	205.53	5.50
15.297	203.49	7.05
15.223	202.07	5.00

^{*}Interpolated Cross Section

Scour Analysis

A scour analysis was carried out to determine potential scour at Salmon Creek Bridge using the 100-year and 500-year peak discharges. The analysis follows procedures outlined in the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) document Evaluating Scour at Bridges (FHWA, 2012). Scour components considered in the analysis include:

- Long-term degradation potential,
- General scour (contraction and bend scour), and
- Local scour (at the bridge abutments).

Long-term degradation potential at the Salmon Creek Bridge is assumed to be 1.0 feet. There is a band of boulders approximately 20 feet downstream of the bridge that will be removed and could cause some adjustment to the channel profile through a slight head cut moving upstream. The potential adjustment to the channel profile is estimated to be 1 foot lower at the bridge.

General scour at Salmon Creek Bridge is limited to contraction scour. The bridge spans the channel. However, the constriction of floodplain flows during the 500-year recurrence interval results in a calculated contraction scour of 0.9 feet. The channel does not meander through the project reach, so bend scour was not calculated.

Local scour at the Salmon Creek bridge abutments was determined to be 9.9 feet for the 100-year recurrence interval and 13.9 feet for the 500-year recurrence interval. Abutment scour will be protected against by hardening the streambed around the abutment, thus preventing the turbulence caused by the abutments from eroding the stream bed.

Table 3 summarizes the calculated scour at Smith Bridge.

Table 3—Salmon Creek Bridge Scour Summary

Type of Scour	100-year Scour Depth (feet)	500-year Scour Depth (feet)
Long-Term Scour	1.0	1.0
Contraction Scour	0.0	0.9
Abutment Scour	9.9*	13.9*
Total Scour	1.0	1.9

^{*}Abutment scour will be protected against with the scour countermeasure design

Scour Countermeasure Design

The selected scour countermeasure design is buried riprap along each abutment and the base of the wingwalls. Design calculations using the computed hydraulic results were performed to determine the required size of riprap to be placed. The calculations were carried out using the USACE EM-1601 and modified Isbash methods as described in the HEC-23 document. Using these methods, it was determined that riprap meeting the WSDOT standard specification Rock for Erosion and Scour Protection Class A would be most suitable for the site.

Rock for Erosion and Scour Protection Class A has a D_{50} of 1.0 feet, which is slightly less than the calculated rock size, but much easier to place in constricted work areas than Class B. To account for the smaller size and add additional protection, the riprap thickness has been increased. The thickness of the riprap is also based on the estimated bottom of abutment. The riprap does not extend to a depth below that of the calculated abutment scour; however, the calculated abutment scour assumes that the turbulence can act directly on the streambed. The proposed riprap revetment will prevent this from happening and thus the total scour will be less. Scour will not occur to that depth under proposed conditions.

The riprap will be buried along the toe of the slopes upstream and downstream of the bridge in order to minimize disturbance to the over-steepened slopes. This configuration was discussed in the 3 Bridges Alternatives Analysis Supplemental Memo submitted to the County on April 16th, 2019. The memo is attached in **Appendix C.**

Channel Reconstruction

The existing streambed channel will be disturbed to install the buried riprap. The streambed within these disturbed areas will be reconstructed to match the existing streambed. The extents of impact to the streambed are limited to the excavation limits for the installation of the riprap. No change in final bed elevations is proposed.

Floodplain Analysis

The Salmon Creek Bridge is within a FEMA mapped Regulatory Floodway as shown on the FIRMette included in Appendix F. The scour countermeasure was designed to minimize any obstruction or net fill in order to achieve a no-rise to the 100-year water surface elevation.

The design results in no change to the channel cross-section, meaning that no rise will occur in the 100-year water surface elevation.

Cut/Fill Volumes

In order to meet County floodplain requirements, the project must have balanced cut and fill below the base flood elevation at each project site. The Salmon Creek Bridge design will result in a balanced cut and fill by removing material to place the riprap and restoring the channel to match existing grade.

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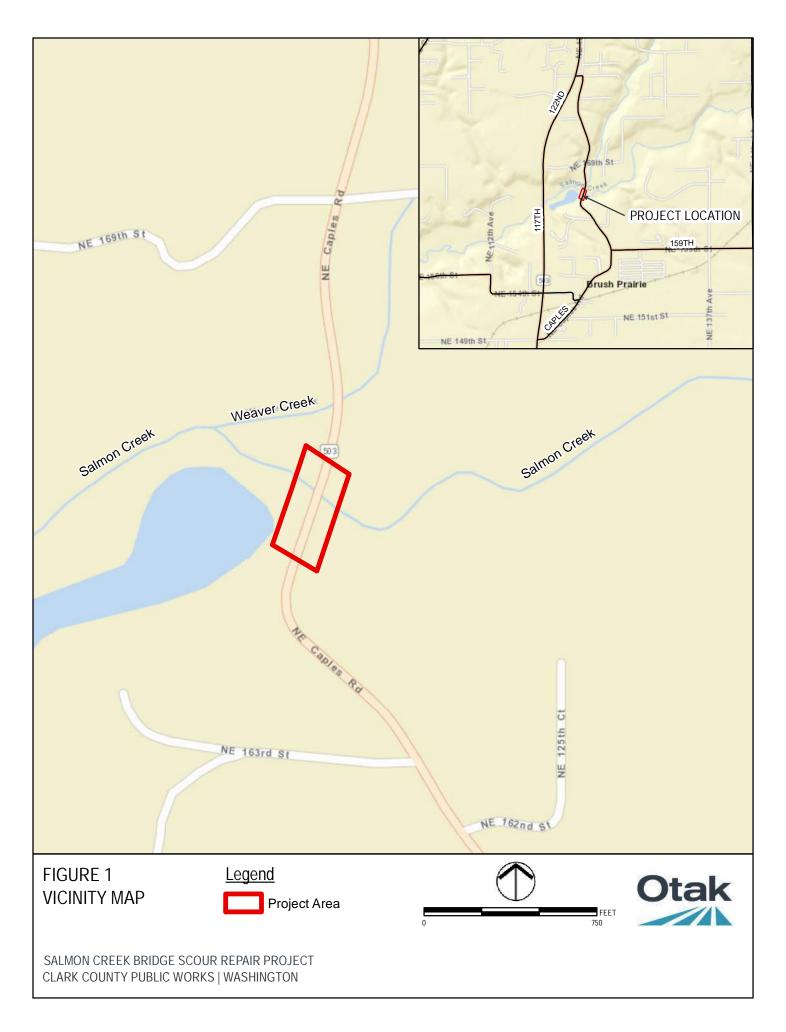
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Appendix A

Appendix A: Vicinity Map and Engineering Plans



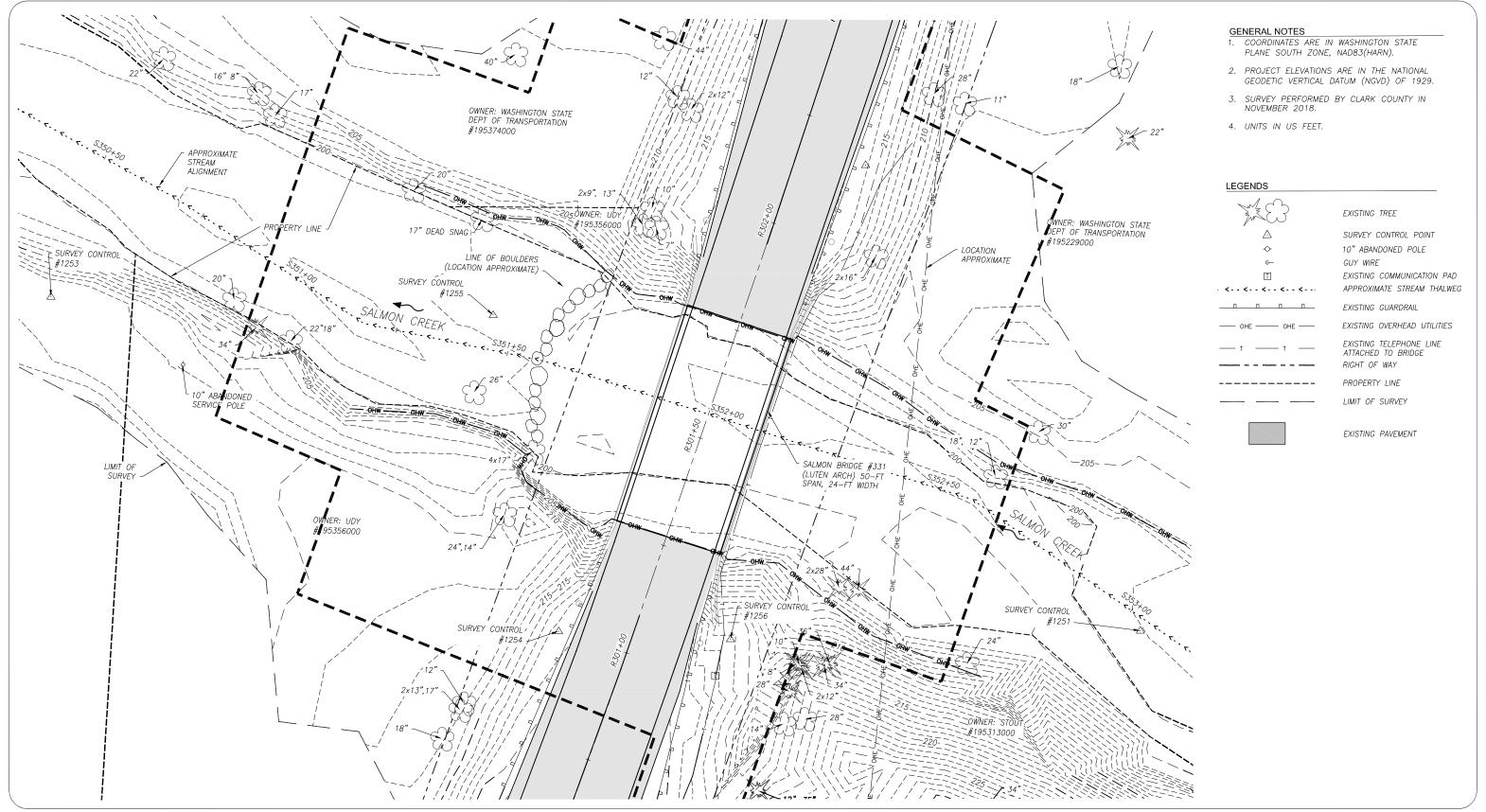
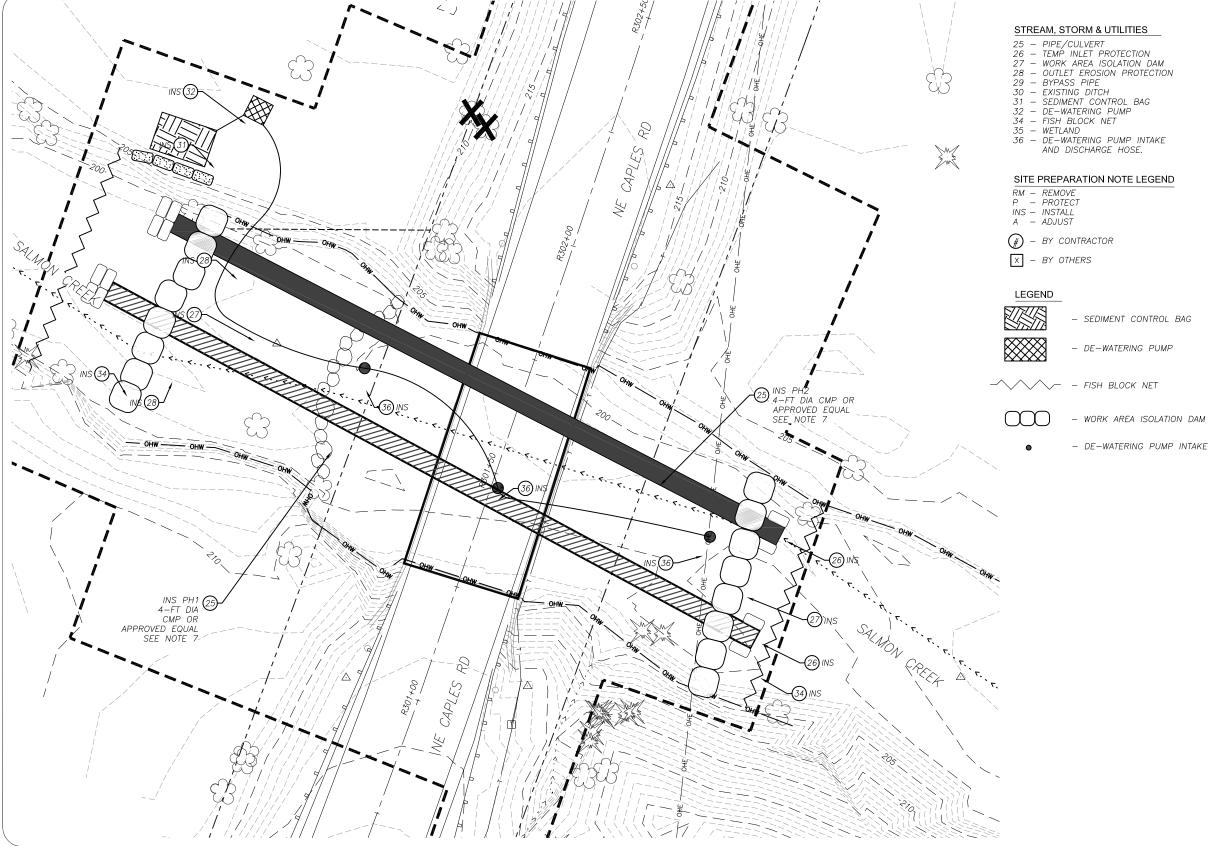






FIGURE 2 EXISTING CONDITIONS



STREAM, STORM & UTILITIES

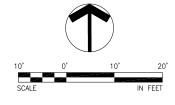
- 36 DE-WATERING PUMP INTAKE

SITE PREPARATION NOTE LEGEND

- SEDIMENT CONTROL BAG
- DE-WATERING PUMP

Otak

Otak, Inc. 700 Washington St., Suite 300 Vancouver, WA 98660 360.737.9613 www.otak.com



1. CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT WORK DIRECTLY WITHIN THE ORDINARY HIGH WATER OF THE CREEK WITHOUT THE USE OF AN APPROVED AND IN-PLACE WORK AREA ISOLATION PLAN. 2. CREEK TO BE DIVERTED THROUGH THE USE OF PUMPING OR

ANCHORED DIVERSION PIPE. INSTALL MESH SCREEN AT PIPE OR PUMP INLETS FOR FISH PROTECTION. INSTALL SUFFICIENT GRAVEL BAGS ON/AROUND PIPE INLET/OUTLET TO STABILIZE AND PREVENT EROSION. DIVERSION METHODS SHALL BE SIZED TO DIVERT A MINIMUM FLOW RATE OF 65 CFS. CONTRACTOR TO ADJUST LOCATION OF PIPE TO ACCOMMODATE WORK.

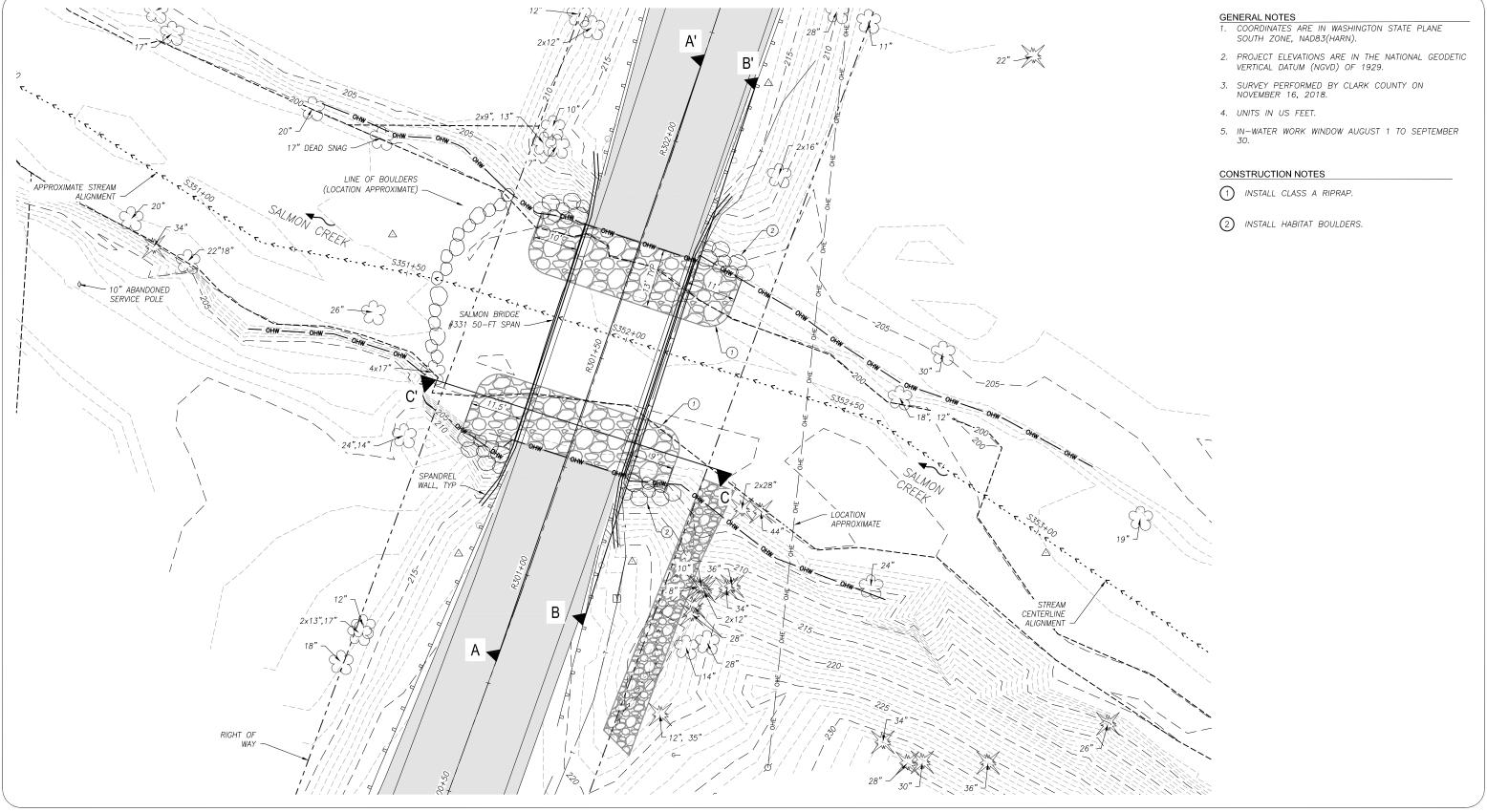
3. DEWATERING THE WORK AREA SHALL OCCUR AT A RATE SLOW ENOUGH TO ALLOW THE SAFE CAPTURE AND RELOCATION OF FISH SPECIES AND OTHER AQUATIC ORGANISMS TO AVOID STRANDING.

WORK AREA ISOLATION NOTES

4. CONTRACTOR TO SUBMIT TEMPORARY STREAM DIVERSION AND DEWATERING PLAN TO OWNER A MINIMUM OF TWO WEEKS PRIOR TO BEGINNING IN STREAM WORK. SEE SPECIFICATION FOR REQUIREMENTS.

5. INSTALL FISH BLOCK NET AS REQUIRED FOR TEMPORARY STREAM DIVERSION.

> FIGURE 3 WORK AREA ISOLATION PLAN





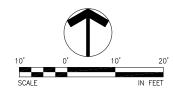
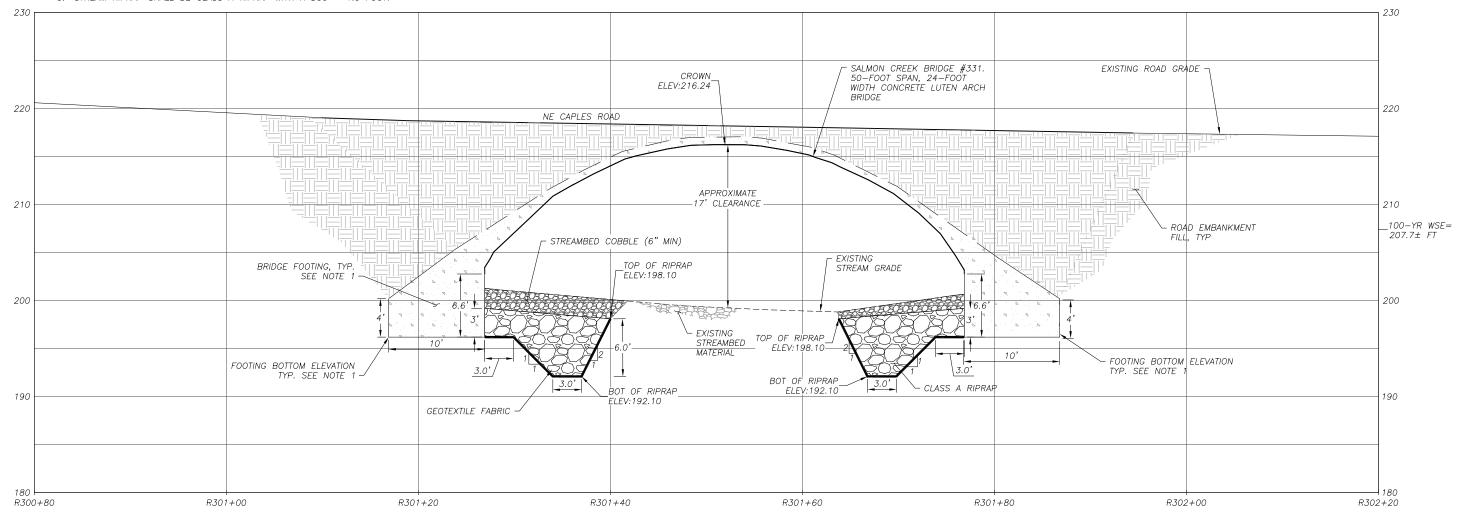


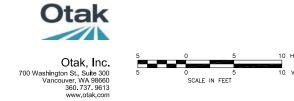
FIGURE 4 PLAN VIEW

NOTES:

- BRIDGE FOOTING DIMENSIONS AND ELEVATIONS ARE BASED ON AS-BUILT DRAWINGS DATED SINCE 1923 AND CONVERTED TO PROJECT VERTICAL DATUM (NGVD29).
- 2. ELEVATION IN FEET, ESTABLISHED USING THE NATIONAL GEODETIC VERTICAL
- 3. STREAM RIPRAP SHALL BE CLASS A RIPRAP WITH A D50 = 1.0 FOOT.

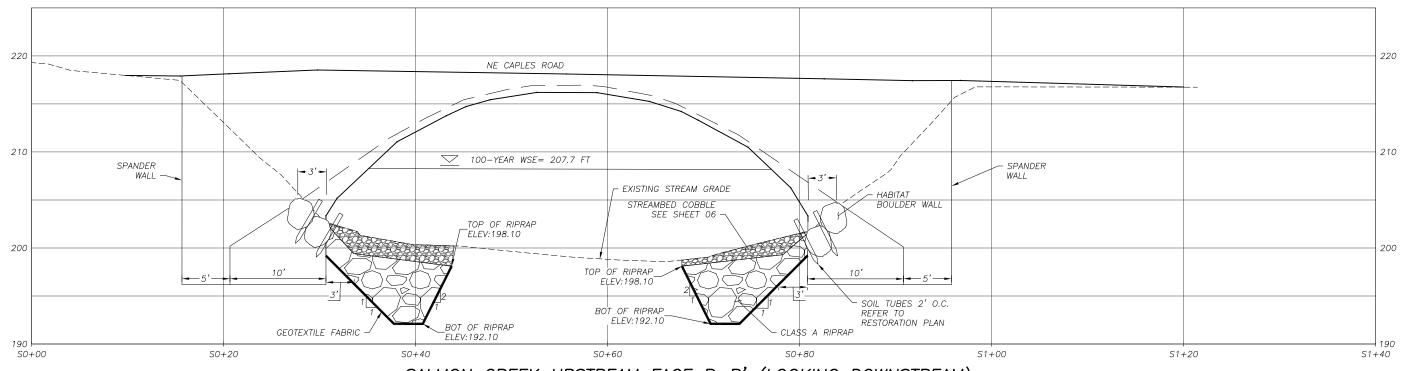


SALMON CREEK BRIDGE SECTION A-A' (LOOKING DOWNSTREAM)



NOTE:

1. THIS CONFIGURATION IS TYPICAL RIPRAP FOR AREA UPSTREAM AND DOWNSTREAM THE BRIDGE.

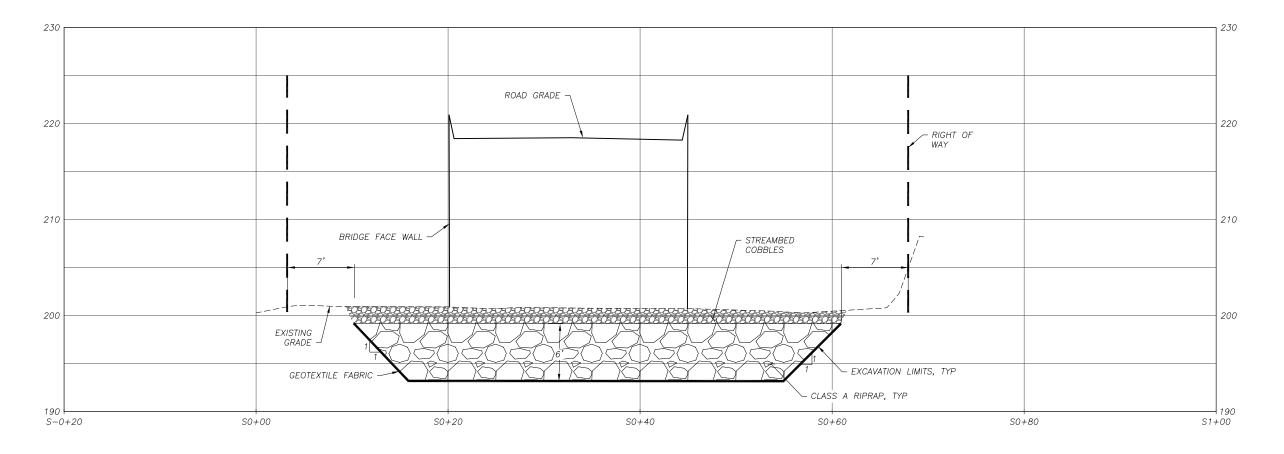


SALMON CREEK UPSTREAM FACE B-B' (LOOKING DOWNSTREAM)

Otak, Inc. 700 Washington St., Suite 300 Vancouver, WA 98660 360. 737. 9613 www.otak.com

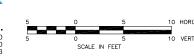


FIGURE 6 STREAM SECTION



NE CAPLES RD RIGHT OF BANK SECTION C-C' (LOOKING SOUTH)





Appendix B

Appendix B: Field Reconnaissance Photo Log



Photo Log



Photo 1: Salmon Creek Bridge – Looking downstream



Photo 2: Salmon Creek Bridge – Looking upstream





Photo 3: Salmon Creek Bridge – Concrete spalling



Photo 4: Salmon Creek Bridge – South Abutment



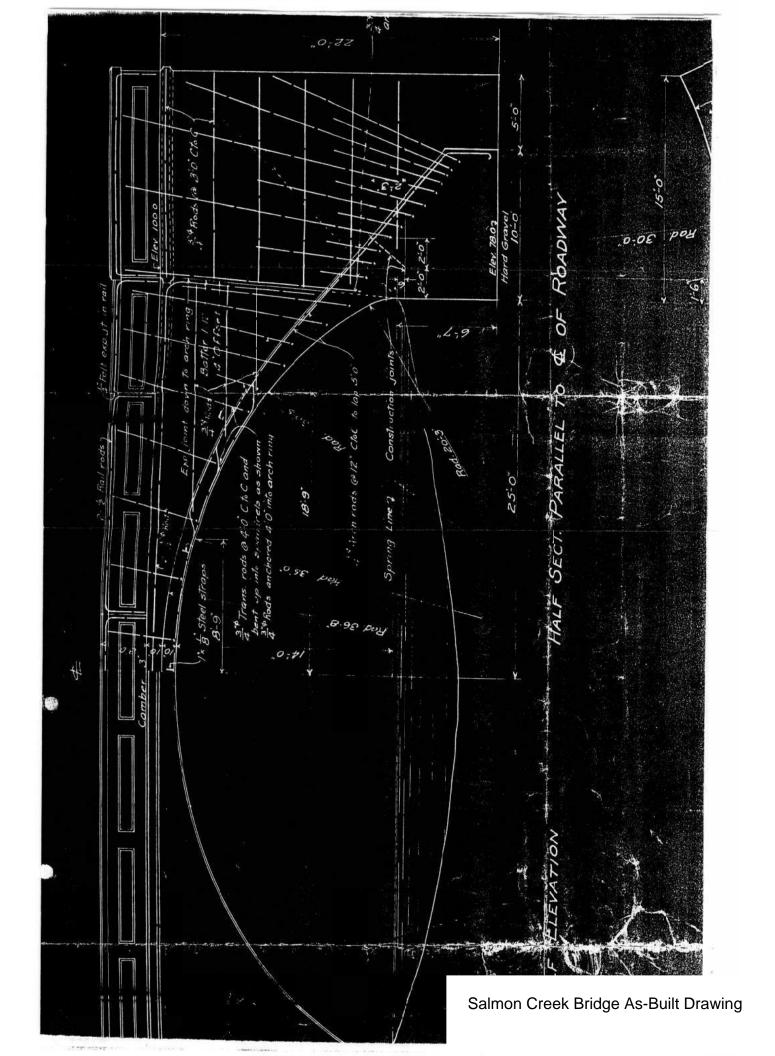


Photo 5: Salmon Creek Bridge – North Abutment



Photo 6: Salmon Creek Bridge – ditch/pond overflow channel

Appendix C
Appendix C: Supporting Documentation



WSBIS Item 1680 - Scour

NBI Item 113

Applicable Structure Types

• Bridges & culverts carrying public roadways

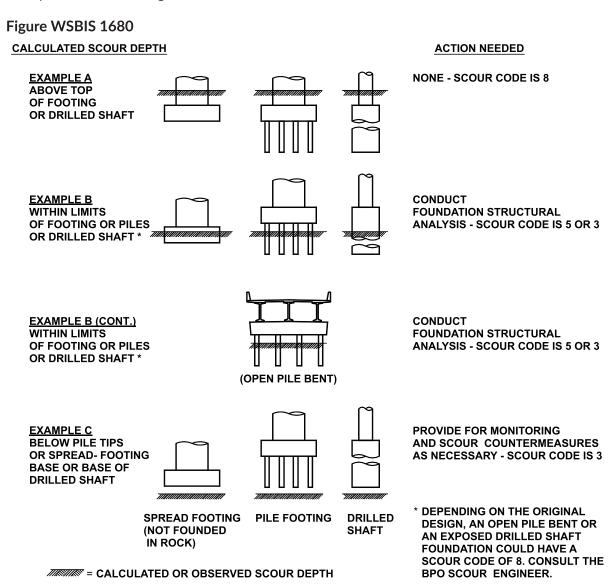
Code as indicated below to identify the current status of the bridge regarding its vulnerability to scour:

Table 1680Scour Rating

WSBIS	
Code	Description
N	Bridge not over waterway.
U	Bridge with unknown foundation that has not been evaluated for scour. Until risk can be determined, a plan of action should be developed and implemented to reduce the risk to users from a bridge failure during or immediately after a flood event (see HEC 23).
Т	Bridge over tidal waters that has not been evaluated for scour, but considered low risk. Bridge will be monitored with regular inspection cycle and with appropriate underwater inspections. (Unknown foundations in tidal waters should be coded U.)
9	Bridge foundations (including piles) on dry land well above flood water elevations.
8	Bridge foundations determined to be stable for the assessed or calculated scour conditions. Scour is determined to be above top of footing or drilled shaft (Example A) by: • assessment (e.g., bridge foundations are on rock formations that have been determined to resist scour within the service life of the bridge), or • calculation (exposed drilled shafts may be included by calculations), or • installation of properly designed countermeasures (see HEC 23).
7	Countermeasures have been installed to mitigate an existing problem with scour and to reduce the risk of bridge failure during a flood event. Instructions contained in a plan of action have been implemented to reduce the risk to users from a bridge failure during or immediately after a flood event.
6	Scour calculation/evaluation has not been made.
5	Bridge foundations determined to be stable for assessed or calculated scour conditions. Scour is determined to be within the limits of footing or piles, including open pile bents, or drilled shafts (Example B) by: • assessment (e.g., bridge foundations are on rock formations that have been determined to resist scour within the service life of the bridge), or • calculations, or • installation of properly designed countermeasures (see HEC 23).
4	Bridge foundations determined to be stable for assessed or calculated scour conditions; field review indicates action is required to protect exposed foundations (see HEC 23).
3	Bridge is scour critical; bridge foundations determined to be unstable for assessed or calculated scour conditions: • Scour within limits of footing or piles, or drilled shafts (Example B) • Scour below spread-footing base or pile tips, or base of shafts (Example C)
2	Bridge is scour critical; field review indicates that extensive scour has occurred at bridge foundations, which are determined to be unstable by: • a comparison of calculated scour and observed scour during the bridge inspection, or • an engineering evaluation of the observed scour condition reported by the bridge inspector in WSBIS Item 1676 – Substructure.
1	Bridge is scour critical; field review indicates that failure of piers/abutments is imminent. Bridge is closed to traffic. Failure is imminent based on: • a comparison of calculated and observed scour during the bridge inspection, or • an engineering evaluation of the observed scour condition reported by the bridge inspector in WSBIS Item 1676 – Substructure.
0	Bridge is scour critical. Bridge has failed and is closed to traffic.

These codes are generally determined based on scour analyses made by hydraulic, geotechnical, or structural engineers. However, bridge inspectors play a key role in determining selected scour codes:

- Scour code 4 can be determined by the bridge inspector regardless of any previous higher scour code, based on observed conditions.
- For scour codes of 2 or less, the WSBIS Item 1676 Substructure code must have a matching code.
- For WSDOT bridges, all changes to the 1680 Scour Code must be reviewed and approved by the BPO Sour Engineer.

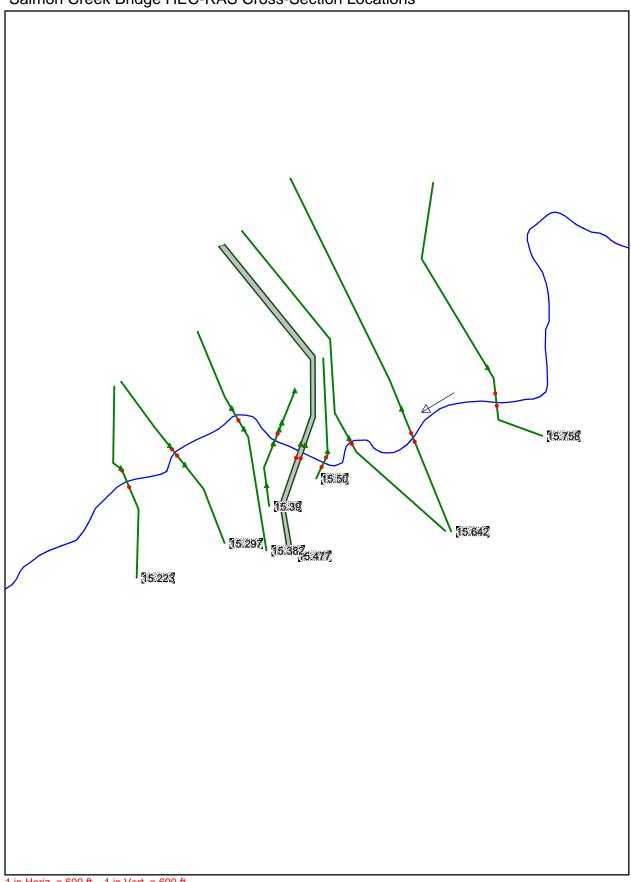


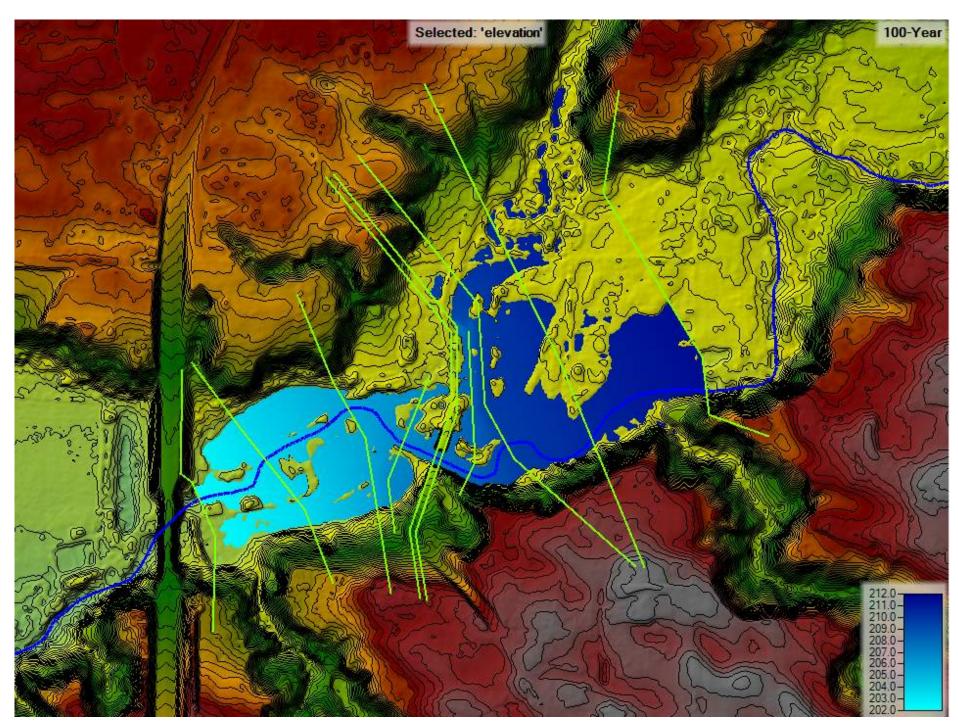
NBI Commentary:

This item has been modified based on an April 27, 2001 FHWA memo regarding FHWA Items 60 and 113 (WSBIS Items 1676 and 1680). This memo is available at www.fhwa. dot.gov/engineering/hydraulics/policymemo/revguide.cfm.

Appendix D
Appendix D: HEC-RAS Output

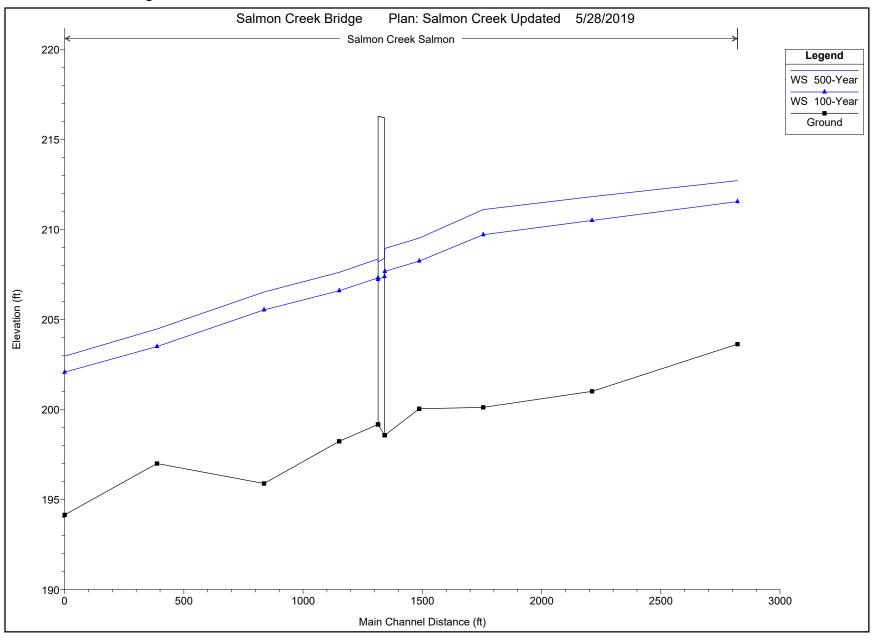
Salmon Creek Bridge HEC-RAS Cross-Section Locations

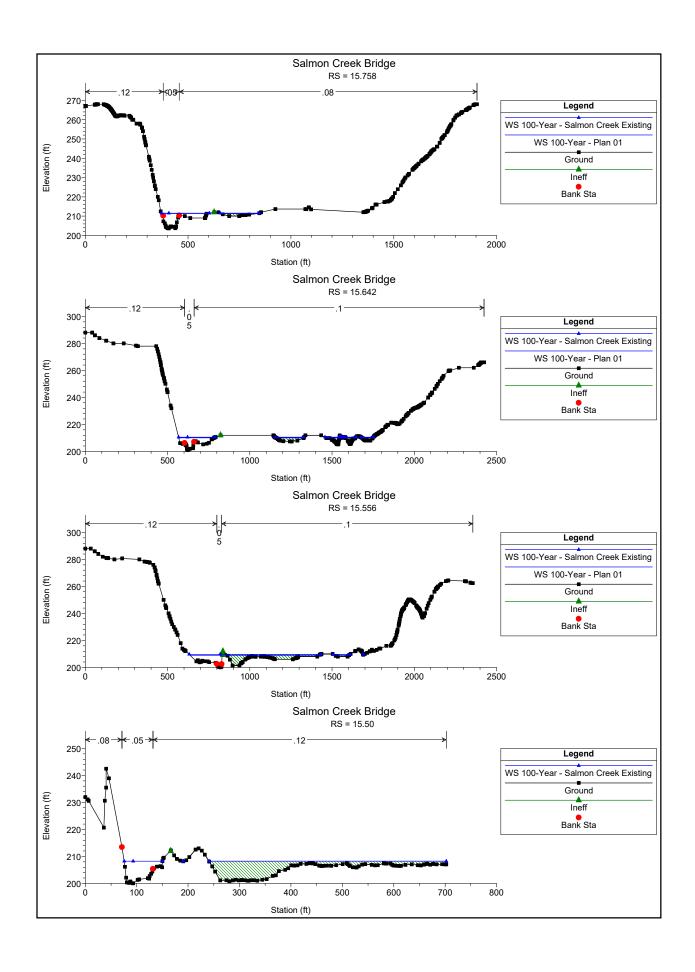


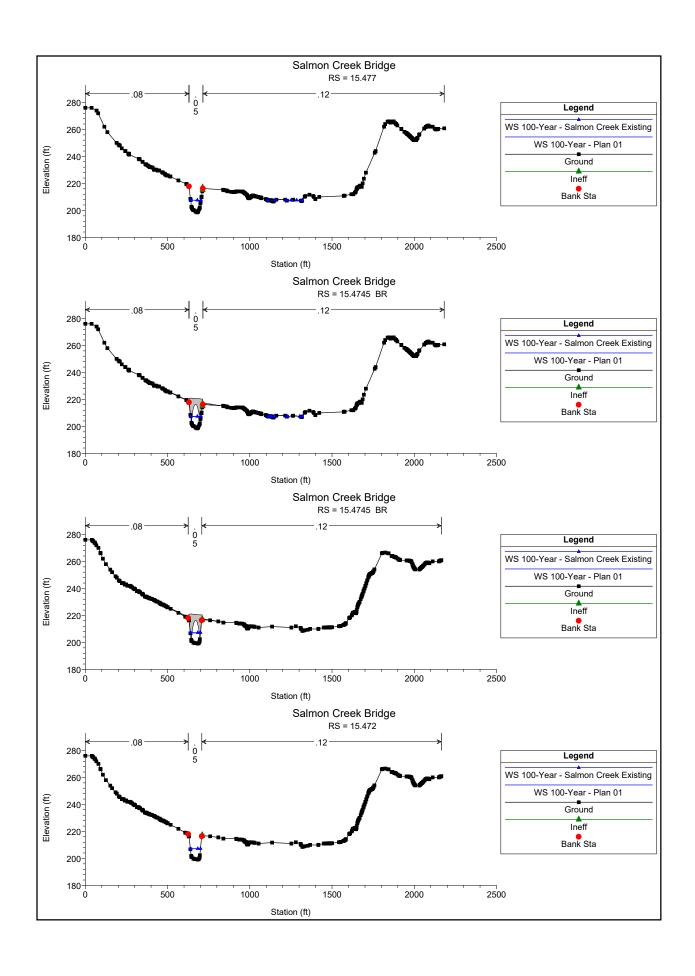


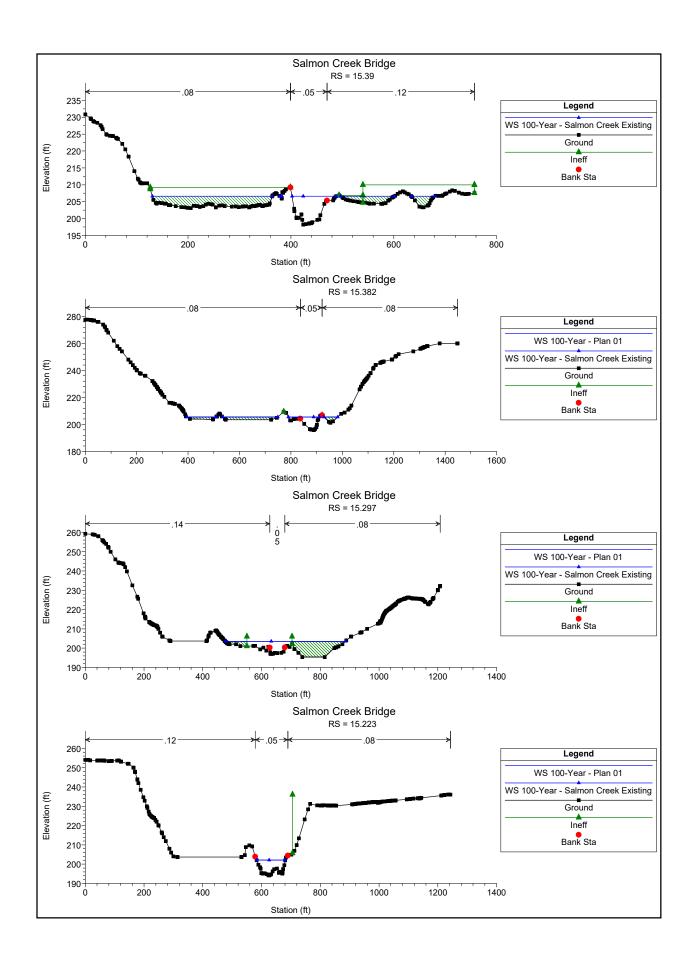
100-YEAR FLOOD MAP PROVIDED FOR CONTEXT ONLY AND IS NOT INTENDED TO REPLACE FEMA FIRM

Salmon Creek Bridge HEC-RAS Profile









Salmon Creek Bridge HEC-RAS Output Table HEC-RAS Plan: Salmon Creek Existing River: Salmon Creek Reach: Salmon

			River: Salmon C			0 11110	5 O FI	E 0 01		- · ·	T 140 10	F 1 #6::
Reach	River Sta	Profile	Q Total	Min Ch El	W.S. Elev	Crit W.S.	E.G. Elev	E.G. Slope	Vel Chnl	Flow Area	Top Width	Froude # Chl
			(cfs)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft/ft)	(ft/s)	(sq ft)	(ft)	
Salmon	15.758	500-Year	3480.00	203.62	212.71	209.56	212.89	0.001448	4.13	1561.60	654.02	0.27
Salmon	15.758	100-Year	2630.00	203.62	211.54	208.40	211.83	0.002294	4.64	771.65	422.18	0.33
Salmon	15.642	500-Year	3480.00	201.00	211.81	207.83	212.04	0.001364	4.53	1348.32	769.66	0.27
Salmon	15.642	100-Year	2630.00	201.00	210.49	207.09	210.70	0.001487	4.25	1033.46	637.92	0.27
Salmon	15.556	500-Year	3480.00	200.11	211.09	207.14	211.36	0.001769	5.73	1370.18	1040.81	0.31
Salmon	15.556	100-Year	2630.00	200.11	209.70	206.52	209.96	0.001914	5.41	1075.88	904.89	0.32
Salmon	15.50	500-Year	3480.00	200.03	209.52		210.41	0.005122	7.71	500.29	568.97	0.49
Salmon	15.50	100-Year	2630.00	200.03	208.24		209.00	0.005294	7.07	403.27	537.48	0.49
Salmon	15.477	500-Year	3480.00	198.57	208.93	205.28	209.68	0.004070	6.92	502.79	328.08	0.44
Salmon	15.477	100-Year	2630.00	198.57	207.66	204.39	208.27	0.003880	6.25	420.73	178.21	0.43
Salmon	15.4745		Bridge									
Salmon	15.472	500-Year	3480.00	199.16	208.35	205.01	209.16	0.004557	7.22	481.91	63.54	0.46
Salmon	15.472	100-Year	2630.00	199.16	207.30	204.14	207.93	0.004022	6.32	416.30	61.80	0.43
Salmon	15.39	500-Year	3480.00	198.23	207.61		208.39	0.004781	7.11	555.67	574.76	0.48
Salmon	15.39	100-Year	2630.00	198.23	206.59		207.22	0.004648	6.40	426.42	472.99	0.46
Salmon	15.382	500-Year	3550.00	195.88	206.52	202.93	207.06	0.003389	6.09	666.50	543.60	0.41
Salmon	15.382	100-Year	2680.00	195.88	205.53	202.93	205.98	0.003389	5.50	542.84	503.55	0.39
Salmon	15.297	500-Year	3550.00	196.99	204.47	202.75	205.16	0.005328	7.59	754.02	556.54	0.51
Salmon	15.297	100-Year	2680.00	196.99	203.49	202.10	204.11	0.005656	7.05	603.27	408.65	0.51
Salmon	15.223	500-Year	3550.00	194.14	202.96	199.82	203.46	0.003481	5.69	623.63	101.21	0.40
Salmon	15.223	100-Year	2680.00	194.14	202.07	199.13	202.46	0.003106	5.00	535.48	96.90	0.38

Plan: Salmon Creek Existing Salmon Creek Salmon RS: 15.4745 Profile: 100-Year

E.G. US. (ft)	208.27	Element	Inside BR US	Inside BR DS
W.S. US. (ft)	207.66	E.G. Elev (ft)	208.20	208.03
Q Total (cfs)	2630.00	W.S. Elev (ft)	207.37	207.22
Q Bridge (cfs)	2630.00	Crit W.S. (ft)	204.34	204.11
Q Weir (cfs)		Max Chl Dpth (ft)	8.80	8.06
Weir Sta Lft (ft)		Vel Total (ft/s)	7.29	7.22
Weir Sta Rgt (ft)		Flow Area (sq ft)	360.67	364.19
Weir Submerg		Froude # Chl	0.43	0.45
Weir Max Depth (ft)		Specif Force (cu ft)	1987.03	1987.38
Min El Weir Flow (ft)	217.26	Hydr Depth (ft)	8.25	8.33
Min El Prs (ft)	216.20	W.P. Total (ft)	64.00	67.27
Delta EG (ft)	0.34	Conv. Total (cfs)	33942.8	33371.1
Delta WS (ft)	0.36	Top Width (ft)	43.74	43.72
BR Open Area (sq ft)	633.47	Frctn Loss (ft)	0.16	0.01
BR Open Vel (ft/s)	7.29	C & E Loss (ft)	0.01	0.10
BR Sluice Coef		Shear Total (lb/sq ft)	2.11	2.10
BR Sel Method	Energy only	Power Total (lb/ft s)	15.40	15.16

Appendix E

Appendix E: Scour Calculations

	Hydraulic Data for:				
Salr	non Creek Bridge #3	31 Scour Repair Project	t		
100-year	Event	500-year	Event		
Y _o =	8.25 ft	Y _o =	9.73 ft		
$Q_1 =$	2,575 cfs	$Q_1 =$	3,370 cfs		
$Q_2 =$	2,630 cfs	$Q_2 =$	3,480 cfs		
$A_1 =$	364 ft ²	$A_1 =$	437 ft ²		
$A_2 =$	361 ft ²	$A_2 =$	405 ft ²		
$W_1 =$	56.2 ft	$W_1 =$	57.3 ft		
$W_2 =$	43.7 ft	$W_2 =$	41.6 ft		
V _m =	7.07 fps	V _m =	7.71 fps		
D ₅₀ =	36.1 mm	D ₅₀ =	36.1 mm		
Energy Slope =	5.294E-03 ft/ft	Energy Slope =	5.122E-03 ft/ft		
Acceleration of Gravity =	32.2 ft/sec ²	Acceleration of Gravity =	32.2 ft/sec ²		
Fall Velocity, ω =	2.76 fps	Fall Velocity, ω =	2.76 fps		

By: Marisan G Elisabeth

Date: 30-Jan-18

Scour Calculation Summary Salmon Creek Bridge #331 Scour Repair Project Contraction Scour Mode

The following calculations are based on Equation 6.1 in HEC-18, 5th Edition: $V_c = K_u Y_1^{1/6} D_{50}^{1/3}$

$V_c = K_u Y_1^{1/6} D_{50}^{1/3}$,	
100-year Event		
Approach Section Main Channel Area, A ₁ (ft ²)	=	364
Approach Section Main Channel Topwidth, W ₁ (ft ²)	=	56.24
Approach Section Average Channel Depth, $Y_1 = A_1/W_1$ (ft)	=	6.5
Median Grain Size, D ₅₀ (ft)	=	0.118
$\kappa_{\rm u}$	=	11.17
Critical Velocity for bed material transport, V _c (fps)	=	7.49
Approach Section Main Channel Discharge, Q ₁ (cfs)	=	2,575
Approach Section Main Channel Velocity, V_m (fps)	=	7.07
Scour Mode:		Clear Water
500-year Event		
Approach Section Main Channel Area, A ₁ (ft ²)	=	437
Approach Section Main Channel Topwidth, W ₁ (ft ²)	=	57.26
Approach Section Average Channel Depth, $Y_1 = A_1/W_1$ (ft)	=	7.6
Median Grain Size, D ₅₀ (ft)	=	0.118
$K_{\rm u}$	=	11.17
Critical Velocity for bed material transport, V _c (fps)	=	7.70
Approach Section Main Channel Discharge, Q ₁ (cfs)	=	3,370
Approach Section Main Channel Velocity, V _m (fps)	=	7.71
Scour Mode:		Live Bed

Scour Calculation Summary Salmon Creek Bridge #331 Scour Repair Project Clear-Water Contraction Scour 100-Year Event

The following calculations are based on Equations 6.4 and 6.5, HEC-18, 5th Edition: $Y_2=((K_uQ^2)/(D_m^{2/3}W^2))^{3/7}$

V	-v	V	
I S	- T 2	2 - I 0	

K_{u}	=	0.0077
Discharge, Q (cfs)	=	2,630
Median Grain Size, D ₅₀ (ft)	=	0.118
Diameter of smallest non-transportable particle, D _m (ft)	=	0.148
Topwidth, W (ft)	=	43.7
Computed Average Depth in Contracted Section, Y ₂ (ft)	=	7.18
Existing Average Depth Before Scour, Y ₀ (ft)	=	8.25
Computed Average Contraction Scour Depth, Y _s (ft)	=	(1.1)

Scour Calculation Summary Salmon Creek Bridge #331 Scour Repair Project **Live-Bed Contraction Scour** 500-Year Event

The following calculations are based on Equations 6.2 and 6.3, HEC-18, 5th Edition:

 $Y_2/Y_1 = (Q_2/Q_1)^{6/7} (W_1/W_2)^{k_1}$ $Y_s = Y_2 - Y_0$

18 12 10		
Energy Slope	=	0.005122
Fall Velocity, ω (fps)	=	2.76
Average approach channel depth, $Y_1 = A_1/W_1$ (ft)	=	7.6
Acceleration of Gravity, g (ft/sec ²)	=	32.2
Upstream Shear Velocity, V₁ (fps)	=	1.12
V*/ω	=	0.41
k₁ (from HEC-18)	=	0.59
Upstream Channel Discharge, Q ₁ (cfs)	=	3,370
Contracted Section Channel Discharge, Q ₂ (cfs)	=	3,480
Upstream Main Channel Width, W ₁ (ft)	=	57.26
Contracted Section Main Channel Width, W ₂ (ft)	=	43.7
Computed Average Depth in Contracted Section, Y ₂ (ft)	=	9.2
Existing Average Depth Before Scour, Y ₀ (ft)	=	8.25
Computed Average Contraction Scour Depth, Y _s (ft)	=	0.9

Scour Calculation Summary Salmon Creek Bridge #331 Scour Repair Project Live-Bed Abutment Scour US

Section 8.6.3 HEC-18, 5th Edition

$y_{max} = \alpha_A * y_c$
$y_s = y_{max} - y_0$
$y_c = y_1(q_{2c}/q_1)^{(6/7)}$

		100-yr	500-yr
q _{2c} (cfs)	=	60.13	83.71
q ₁ (cfs)	=	45.79	58.86
q_{2c}/q_1 (unitless)	=	1.31	1.42
y ₁ (feet)	=	6.48	7.63
y _c (feet)	=	8.18	10.32
$lpha_{A}$ (unitless)	=	1.7	1.65
Y _{max} (feet)	=	13.91	17.03
y ₀ (feet)	=	8.80	9.83
y _s (feet)	=	5.11	7.20

Scour Calculation Summary Salmon Creek Bridge #331 Scour Repair Project Clear-Water Abutment Scour US

Section 8.6.3 HEC-18, 5th Edition

 $y_{max} = \alpha_B * y_c$ $y_s = y_{max} - y_0$ $y_c = (q_{2f}/K_uD_{50}^{1/3})^{(6/7)}$

		100-yr	500-yr
q _{2c} (cfs)	=	60.13	83.71
q₁ (cfs)	=	45.79	58.86
q _{2c} /q ₁ (unitless)	=	1.31	1.42
y₁ (feet)	=	6.48	7.63
D ₅₀ (ft)	=	0.12	0.12
K _u (English Unit)	=	11.17	11.17
y _c (feet)	=	7.77	10.32
$lpha_{ m B}$ (unitless)	=	2.4	2.3
Y _{max} (feet)	=	18.66	23.74
y ₀ (feet)	=	8.80	9.83
y _s (feet)	=	9.86	13.91

RIPRAP SIZING CALCULATION

Project: Salmon Creek Bridge Scour Repair

Project No.: 19047

ODOT Tract	ive Forc	e Method	
		100-yr	500-yr
V	=	7.29	8.6
Davg	=	8.25	9.73
SF	=	1.2	1
CSF	=	1.0	0.8
Ss	=	2.7	2.7
Csg	=	1.0	1.0
С	=	1.0	0.8
K1	=	0.534	0.534
D50	=	0.35	0.40

USACE EM-1601 Method			
		100-Year	500-Year
Vavg (ft/s)	=	7.29	8.6
Rc	=	1500	1500
W	=	43.74	41.57
Rc/W	=	34.29	36.08
Vdes (ft/s)	=	7.29	8.60
y (ft)	=	8.8	9.83
Side Slope (H:V)	=	1.5	1.5
Theta (deg)	=	33.69	33.69
K1	=	0.51	0.51
SG	=	2.65	2.65
Sf	=	1.3	1
Cs	=	0.3	0.3
Cv	=	1	1
СТ	=	1	1
d30	=	0.53	0.60
d50 = 1.2*d30	=	0.64	0.72

FHWA Isbash for Abtuments			
		100-Year	500-Year
V	=	7.29	8.6
у	=	8.8	9.83
K	=	1.02	1.02
SG	=	2.65	2.65
Fr	=	0.43	0.48
D50	=	1.02	1.42

Design D50 for 100-year (ft)	1.02
Design D50 for 500-year (ft)	1.42

Appendix F

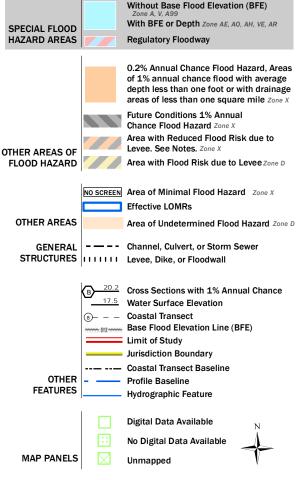
Appendix F: FIRM Panel

National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette



Legend

SEE FIS REPORT FOR DETAILED LEGEND AND INDEX MAP FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT



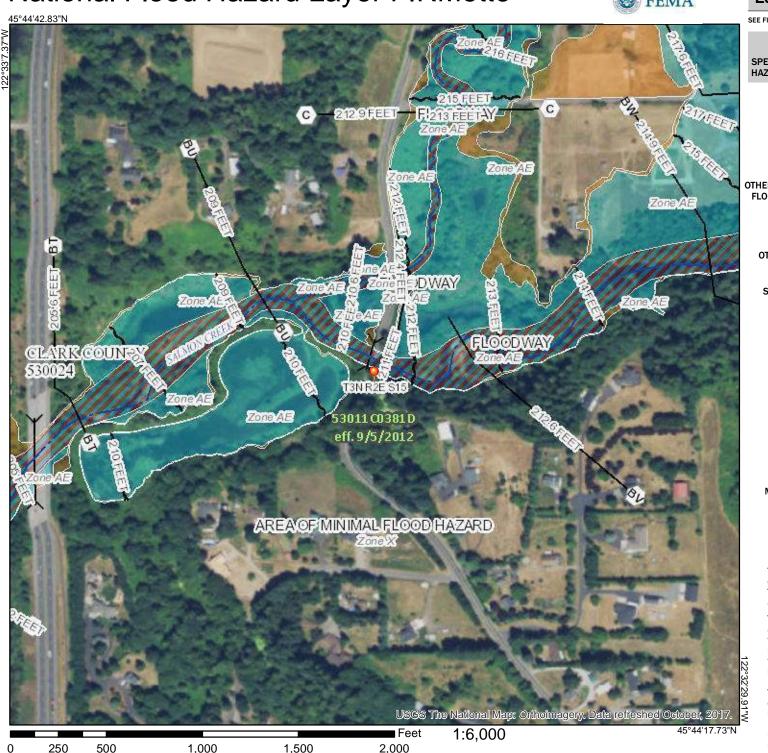
9

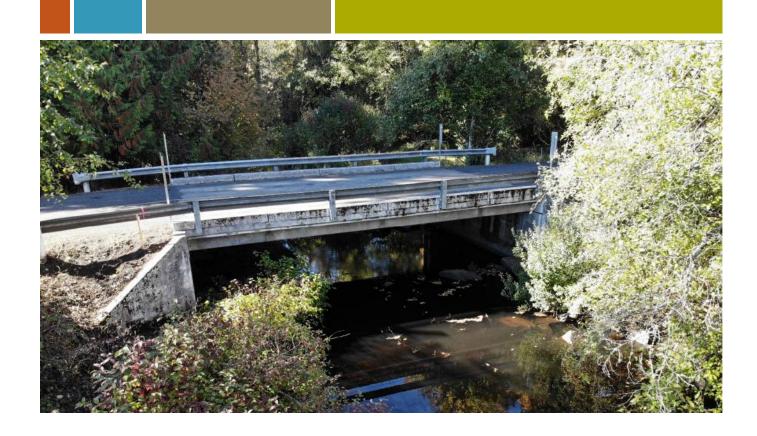
The pin displayed on the map is an approximate point selected by the user and does not represent an authoritative property location.

This map complies with FEMA's standards for the use of digital flood maps if it is not void as described below. The basemap shown complies with FEMA's basemap accuracy standards

The flood hazard information is derived directly from the authoritative NFHL web services provided by FEMA. This map was exported on 4/25/2019 at 6:19:43 PM and does not reflect changes or amendments subsequent to this date and time. The NFHL and effective information may change or become superseded by new data over time.

This map image is void if the one or more of the following map elements do not appear: basemap imagery, flood zone labels, legend, scale bar, map creation date, community identifiers, FIRM panel number, and FIRM effective date. Map images for unmapped and unmodernized areas cannot be used for regulatory purposes.





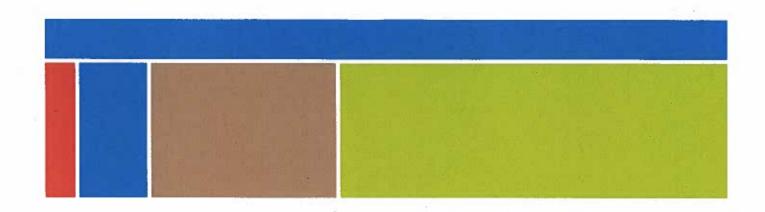
Smith Bridge Scour Repair Project

Hydraulic Report

Smith Bridge #211 NE 167th Avenue, 0.25 mi. S of NE 199th Street – CRP 381522

Submitted to: Clark County Public Works 1300 Franklin Street Vancouver, WA 98660 August 30, 2019 Prepared By: Otak, Inc. 700 Washington Street, Suite 300 Vancouver, WA 98660 Project No. 19047







Hydraulic Report



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Appendix E—Scour Calculations

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Introduction

Smith Bridge #211 is one of three existing scour critical bridges programmed for repairs in Clark County's 2018-2023 Transportation Improvement Program (TIP). Otak was hired to develop the engineering design and construction documents needed to construct scour countermeasures for the three bridges, including Smith Bridge.

This report describes the hydraulic analyses conducted for the design of scour countermeasures at Smith Bridge. The work documented in this report was carried out by Otak, Inc. (Otak) under contract with Clark County Public Works (County). This work includes the following tasks:

- Review of background information and field investigations to evaluate existing hydraulic conditions.
- Review of existing hydrologic analysis to establish design flows.
- Hydraulic analyses and review of existing hydraulic models.
- Scour analyses to support the scour countermeasure design and development of the scour countermeasure design.
- Floodplain analyses to determine any impacts to Base (100-year) Flood Elevations to support No-Rise Certification.

Project Location

Smith Bridge #211 located where NE 167th Avenue crosses over Salmon Creek approximately 0.25 miles south of the intersection with NE 199th Street. The location of Smith Bridge is depicted in **Figure 1 in Appendix A**.

Existing Conditions

Smith Bridge #211 is located on NE 167th Ave., approximately ¼ mile south of NE 199th St. The bridge was widened in 1963 and it is unknown when the original bridge was constructed. A Photo Log of the site is included in **Appendix B**. The single span pre-cast concrete bridge has a 40-foot span and is 26 feet wide. It is supported on shallow concrete spread footings. Concrete wingwalls are located on all four corners of the bridge. The northeast bridge corner is protected by a large concrete apron that is assumed to have been constructed when the bridge was widened. A roadside ditch discharges to the creek just upstream of the concrete apron and wingwall.





Scour is occurring along the south abutment and has been documented in bridge inspection reports provided by the County. Additionally, there is high potential for scour along the northern abutment initiated by a substantial bend in the creek just upstream of the bridge. Riprap is in the channel along the northern abutment but is not configured in a way that will ensure protection against potential scour. Additionally, there is an exposed 6-inch waterline located approximately 12 feet upstream of the bridge edge. This waterline is currently in use. The County will lead coordination with the utility.

Available bridge as-built drawings show the components that were required to widen the bridge including the wingwalls and associated spread footings. The bridge components required for widening were attached to the existing structure without reconstruction of the original abutment and foundation. It is assumed that the original bridge abutment foundation is a spread footing constructed to a depth that matches the foundation used for the wingwalls. The scour countermeasure design is based on this assumption. Investigations carried out during site visits could not determine the depth to the bottom of the footing.

Salmon Creek at Smith Bridge has a large floodplain, accessing pastures upstream of the crossing. The stream meanders through the fields with some large bends before flowing along the road embankment immediately upstream of the crossing. The stream then encounters a 90-degree bend to cross under the roadway. During large flood flows (e.g. 500-year recurrence interval) the roadway can overtop as the stream parallels the embankment.

The road largely cuts off floodplain flows, which are constricted through the bridge during flooding. The bridge span is large enough to not constrict the main channel, but the road embankment does constrict flows that have spread onto the floodplain.

Downstream of the crossing, the floodplain is active through rural properties largely consisting of forest. The stream continues through pools, riffles, and gravel bars that occur near existing stream bends.

The following graphics have been included in the report appendices:

- Figure 2 in Appendix A shows the existing plan view for this bridge.
- Appendix B includes field reconnaissance photos of the bridge and surrounding features.
- Appendix C includes the available bridge as-built drawings.

Field reconnaissance of Salmon Creek at the Smith Bridge site was conducted by Otak staff on January 14th, 2019. Observations were made of the general characteristics of the creek in the vicinity of the bridge, the condition of the existing bridge, the lateral and vertical stability of the channel, evidence of general and local scour, and bed material characteristics. The field reconnaissance was followed up by a desktop review of available mapping and other information on the creek.

Salmon Creek shows some evidence of vertical or lateral instability near the Smith Bridge site. An exposed waterline indicates that the stream channel has lowered since the pipe was installed. Some aggradation was observed immediately downstream of the bridge. The existing channel at Smith Bridge consists of primarily cobbles, gravels, and silts. There are large riprap pieces located within the channel in the direct vicinity of the bridge.

Pebble counts (Wolman methodology) were conducted to inform the existing streambed gradation. This information was then used in scour calculations, as well as for sizing streambed material to be placed during construction. The existing streambed consists of coarse gravel and silt with median diameter (D₅₀) of 1.29 inches.

Hydrologic Data

Peak discharges used in the hydraulic analysis and design of the scour repair were taken from the Effective FIS for Clark County. The flows are derived from a 2002 Hydrological Simulation Program Fortran (HSPF) model from 2002, according to the FIS. **Table 1** lists the flood flows at each bridge in cubic feet per second (cfs).

Table 1—Peak Flows for Smith Bridge Project Reach

Recurrence Interval (years)	Smith Bridge Discharge (cfs)
10	1,130
50	1,770
100	2,110
500	3,120

Hydraulic Model Development

The hydraulic design process consisted of modeling the Project reach under existing and proposed conditions using existing data provided by the County. The model results were used to aid the Project design with the goal of meeting the following criteria:

- Repair existing bridge scour
- Protect bridge from future scour
- Ensure no-rise conditions are met

A hydraulic analysis of Salmon Creek for the project reach was performed to provide a sound basis for the hydraulic design of the proposed scour repair and to analyze impacts to base flood elevations. The analysis was carried out using the USACE HEC-RAS computer software v5.0.6 to create a one-dimensional hydraulic model. The model was based on the hydraulic model used for the Effective Flood Insurance Study for Clark County (Effective FIS) that was provided by the County, with additional detail added based on a local survey of the site conducted by the County and LIDAR data in the floodplain from 2002, provided by the County. The cross-sections within the work area were then updated to create a proposed conditions model. All vertical datums are in reference to NGVD 29.

Manning's *n* roughness values were selected based on engineering judgment from field observation and standard references (Chow, 1959; Barnes, 1967). The Manning's *n* values for the bounding Effective FIS cross sections were left unchanged from the Effective FIS model, but are consistent with the values used for the new intermediate cross sections. A Manning's *n* value of 0.06 was used for the main channel that reflects the coarse channel bed, meandering planform, and high roughness from vegetation along the channel banks. This value is consistent with that used in the Effective FIS model for the reach. Manning's *n* values of 0.06 to 0.13 were used for the overbank areas to represent the variations in land cover from fenced pastures to dense forested vegetation.

The detailed model is approximately 2,100 feet long and extends from Effective FIS Cross Section 18.801 at the downstream end to Effective FIS Cross Section 19.604 at the upstream end. Six existing cross-sections are located between these two bounding cross-sections. One new intermediate cross-section based on the topographic survey was added between cross-sections 19.160 and 19.024, approximately 60 feet downstream of the bridge. Interpolated cross section were added between the two upstream and

the two downstream sections. The downstream starting water-surface elevation for the model was based on the computed elevation at the downstream cross-section from the Effective FIS model.

Model Results

The Smith Bridge HEC-RAS model was run for both existing conditions and project conditions for the 10-year through the 500-year flood events using discharges listed in **Table 1**. **Table 2** summarizes the results for the 100-year flood event through the Smith Bridge project reach. As indicated in **Table 2**, the project does not result in an increase to the 100-year water surface elevations. Velocities are in the range of 4 to 7 feet per second. The 100-year flood flows extend onto the floodplain on the right (north) bank both upstream and downstream of the bridge, however the road embankment does not overtop and disconnects the floodplains. The variation in velocity and water surface elevation shown between the existing and proposed models is a result of the channel grading to accomplish balanced cut/fill and norise while providing increased cover over the bridge foundations. A detailed model output is included in **Appendix D**.

Table 2—Smith Bridge Hydraulic Results for 100-Year Flood Event

	Water Surfa	ce Elevation ((ft. NGVD)	Velocity i	n Channel	(ft./sec)
	Exist.	Prop.	Diff.	Exist.	Prop.	Diff.
19.604	263.24	263.24	0.00	4.32	4.32	0.00
19.547*	253.84	253.84	0.00	4.39	4.39	0.00
19.489*	261.86	261.86	0.00	4.46	4.46	0.00
19.432*	261.17	261.17	0.00	4.54	4.54	0.00
19.375*	260.47	260.47	0.00	4.58	4.59	0.01
19.318*	259.78	259.77	-0.01	4.63	4.65	0.02
19.260*	259.09	259.06	-0.03	4.66	4.72	0.06
19.203	258.53	258.16	-0.37	4.21	5.30	1.09
19.166	257.01	256.94	-0.07	7.02	6.17	-0.85
19.163**	257.01	256.94	-0.07	7.02	6.17	-0.85
19.160	256.58	256.56	-0.02	7.62	6.87	-0.75
19.100	256.03	256.03	0.00	3.63	3.63	0.00
19.062*	255.06	255.06	0.00	4.77	4.77	0.00
19.024	254.41	254.41	0.00	4.20	4.20	0.00
18.989*	253.81	253.81	0.00	5.04	5.04	0.00
18.953*	253.17	253.17	0.00	5.36	5.36	0.00
18.918	252.26	252.26	0.00	6.26	6.26	0.00
18.860*	251.16	251.16	0.00	5.35	5.35	0.00
18.801	250.61	250.61	0.00	3.9	3.9	0.00

^{*}Interpolated Cross Section

Scour Analysis

A scour analysis was carried out to determine potential scour at Smith Bridge using the 100-year and 500-year peak discharges. The analysis follows procedures outlined in the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) document Evaluating Scour at Bridges (FHWA, 2012). Scour components considered in the analysis include:

Long-term degradation potential,

^{**}Internal Bridge Cross Section

- General scour (contraction and bend scour), and
- Local scour (at the bridge abutments).

Long-term degradation potential at Smith Bridge was estimated to be zero. There is no evidence of active degradation in the channel or signs downstream of profile adjustments moving upstream. An exposed waterline upstream of the bridge could indicate that a profile adjustment has occurred in the past, however it is assumed the exposed waterline is a result of bend scour addressed below.

General scour calculations at Smith Bridge analyzed contraction scour. The contraction scour was calculated to be zero which is consistent with field observations that showed no evidence of contraction scour and the bridge span is wide enough to not significantly constrict the flow.

General scour also includes bend scour. The bend near Smith Bridge is upstream of the bridge and is unlikely to impact the bridge. The bend is likely the cause of the observed scour hole upstream of the bridge. At the downstream limit of the scour hole, a waterline is exposed. The upstream bank is currently well protected by vegetated riprap. The proposed countermeasure design will not disturb the existing protection and stabilized bank. The proposed riprap protection is designed to be deeper than the existing upstream scour hole to protect the abutment if the scour hole were to migrate under the bridge, although this occurrence is unlikely.

Local scour at the Smith Bridge abutments was estimated to be 8.4 feet for the 100-year recurrence interval and 3.5 feet for the 500-year recurrence interval. Abutment scour will be protected against by hardening the streambed around the abutment, thus preventing the turbulence caused by the abutment from eroding the stream bed.

Table 3 summarizes the calculated scour at Smith Bridge.

Table 3—Smith Bridge Scour Summary

Type of Scour	100-year Scour Depth (feet)	500-year Scour Depth (feet)
Long Term Scour	0.0	0.0
Contraction Scour	0.0	0.0
Abutment Scour	8.4*	3.5*
Total scour	0.0	0.0

^{*}Abutment scour will be protected against with the scour countermeasure design

Scour Countermeasure Design

The selected scour countermeasure design is buried riprap along each abutment and the base of the wingwalls. Design calculations using the computed hydraulic results were performed to determine the required size of riprap to be placed. The calculations were carried out using the USACE EM-1601 and modified Isbash methods as described in the HEC-23 document. Using these methods, it was determined that riprap meeting the WSDOT standard specification Rock for Erosion and Scour Protection Class A would be most suitable for the site.

Rock for Erosion and Scour Protection Class A has a D_{50} of 1.0 feet, which is slightly less than the calculated rock size, but much easier to place in constricted work areas than Class B. To account for the smaller size and add additional protection, the riprap thickness has been increased. The thickness of the

riprap is also based on the estimated bottom of abutment. The riprap does not extend to a depth below that of the calculated abutment scour; however, the calculated abutment scour assumes that the turbulence can act directly on the streambed. The proposed riprap revetment will prevent this from happening and thus the total scour will be less. Scour will not occur to that depth under proposed conditions. The depth is also based on the measured bend scour hole upstream of the bridge, protecting against the unlikely migration of the scour hole downstream.

The proposed scour countermeasure will tie into the existing ditch and the existing vegetated riprap located on the outside of the bend. The existing concrete cap will be left in place. The large rock fragments that are located beneath the bridge will be removed.

Floodplain Analysis

The Smith Bridge site is within a FEMA mapped Regulatory Floodway as shown on the FIRMette included in Appendix F. The scour countermeasure was designed to minimize any obstruction or net fill in order to achieve a no-rise to the 100-year water surface elevation.

Otak completed the water surface profile analysis for the Existing Conditions and the Proposed Conditions HEC-RAS models, as discussed previously. These models were used to determine whether the proposed scour repair will result in a rise in the 100-year water surface elevation. **Table 2** summarizes the water surface elevations during the 100-year flood event. There are no increases in computed 100-year water-surface elevations as a result of the project.

Cut/Fill Volumes

In order to meet County floodplain requirements, the project must have balanced cut and fill below the base flood elevation. The Smith Bridge design will result in a net cut of approximately 60 cubic yards as a result of a lowering and widening of the channel through the bridge to achieve the "no-rise".

The existing streambed channel will be disturbed to install the buried riprap. Additionally, some stream grading will be required to tie into existing grades. The streambed channel within these disturbed areas will be reconstructed using imported streambed materials that are similar in size compared to existing streambed materials. The proposed channel geometries closely resemble the existing channel geometry.

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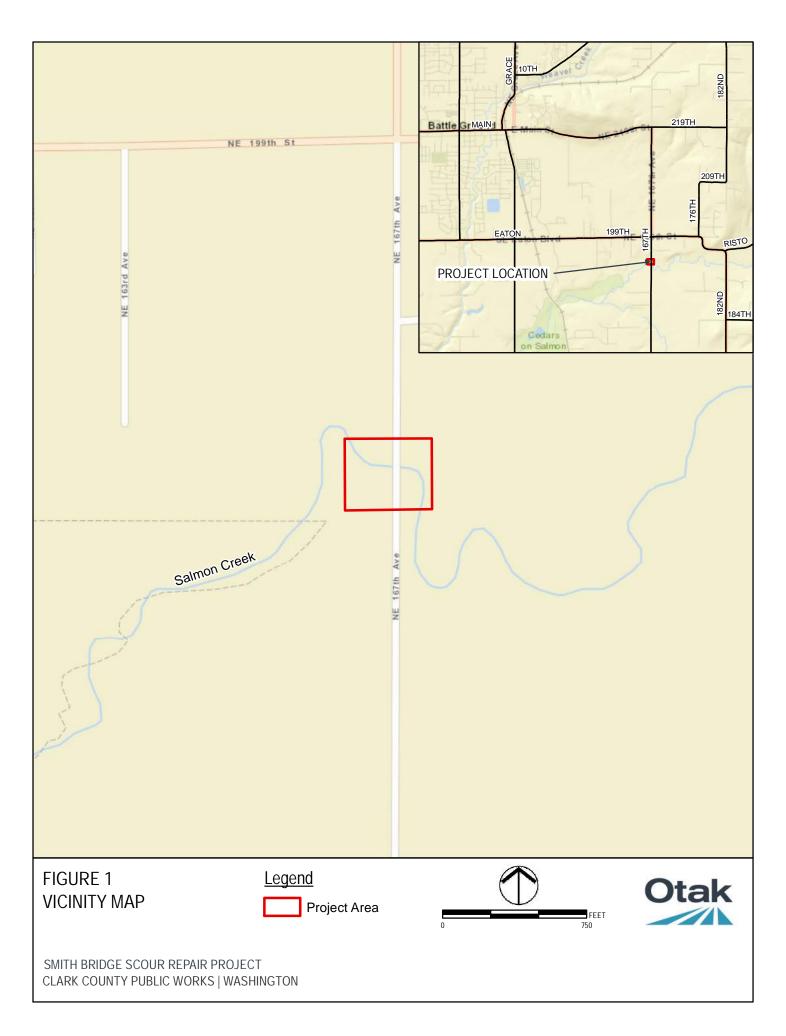
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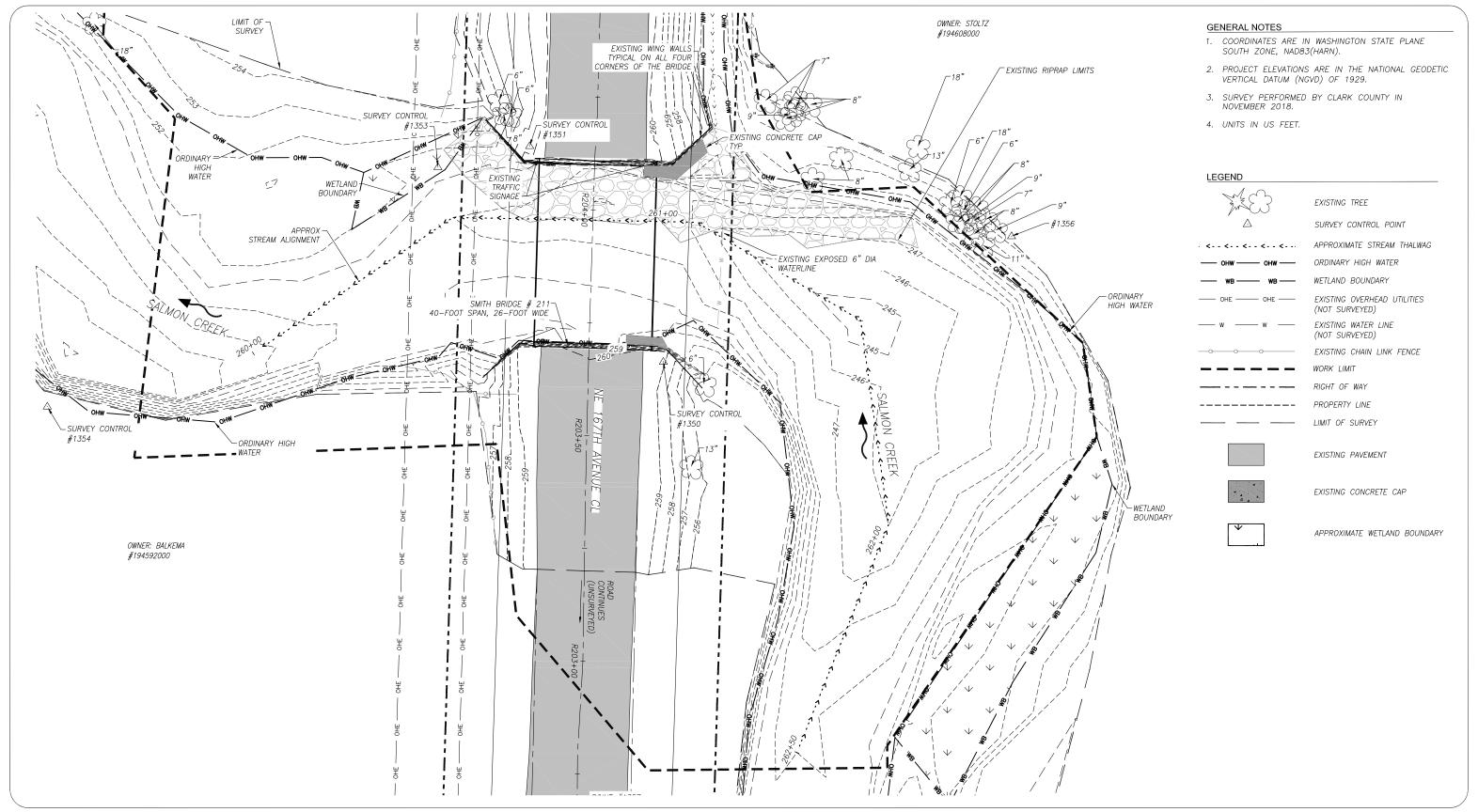
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Appendix A

Appendix A: Vicinity Map and Engineering Plans







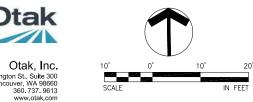
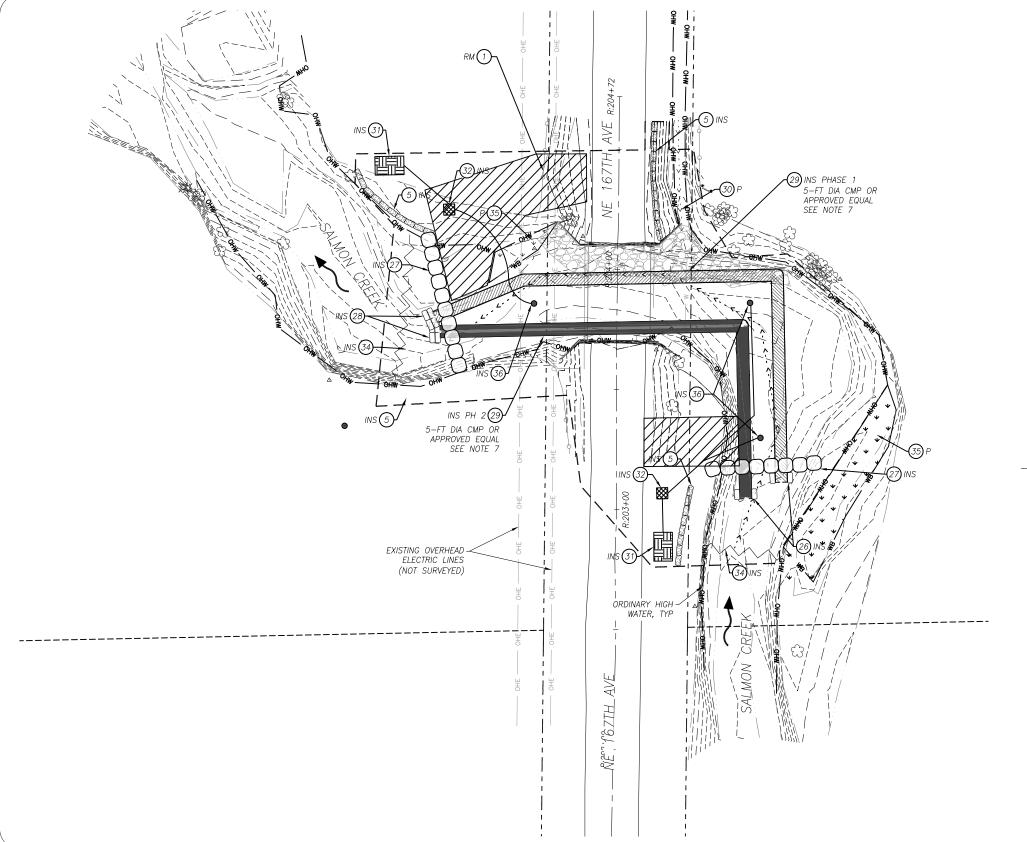


FIGURE 2 EXISTING CONDITIONS



ROADWAY

- 1 FENCE
- 2 TREE/SHRUB 5 STRAW WATTLES

STREAM, UTILITIES, & STRUCTURAL

- 25 PIPE/CULVERT
 26 TEMP INLET PROTECTION
 27 WORK AREA ISOLATION DAM
 28 OUTLET EROSION PROTECTION

- 29 BYPASS PIPE 30 EXISTING DITCH 31 SEDIMENT CONTROL BAG 32 DE—WATERING PUMP
- 33 CONSTRUCTION ACCESS
- 34 FISH BLOCK NET 35 WETLAND
- 36 DE-WATERING PUMP INTAKE AND DISCHARGE HOSE

SITE PREPARATION NOTE LEGEND

- RM REMOVE P PROTECT
- INS INSTALL A ADJUST
- # BY CONTRACTOR
- BY OTHERS

WORK AREA ISOLATION NOTES

- 6. CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT WORK DIRECTLY WITHIN THE ORDINARY HIGH WATER OF THE CREEK WITHOUT THE USE OF AN APPROVED AND IN-PLACE WORK AREA ISOLATION PLAN.
- 7. CREEK TO BE DIVERTED THROUGH THE USE OF PUMPING OR ANCHORED DIVERSION PIPE. INSTALL MESH SCREEN AT PIPE OR PUMP INLETS FOR FISH PROTECTION. INSTALL SUFFICIENT GRAVEL BAGS ON/AROUND PIPE INLET/OUTLET TO STABILIZE AND PREVENT EROSION. DIVERSION METHODS SHALL BE SIZED TO DIVERT A MINIMUM FLOW RATE OF 50 CFS. CONTRACTOR TO ADJUST LOCATION OF PIPE TO ACCOMMODATE WORK.
- 8. DEWATERING THE WORK AREA SHALL OCCUR AT A RATE SLOW ENOUGH TO ALLOW THE SAFE CAPTURE AND RELOCATION OF FISH SPECIES AND OTHER AQUATIC ORGANISMS TO AVOID STRANDING.
- 9. CONTRACTOR TO SUBMIT TEMPORARY STREAM DIVERSION AND DEWATERING PLAN TO OWNER A MINIMUM OF TWO WEEKS PRIOR TO BEGINNING IN STREAM WORK. SEE SPECIFICATION FOR REQUIREMENTS.
- 10. INSTALL FISH BLOCK NET AS REQUIRED FOR TEMPORARY STREAM DIVERSION.

LEGEND



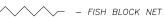
- SEDIMENT CONTROL BAG



- DE-WATERING PUMP



- APPROXIMATE WETLAND BOUNDARY





- WORK AREA ISOLATION DAM



- DE-WATERING PUMP INTAKE



- TREE REMOVAL



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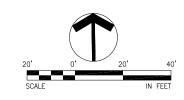
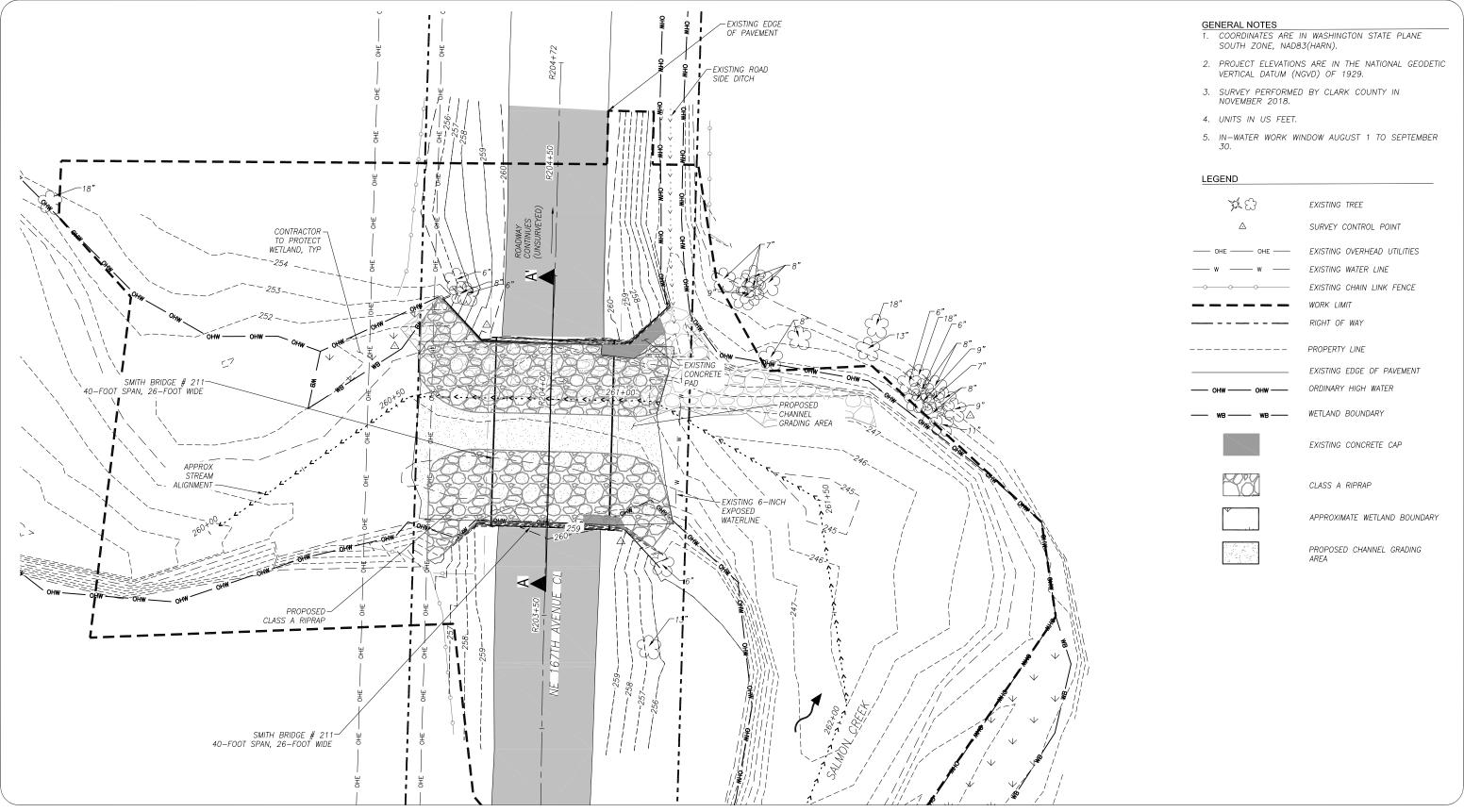


FIGURE 3 WORK AREA ISOLATION PLAN





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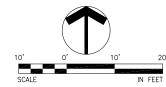
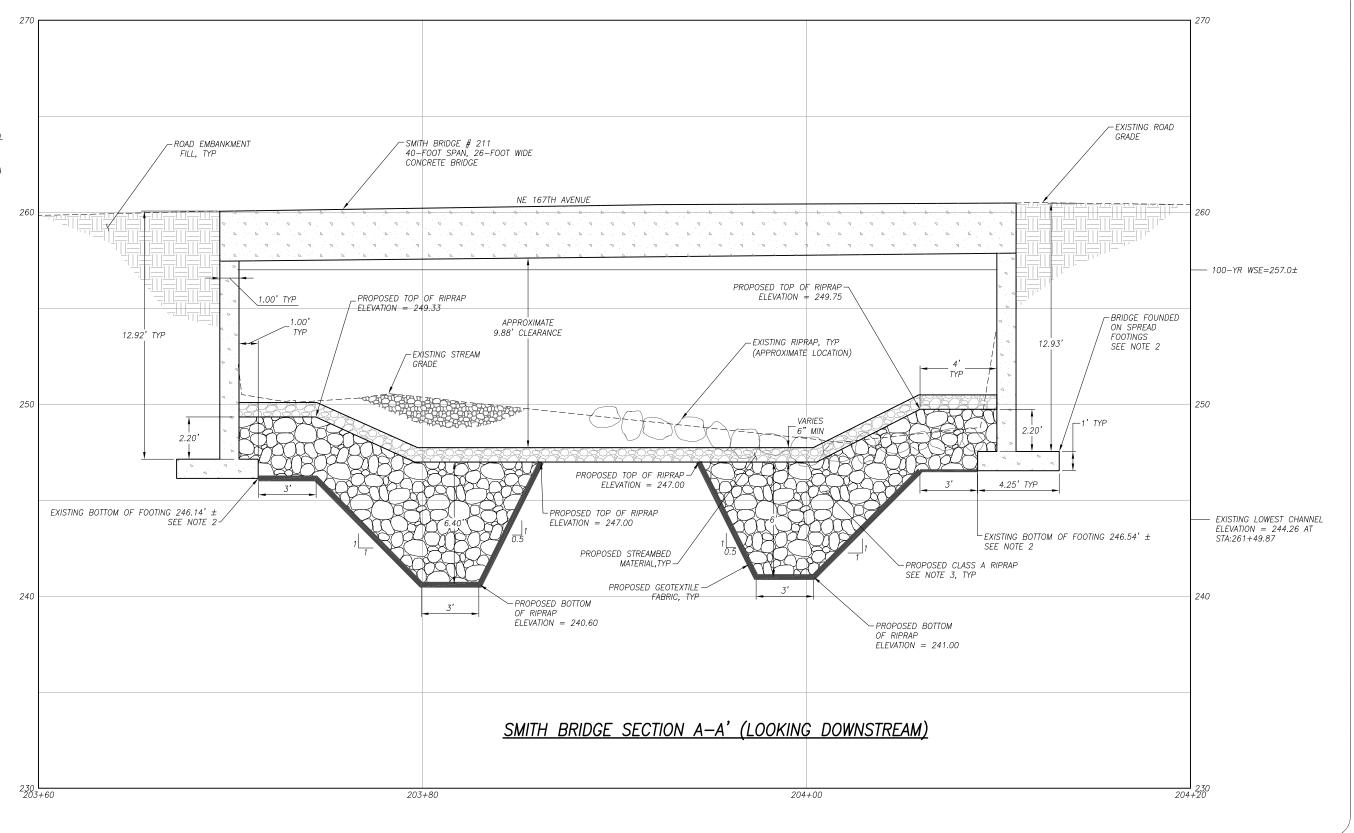


FIGURE 4 PLAN VIEW

NOTES:

- 1. ELEVATION IN FEET, ESTABLISHED USING THE NATIONAL GEODETIC VERTICAL DATUM 1929 (NGVD 29).
- 2. BRIDGE FOOTING DIMENSIONS AND ELEVATIONS ARE BASED ON AS—BUILT DRAWINGS DATED APRIL 10TH 1963 AND CONVERTED TO PROJECT VERTICAL DATUM (NGVD 29).
- 3. STREAM RIPRAP SHALL BE CLASS A RIPRAP WITH A D50 = 1.0 F00T.



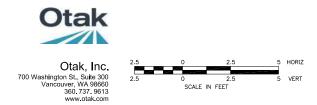
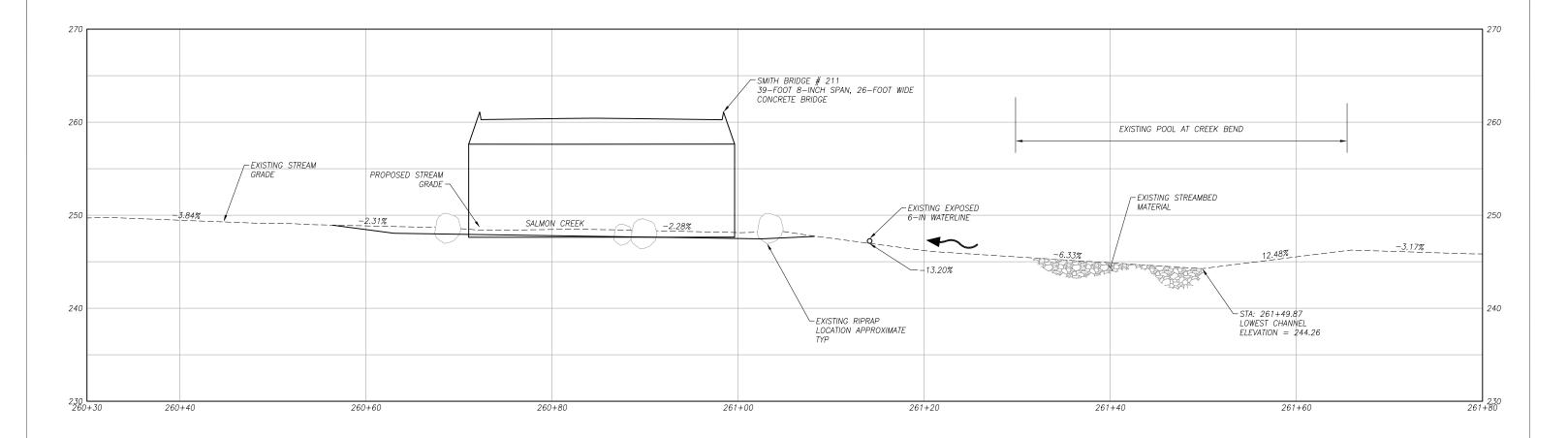


FIGURE 5 BRIDGE SECTION



STREAM PROFILE



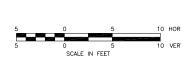


FIGURE 6 STREAM PROFILE

Appendix B

Appendix B: Field Reconnaissance Photo Log



Photo Log



Photo 1: Smith Bridge – Looking downstream



Photo 2: Smith Bridge – Looking upstream





Photo 3: Smith Bridge existing riprap under bridge



Photo 4: Smith Bridge - bank erosion downstream



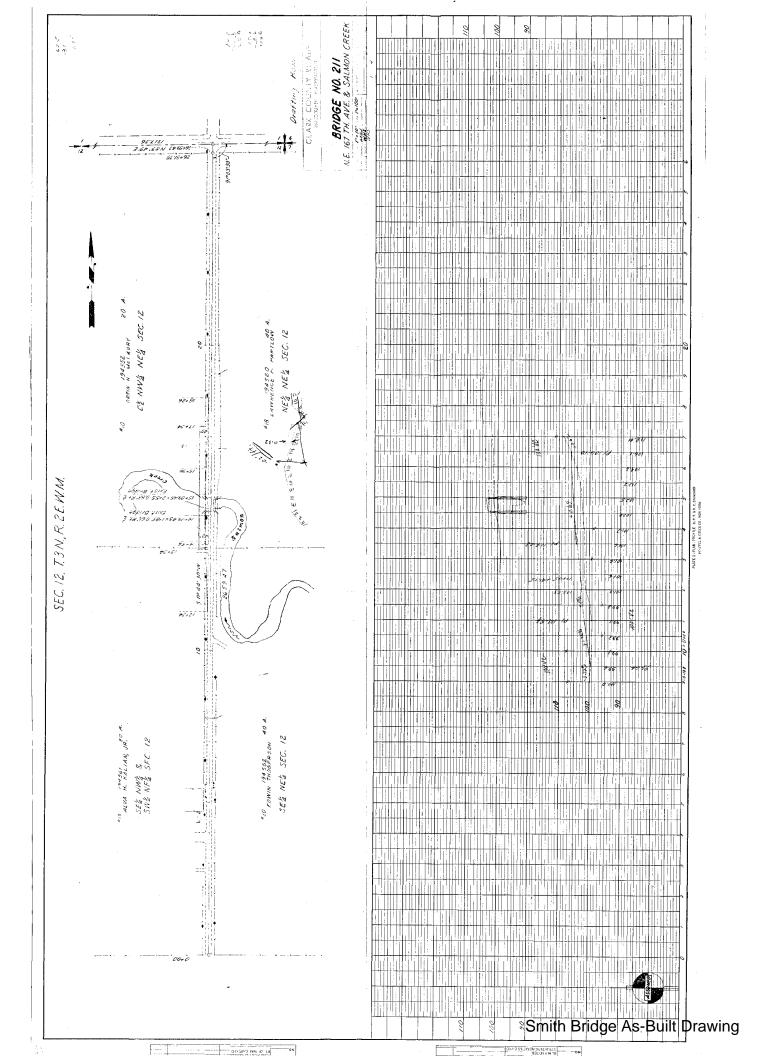


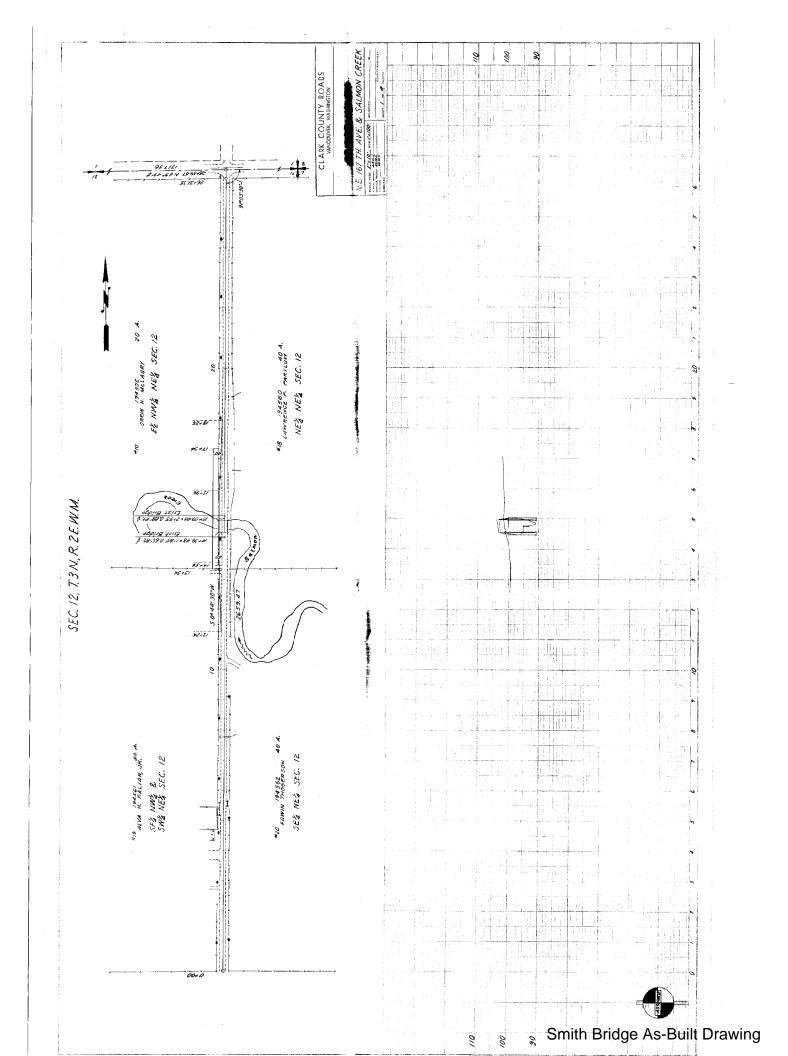
Photo 6: Smith Bridge – roadside ditch outlet to stream

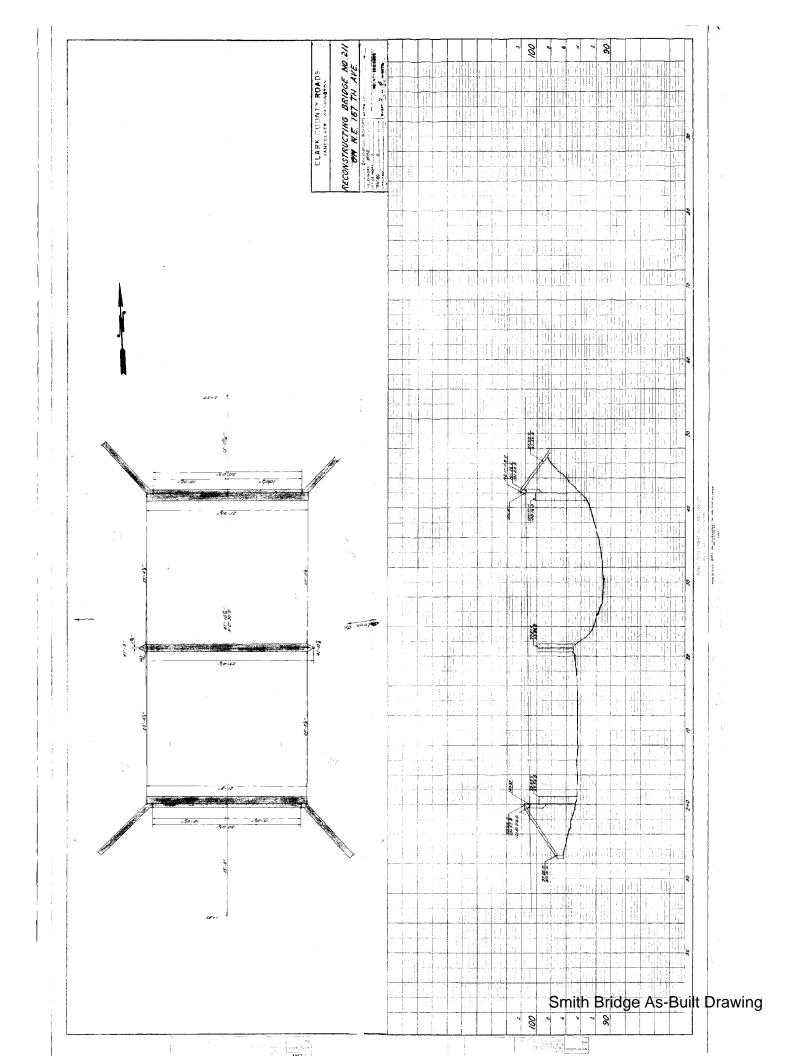


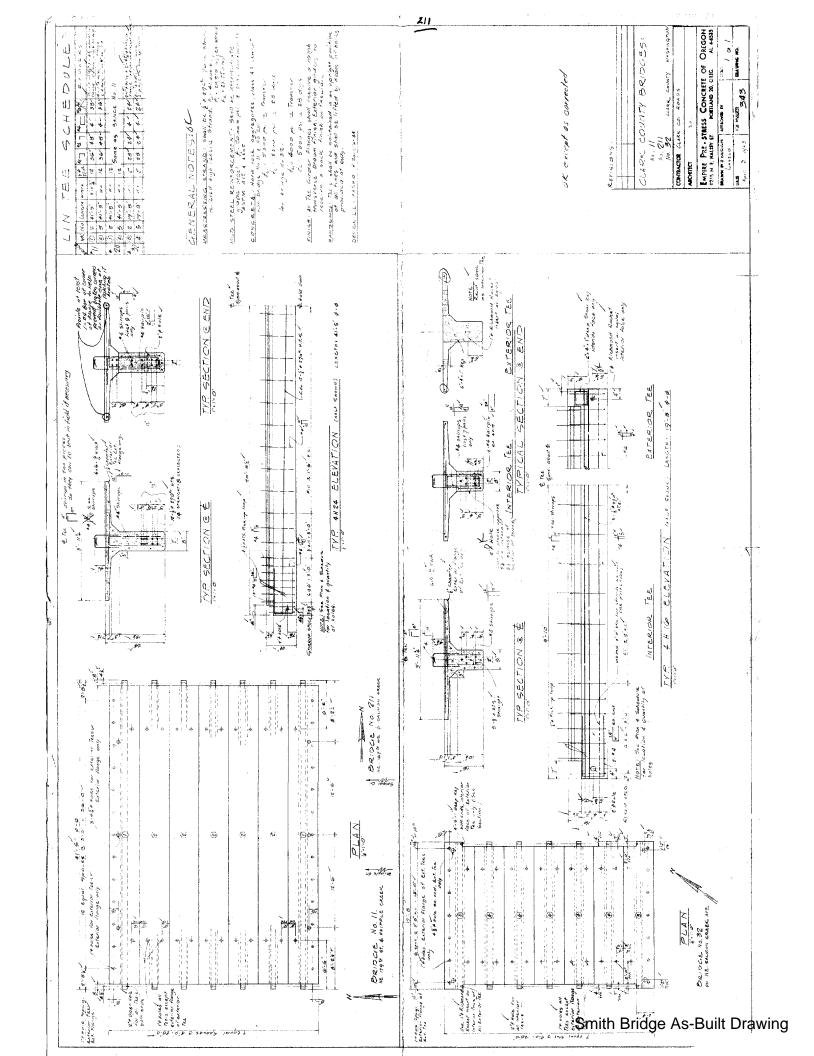
Photo 7: Smith Bridge – vegetated riprap on outside of upstream bend

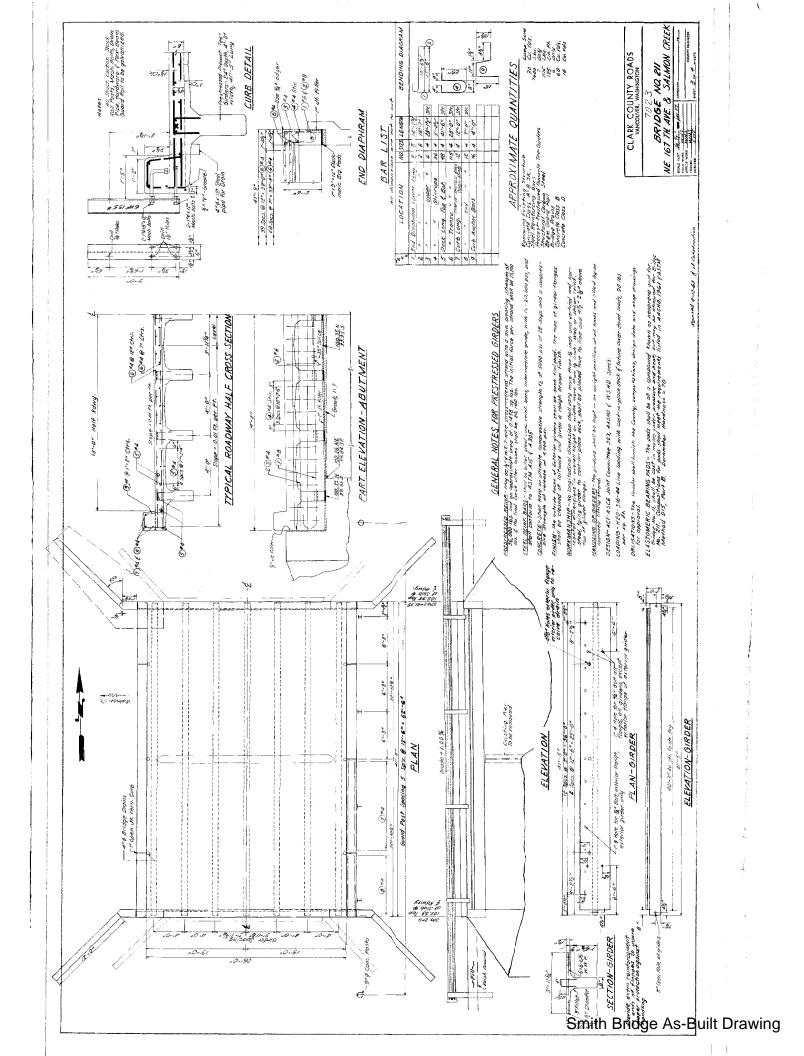
Appendix C
Appendix C: Supporting Documentation

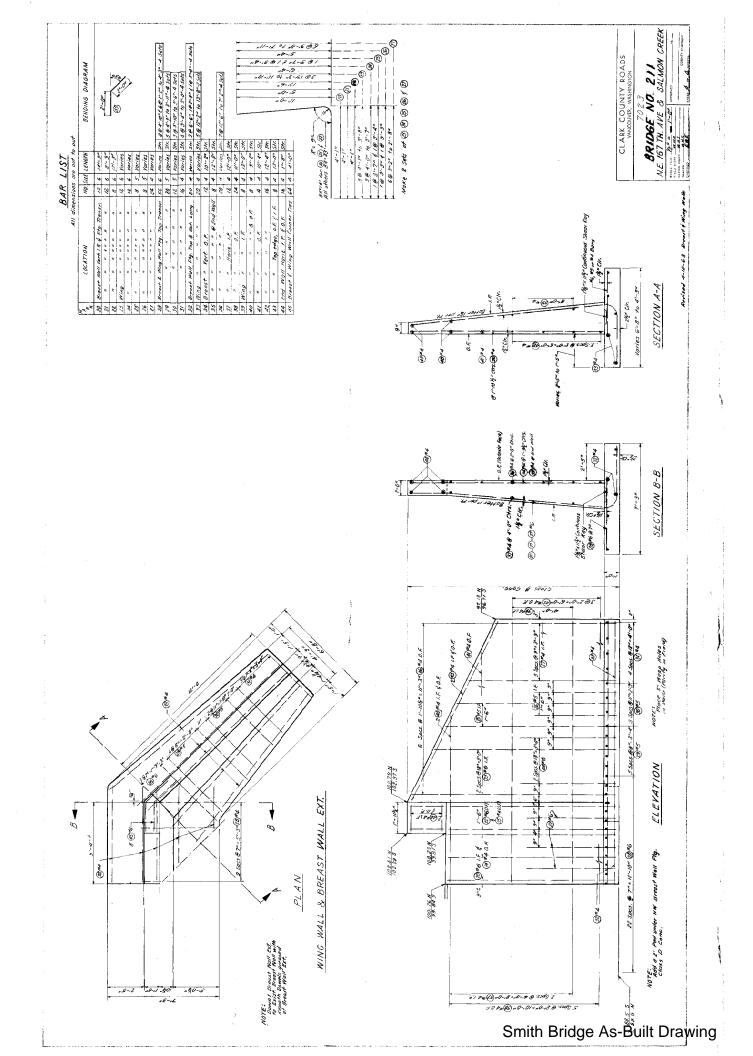


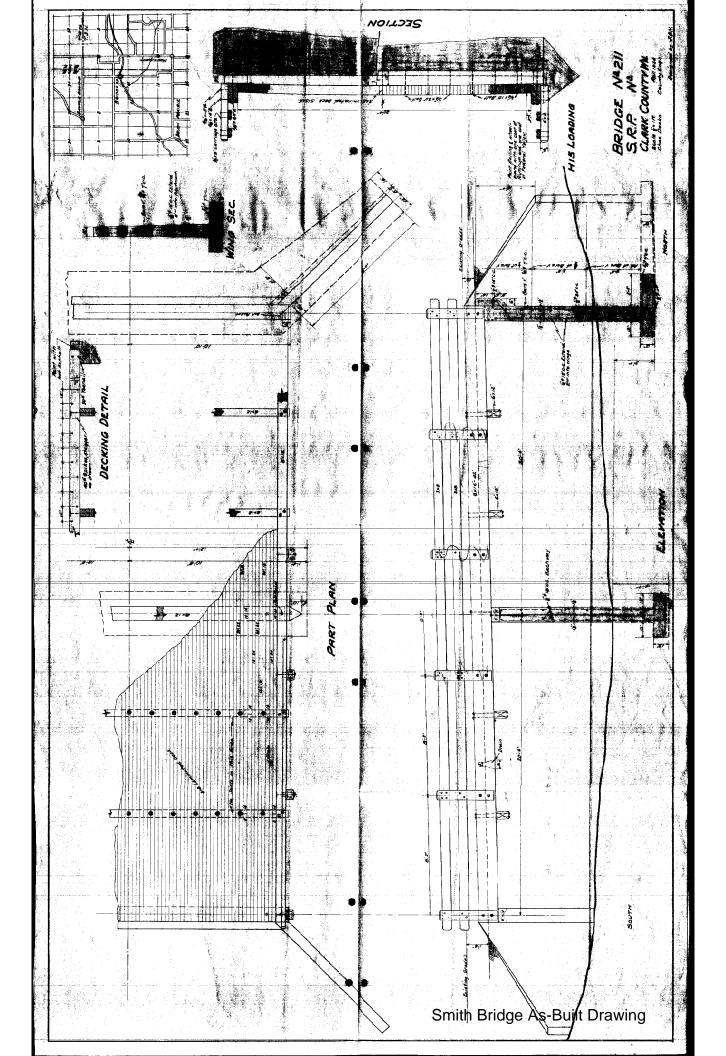






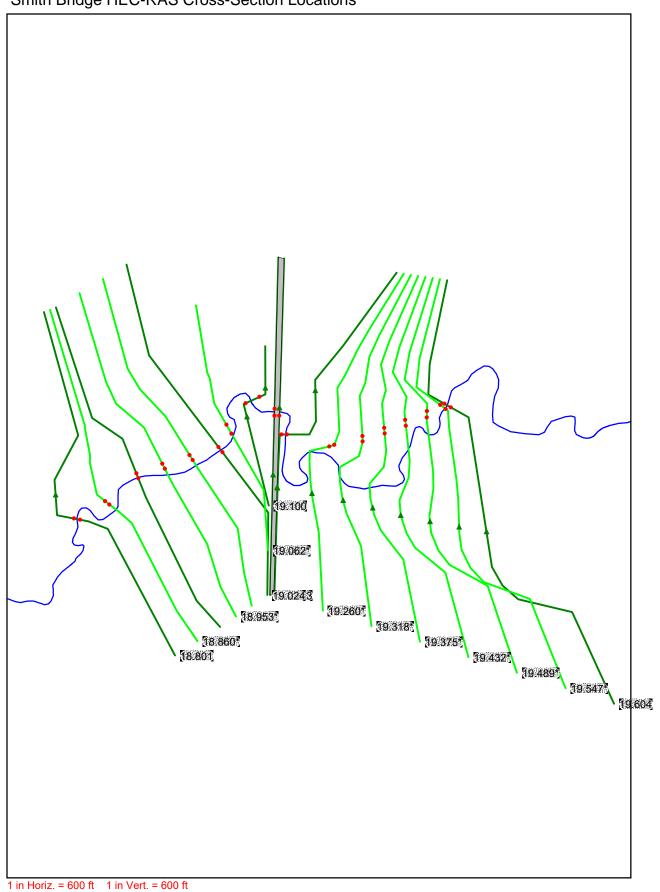


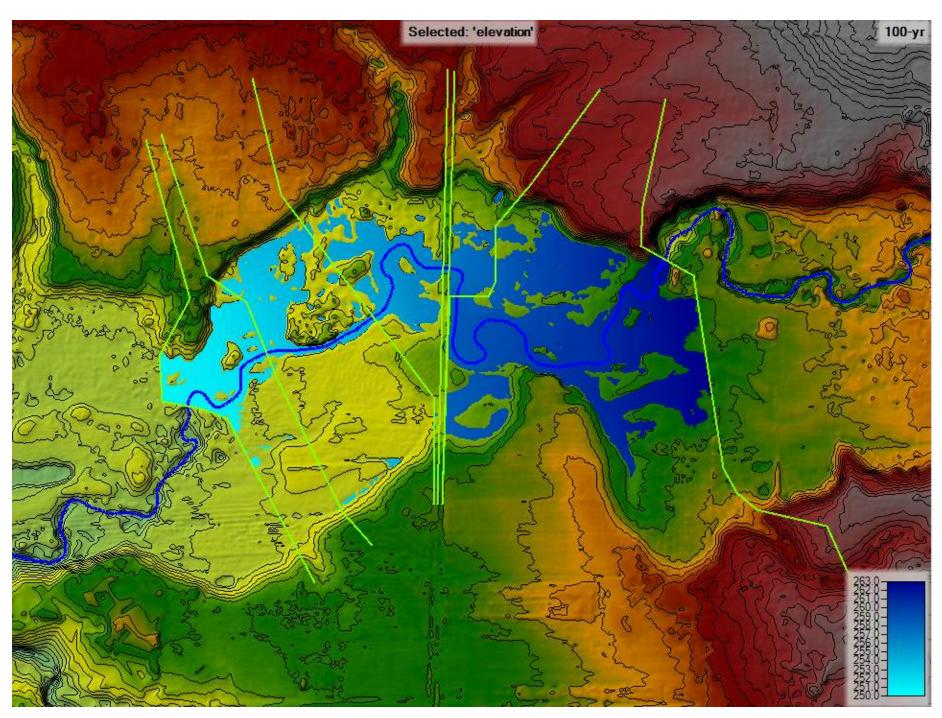




Appendix D
Appendix D: HEC-RAS Output

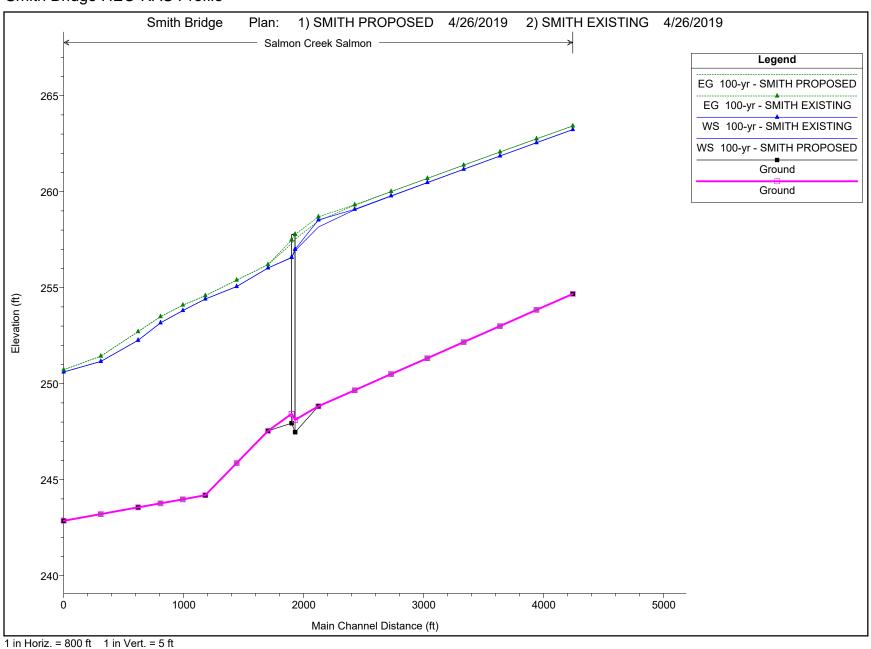
Smith Bridge HEC-RAS Cross-Section Locations

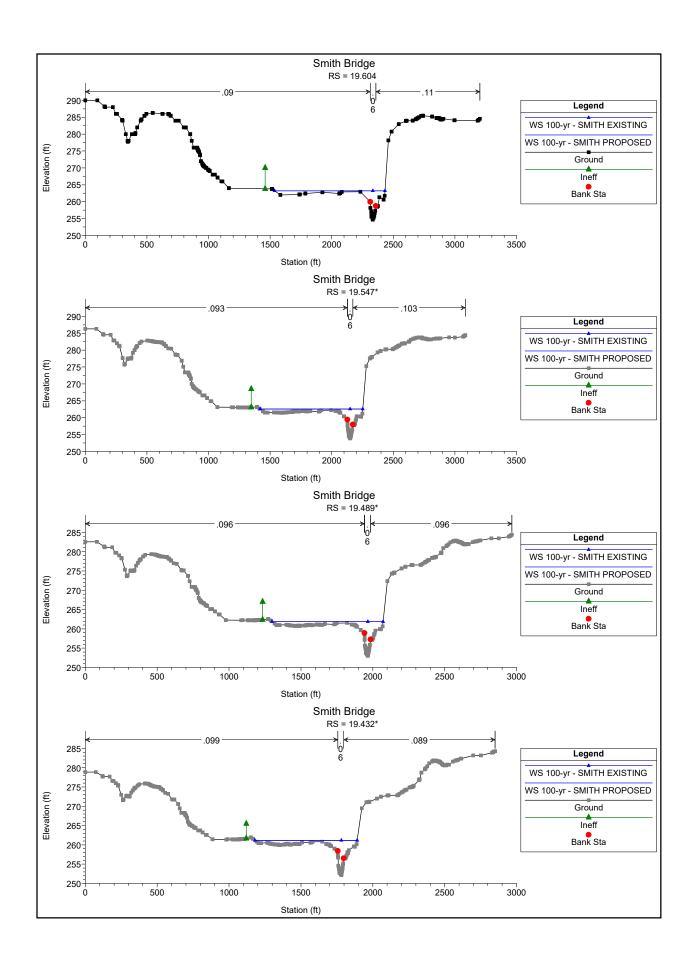


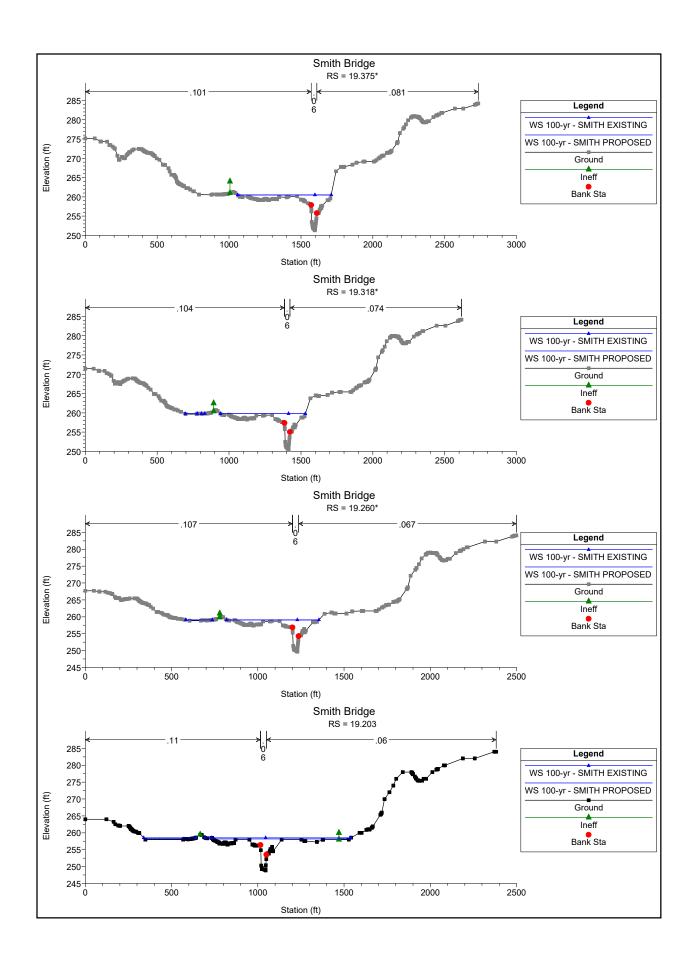


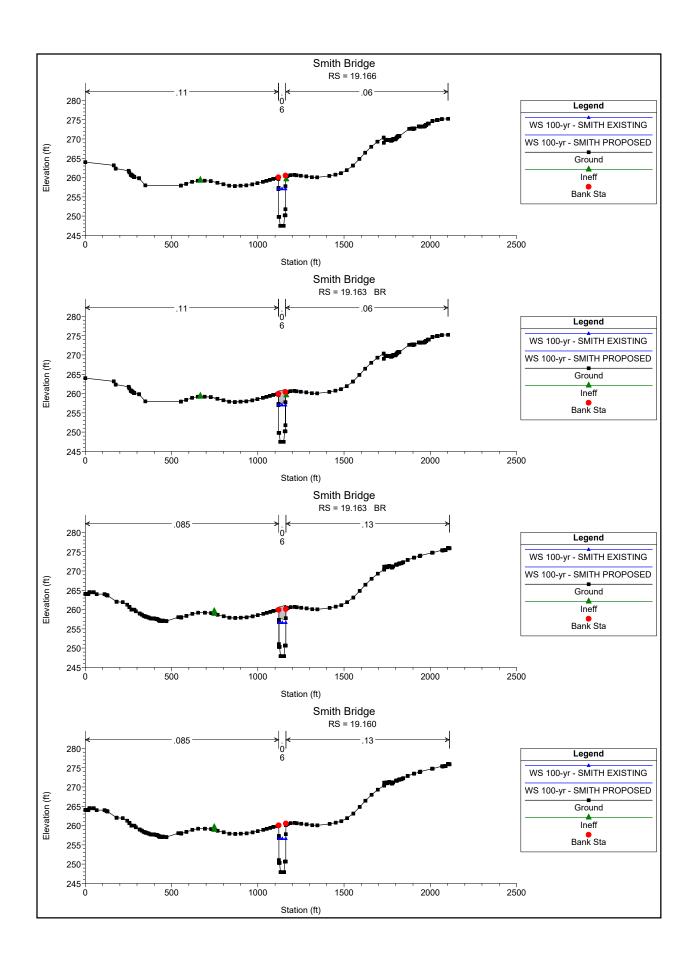
100-YEAR FLOOD MAP PROVIDED FOR CONTEXT ONLY AND IS NOT INTENDED TO REPLACE FEMA FIRM

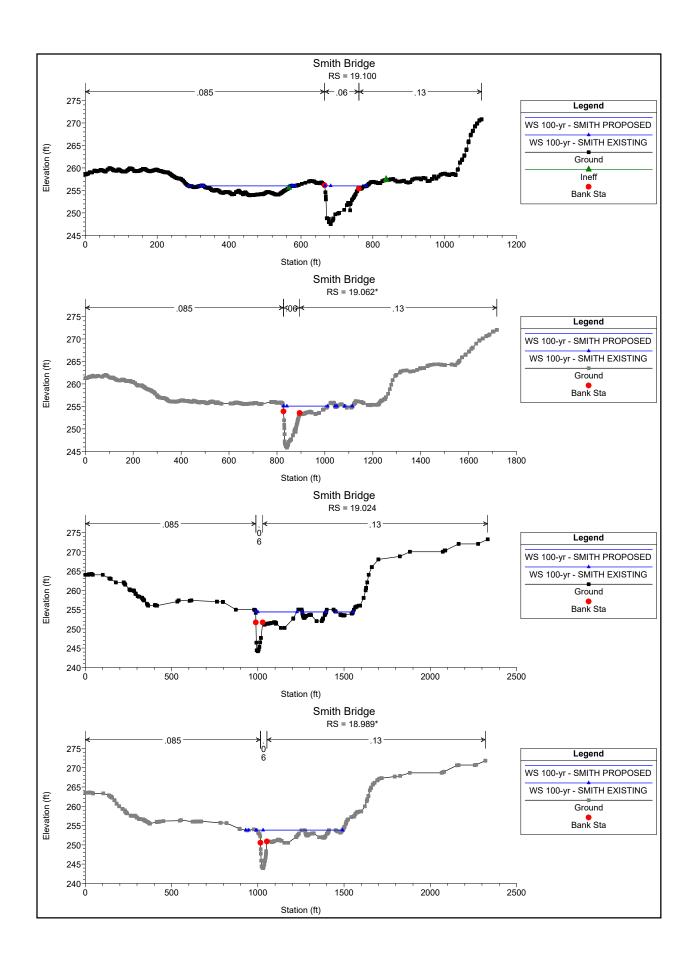
Smith Bridge HEC-RAS Profile

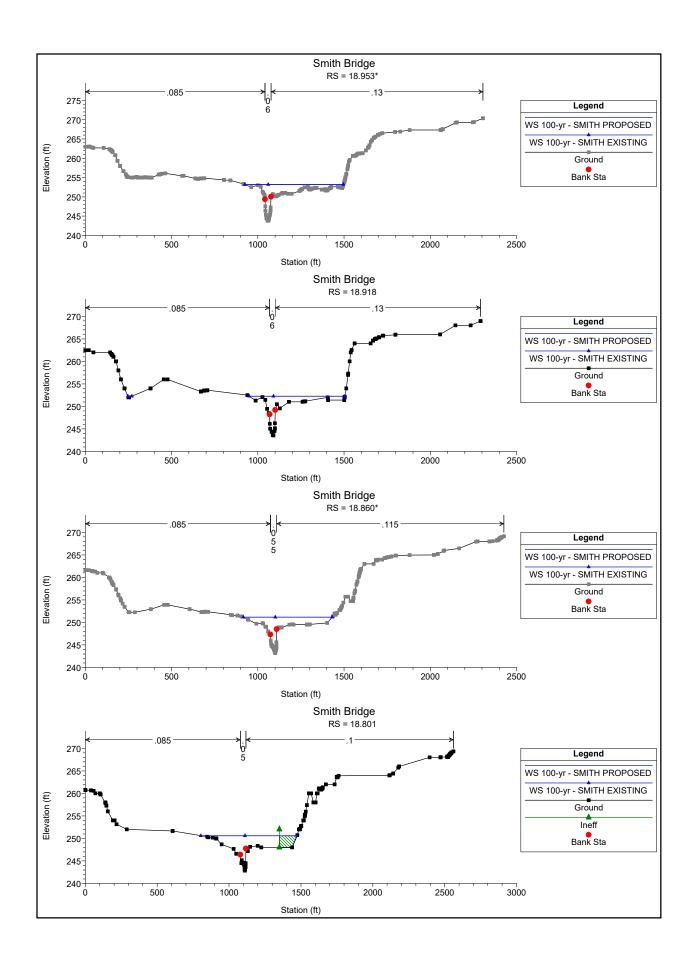












Smith Bridge HEC-RAS Output Table

Reach	River Sta	Profile	h: Salmon Plan	Q Total	Min Ch El	W.S. Elev	Crit W.S.	E.G. Elev	E.G. Slope	Vel Chnl	Flow Area	Top Width	Froude # Chl
				(cfs)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft/ft)	(ft/s)	(sq ft)	(ft)	
Salmon	19.604	100-yr	SMITH PROPOSED	2110.00	254.67	263.24	260.35	263.43	0.002430	4.32	1163.00	896.18	0.29
Salmon	19.604	100-yr	SMITH EXISTING	2110.00	254.67	263.24	260.35	263.43	0.002430	4.32	1163.03	896.18	0.29
Salmon	19.604	500-yr	SMITH PROPOSED	3120.00	254.67	263.91	261.27	264.08	0.002334	4.50	1783.28	1127.19	0.29
Salmon	19.604	500-yr	SMITH EXISTING	3120.00	254.67	263.91	261.27	264.08	0.002331	4.50	1784.29	1128.84	0.29
Salmon	19.547*	100-yr	SMITH PROPOSED	2110.00	253.84	262.55	259.65	262.75	0.002451	4.39	1133.35	833.68	0.29
Salmon	19.547*	100-yr	SMITH EXISTING	2110.00	253.84	262.55	259.65	262.75	0.002451	4.39	1133.40	833.68	0.29
Salmon	19.547*	500-yr	SMITH PROPOSED	3120.00	253.84	263.26	260.36	263.44	0.002350	4.58	1742.17	1185.56	0.29
Salmon	19.547*	500-yr	SMITH EXISTING	3120.00	253.84	263.26	260.36	263.44	0.002342	4.57	1744.99	1185.65	0.29
Salmon	19.489*	100-yr	SMITH PROPOSED	2110.00	253.00	261.86	258.97	262.07	0.002481	4.46	1098.24	772.14	0.29
Salmon	19.489*	100-yr	SMITH EXISTING	2110.00	253.00	261.86	258.97	262.07	0.002480	4.46	1098.45	772.15	0.29
Salmon	19.489*	500-yr	SMITH PROPOSED	3120.00	253.00	262.61	260.60	262.79	0.002375	4.66	1692.10	1105.46	0.29
Salmon	19.489*	500-yr	SMITH EXISTING	3120.00	253.00	262.62	260.60	262.80	0.002352	4.64	1699.62	1105.76	0.29
Salmon	19.432*	100-yr	SMITH PROPOSED	2110.00	252.17	261.17	258.30	261.38	0.002531	4.54	1054.36	710.60	0.29
Salmon	19.432*	100-yr	SMITH EXISTING	2110.00	252.17	261.17	258.30	261.38	0.002528	4.54	1055.10	710.64	0.29
Salmon	19.432*	500-yr	SMITH PROPOSED	3120.00	252.17	261.95	259.88	262.14	0.002418	4.74	1629.42	1027.31	0.29
Salmon	19.432*	500-yr	SMITH EXISTING	3120.00	252.17	261.98	259.90	262.16	0.002359	4.69	1647.81	1028.21	0.29
Salmon	19.375*	100-yr	SMITH PROPOSED	2110.00	251.33	260.47	257.52	260.69	0.002549	4.59	1009.38	650.23	0.29
Salmon	19.375*	100-yr	SMITH EXISTING	2110.00	251.33	260.47	257.52	260.70	0.002540	4.58	1011.66	650.35	0.29
Salmon	19.375*	500-yr	SMITH PROPOSED	3120.00	251.33	261.30	259.05	261.50	0.002416	4.78	1565.39	953.63	0.29
Salmon	19.375*	500-yr	SMITH EXISTING	3120.00	251.33	261.36	259.05	261.54	0.002285	4.67	1605.10	956.24	0.28
Calan	40.040*	100 .	CMITH PROPOSES	0440.00	050.50	050.75	050.61	000.00	0.00050:		000.00	200.55	0.00
Salmon	19.318*	100-yr	SMITH PROPOSED	2110.00	250.50	259.77	256.81	260.00	0.002591	4.65	960.99	696.36	0.29
Salmon Salmon	19.318* 19.318*	100-yr 500-yr	SMITH EXISTING SMITH PROPOSED	2110.00 3120.00	250.50 250.50	259.78 260.67	256.81 258.29	260.01 260.87	0.002562	4.63 4.78	967.46 1508.93	699.27 896.80	0.29 0.29
Salmon	19.318*	500-yr	SMITH PROPOSED SMITH EXISTING	3120.00	250.50	260.67	258.29	260.87	0.002367	4.78	1576.11	904.73	0.29
	10.0.0	500 yi	2	5120.00	200.00	200.11	200.28	200.00	5.502170	7.51	.570.11	304.73	0.27
Salmon	19.260*	100-yr	SMITH PROPOSED	2110.00	249.66	259.06	256.07	259.30	0.002662	4.72	905.48	679.93	0.29
Salmon	19.260*	100-yr	SMITH EXISTING	2110.00	249.66	259.09	256.07	259.32	0.002583	4.66	922.02	688.60	0.29
Salmon	19.260*	500-yr	SMITH PROPOSED	3120.00	249.66	260.05	257.66	260.25	0.002324	4.77	1461.20	883.59	0.28
Salmon	19.260*	500-yr	SMITH EXISTING	3120.00	249.66	260.24	257.66	260.41	0.001990	4.47	1570.47	891.57	0.26
Salmon	19.203	100-yr	SMITH PROPOSED	2110.00	248.83	258.16	255.23	258.47	0.003487	5.30	879.97	1040.39	0.33
Salmon	19.203	100-yr	SMITH EXISTING	2110.00	248.83	258.53	255.23	258.69	0.002078	4.21	1149.79	1146.73	0.26
Salmon	19.203	500-yr	SMITH PROPOSED	3120.00	248.83	259.85	256.88	259.90	0.000780	2.85	2773.69	1270.64	0.16
Salmon	19.203	500-yr	SMITH EXISTING	3120.00	248.83	260.10	256.88	260.13	0.000567	2.47	3247.86	1302.98	0.14
Salmon	19.166	100-yr	SMITH PROPOSED	2110.00	247.48	256.94	252.78	257.53	0.005384	6.17	342.19	39.77	0.37
Salmon	19.166	100-yr	SMITH EXISTING	2110.00	248.12	257.01	253.90	257.77	0.007791	7.02	300.65	39.77	0.45
Salmon	19.166	500-yr	SMITH PROPOSED	3120.00	247.48	258.35	254.10	259.27	0.007494	7.72	464.79	472.82	0.43
Salmon	19.166	500-yr	SMITH EXISTING	3120.00	248.12	258.30	255.21	259.48	0.010623	8.74	409.47	460.09	0.52
Salmon	19.163			Bridge									
Salmon	19.160	100-yr	SMITH PROPOSED	2110.00	247.94	256.56		257.29	0.007365	6.87	307.03	39.63	0.44
Salmon	19.160	100-yr	SMITH EXISTING	2110.00	248.43	256.58		257.48	0.010303	7.62	276.76	39.63	0.51
Salmon	19.160 19.160	500-yr	SMITH PROPOSED SMITH EXISTING	3120.00 3120.00	247.94 248.43	257.36 257.29	255.36	258.67	0.012404 0.017315	9.21	338.75 305.01	107.61 101.53	0.56 0.65
Salmon	19.100	500-yr	SWITH EXISTING	3120.00	240.43	231.29	200.00	258.92	0.017313	10.23	303.01	101.55	0.65
Salmon	19.100	100-yr	SMITH PROPOSED	2110.00	247.54	256.03	253.09	256.20	0.002763	3.63	829.64	402.23	0.29
Salmon	19.100	100-yr	SMITH EXISTING	2110.00	247.54	256.03	253.09	256.20	0.002763	3.63	829.64	402.23	0.29
Salmon	19.100	500-yr	SMITH PROPOSED	3120.00	247.54	257.08	254.04	257.24	0.002365	3.81	1323.30	582.89	0.27
Salmon	19.100	500-yr	SMITH EXISTING	3120.00	247.54	257.08	254.04	257.24	0.002365	3.81	1323.30	582.89	0.27
Salmon	19.062*	100-yr	SMITH PROPOSED	2110.00	245.87	255.06		255.39	0.003624	4.77	577.77	226.16	0.34
Salmon	19.062*	100-yr	SMITH EXISTING	2110.00	245.87	255.06		255.39	0.003624	4.77	577.77	226.16	0.34
Salmon	19.062* 19.062*	500-yr	SMITH PROPOSED	3120.00 3120.00	245.87	256.04 256.04		256.46	0.004091	5.60 5.60	987.60	749.75 749.75	0.37 0.37
Salmon	19.002	500-yr	SMITH EXISTING	3120.00	245.87	∠50.04		256.46	0.004091	0.00	987.60	/49./5	0.37
Salmon	19.024	100-yr	SMITH PROPOSED	2110.00	244.19	254.41		254.58	0.002212	4.20	1159.88	478.84	0.27
Salmon	19.024	100-yr	SMITH EXISTING	2110.00	244.19	254.41		254.58	0.002212	4.20	1159.88	478.84	0.27
Salmon	19.024	500-yr	SMITH PROPOSED	3120.00	244.19	255.23		255.47	0.002212	5.16	1614.85	697.60	0.31
Salmon	19.024	500-yr	SMITH EXISTING	3120.00	244.19	255.23		255.47	0.002916	5.16	1614.85	697.60	0.31
Salmon	18.989*	100-yr	SMITH PROPOSED	2110.00	243.98	253.81		254.09	0.003038	5.04	1014.97	520.17	0.32
Salmon	18.989*	100-yr	SMITH EXISTING	2110.00	243.98	253.81		254.09	0.003038	5.04	1014.97	520.17	0.32
Salmon	18.989*	500-yr	SMITH PROPOSED	3120.00	243.98	254.60		254.89	0.003275	5.58	1485.32	629.79	0.33
Salmon	18.989*	500-yr	SMITH EXISTING	3120.00	243.98	254.60		254.89	0.003275	5.58	1485.32	629.79	0.33
Salmon	18.953*	100-yr	SMITH PROPOSED	2110.00	243.77	253.17		253.49	0.003413	5.36	986.79	571.56	0.34
Salmon	18.953*	100-yr	SMITH PROPOSED SMITH EXISTING	2110.00	243.77	253.17		253.49	0.003413	5.36	986.79	571.56	0.34
Salmon	18.953*	500-yr	SMITH PROPOSED	3120.00	243.77	253.17		254.25	0.003413	5.88	1442.01	634.39	0.34
Salmon	18.953*	500-yr	SMITH EXISTING	3120.00	243.77	253.93		254.25	0.003625	5.88	1442.01	634.39	0.35
		,.		2.20.00	0 /					0.00		231.00	0.50
Salmon	18.918	100-yr	SMITH PROPOSED	2110.00	243.56	252.26	250.01	252.71	0.005029	6.26	822.29	579.24	0.40
Salmon	18.918	100-yr	SMITH EXISTING	2110.00	243.56	252.26	250.01	252.71	0.005029	6.26	822.29	579.24	0.40
Salmon	18.918	500-yr	SMITH PROPOSED	3120.00	243.56	253.08		253.47	0.004737	6.51	1366.90	771.70	0.40
Salmon	18.918	500-yr	SMITH EXISTING	3120.00	243.56	253.08		253.47	0.004737	6.51	1366.90	771.70	0.40
Salmon	18.860*	100-yr	SMITH PROPOSED	2110.00	243.21	251.16		251.44	0.003554	5.35	977.50	516.47	0.37
Salmon	18.860*	100-yr	SMITH EXISTING	2110.00	243.21	251.16		251.44	0.003554	5.35	977.50	516.47	0.37

HEC-RAS River: Salmon Creek Reach: Salmon (Continued)

Reach	River Sta	Profile	Plan	Q Total	Min Ch El	W.S. Elev	Crit W.S.	E.G. Elev	E.G. Slope	Vel Chnl	Flow Area	Top Width	Froude # Chl
				(cfs)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft/ft)	(ft/s)	(sq ft)	(ft)	
Salmon	18.860*	500-yr	SMITH PROPOSED	3120.00	243.21	252.05		252.30	0.003372	5.66	1497.59	685.84	0.36
Salmon	18.860*	500-yr	SMITH EXISTING	3120.00	243.21	252.05		252.30	0.003372	5.66	1497.59	685.84	0.36
Salmon	18.801	100-yr	SMITH PROPOSED	2110.00	242.86	250.61	248.98	250.72	0.001713	3.90	1308.24	669.73	0.28
Salmon	18.801	100-yr	SMITH EXISTING	2110.00	242.86	250.61	248.98	250.72	0.001713	3.90	1308.24	669.73	0.28
Salmon	18.801	500-yr	SMITH PROPOSED	3120.00	242.86	251.52	249.44	251.64	0.001658	4.21	1881.82	846.47	0.28
Salmon	18.801	500-yr	SMITH EXISTING	3120.00	242.86	251.52	249.44	251.64	0.001658	4.21	1881.82	846.47	0.28

Plan: SMITH PROPOSED	Salmon Creek	Salmon RS: 19.163	Profile: 100-yr	
E.G. US. (ft)	257.53	Element	Inside BR US	Inside BR DS
W.S. US. (ft)	256.94	E.G. Elev (ft)	257.52	257.30
Q Total (cfs)	2110.00	W.S. Elev (ft)	256.93	256.56
Q Bridge (cfs)	2110.00	Crit W.S. (ft)	252.77	253.26
Q Weir (cfs)		Max Chl Dpth (ft)	9.45	8.62
Weir Sta Lft (ft)		Vel Total (ft/s)	6.17	6.88
Weir Sta Rgt (ft)		Flow Area (sq ft)	341.97	306.55
Weir Submerg		Froude # Chl	0.37	0.41
Weir Max Depth (ft)		Specif Force (cu ft)	1898.26	1663.69
Min El Weir Flow (ft)	257.83	Hydr Depth (ft)	8.60	7.76
Min El Prs (ft)	257.79	W.P. Total (ft)	54.73	52.81
Delta EG (ft)	0.23	Conv. Total (cfs)	28729.2	24521.9
Delta WS (ft)	0.38	Top Width (ft)	39.77	39.51
BR Open Area (sq ft)	345.53	Frctn Loss (ft)	0.18	0.01
BR Open Vel (ft/s)	6.88	C & E Loss (ft)	0.04	0.00
BR Sluice Coef		Shear Total (lb/sq ft)	2.10	2.68
BR Sel Method	Energy only	Power Total (lb/ft s)	12.98	18.47

Appendix E
Appendix E: Scour Calculations

Hydraulic Data for:										
Smith Bridge # 211 Scour Repair Project										
100-year	Event	500-year	Event							
Y _o =	7.51 ft	Y _o =	8.18 ft							
$Q_1 =$	1,222 cfs	$Q_1 =$	911 cfs							
$Q_2 =$	2,110 cfs	$Q_2 =$	2,146 cfs							
A ₁ =	290 ft ²	$A_1 =$	340 ft ²							
$A_2 =$	297 ft ²	$A_2 =$	323 ft ²							
$W_1 =$	34.4 ft	$W_1 =$	34.4 ft							
$W_2 =$	39.6 ft	$W_2 =$	39.6 ft							
V _m =	4.21 fps	V _m =	2.68 fps							
D ₅₀ =	32.8 mm	D ₅₀ =	32.8 mm							
Energy Slope =	2.076E-03 ft/ft	Energy Slope =	6.800E-04 ft/ft							
Acceleration of Gravity =	32.2 ft/sec^2	Acceleration of Gravity =	32.2 ft/sec ²							
Fall Velocity, ω =	2.63 fps	Fall Velocity, ω =	2.63 fps							

By: Enrique Diaz
Date: 30-Jan-18

Scour Calculation Summary Smith Bridge # 211 Scour Repair Project Contraction Scour Mode

The following calculations are based on Equation 6.1 in HEC-18, 5th Edition: $V_c = K_u Y_1^{1/6} D_{50}^{1/3}$

$V_c = K_u Y_1^{1/6} D_{50}^{1/3}$,	
100-year Event		
Approach Section Main Channel Area, A ₁ (ft ²)	=	290
Approach Section Main Channel Topwidth, W ₁ (ft ²)	=	34.42
Approach Section Average Channel Depth, $Y_1 = A_1/W_1$ (ft)	=	8.4
Median Grain Size, D ₅₀ (ft)	=	0.108
K_{u}	=	11.17
Critical Velocity for bed material transport, V _c (fps)	=	7.58
Approach Section Main Channel Discharge, Q ₁ (cfs)	=	1,222
Approach Section Main Channel Velocity, V_m (fps)	=	4.21
Scour Mode:		Clear Water
500-year Event		
Approach Section Main Channel Area, A ₁ (ft ²)	=	340
Approach Section Main Channel Topwidth, W ₁ (ft ²)	=	34.42
Approach Section Average Channel Depth, $Y_1 = A_1/W_1$ (ft)	=	9.9
Median Grain Size, D ₅₀ (ft)	=	0.108
$K_{\rm u}$	=	11.17
Critical Velocity for bed material transport, V _c (fps)	=	7.78
Approach Section Main Channel Discharge, Q₁ (cfs)	=	911
Approach Section Main Channel Velocity, V _m (fps)	=	2.68
Scour Mode:		Clear Water

Scour Calculation Summary Smith Bridge # 211 Scour Repair Project Clear-Water Contraction Scour 100-Year Event

The following calculations are based on Equations 6.4 and 6.5, HEC-18, 5th Edition: $Y_2 = ((K_uQ^2)/(D_m^{2/3}W^2))^{3/7}$

\ /	-\/	\/	
ĭ s	- Y 2	2 - Y ()

K _u	=	0.0077
Discharge, Q (cfs)	=	2,110
Median Grain Size, D ₅₀ (ft)	=	0.108
Diameter of smallest non-transportable particle, D _m (ft)	=	0.135
Topwidth, W (ft)	=	39.6
Computed Average Depth in Contracted Section, Y ₂ (ft)	=	6.66
Existing Average Depth Before Scour, Y ₀ (ft)	=	7.51
	_	
Computed Average Contraction Scour Depth, Y _s (ft)	=	(0.9)

Scour Calculation Summary Smith Bridge # 211 Scour Repair Project Clear-Water Contraction Scour 500-Year Event

The following calculations are based on Equations 6.4 and 6.5, HEC-18, 5th Edition: $Y_2 = ((K_uQ^2)/(D_m^{2/3}W^2))^{3/7}$

V	-v	V	
ĭ s	— Y 2	2 - T 0	

=	0.0077
=	2,146
=	0.108
=	0.135
=	39.6
=	6.8
=	8.18
=	(1.4)
	= = = = = =

Scour Calculation Summary Smith Bridge # 211 Scour Repair Project Clear-Water Abutment Scour US

Section 8.6.3 HEC-18, 5th Edition

 $y_{max} = \alpha_B * y_c$ $y_s = y_{max} - y_0$ $y_c = (q_{2f}/K_uD_{50}^{1/3})^{(6/7)}$

		100-yr	500-yr
q _{2c} (cfs)	=	53.35	54.26
q ₁ (cfs)	=	35.52	26.46
q _{2c} /q ₁ (unitless)	=	1.50	2.05
y ₁ (feet)	=	8.43	9.88
D ₅₀ (ft)	=	0.11	0.11
K _u (English Unit)	=	11.17	11.17
y _c (feet)	=	7.21	7.32
$lpha_{ m B}$ (unitless)	=	2.4	1.9
Y _{max} (feet)	=	17.30	13.90
y ₀ (feet)	=	8.87	10.45
y _s (feet)	=	8.43	3.45

RIPRAP SIZING CALCULATION

Project: Smith Bridge Scour Repair

Project No.: 19047

ODOT Tractive Force Method				
		100-yr	500-yr	
V	=	7.79	10.22	
Davg	=	6.91	7.97	
SF	=	2	1	
CSF	=	2.2	0.8	
Ss	=	2.7	2.7	
Csg	=	1.0	1.0	
С	=	2.2	0.8	
K1	=	0.534	0.534	
D50	=	0.99	0.74	

USACE EM-1601 Method				
		100-Year	500-Year	
Vavg (ft/s)	=	7.79	6.79	
Rc	=	10000	10000	
W	=	39.17	39.67	
Rc/W	=	255.30	252.08	
Vdes (ft/s)	=	7.79	6.79	
y (ft)	=	8.08	8.79	
Side Slope (H:V)	=	2	2	
Theta (deg)	=	26.57	26.57	
K1	=	0.72	0.72	
SG	=	2.65	2.65	
Sf	=	1.3	1	
Cs	=	0.3	0.3	
Cv	=	1	1	
СТ	=	1	1	
d30	=	0.41	0.22	
d50 = 1.2*d30	=	0.50	0.26	

FHWA Isbash for Abtuments				
		100-Year	500-Year	
V	=	7.79	6.79	
У	=	8.08	8.79	
K	=	1.02	1.02	
SG	=	2.65	2.65	
Fr	=	0.48	0.40	
D50	=	1.17	0.89	

Design D50 for 100-year (ft)	1.17
Design D50 for 500-year (ft)	0.89

Appendix F

Appendix F: FIRM Panel

National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette



Legend SEE FIS REPORT FOR DETAILED LEGEND AND INDEX MAP FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT Without Base Flood Elevation (BFE) With BFE or Depth Zone AE, AO, AH, VE, AR SPECIAL FLOOD **HAZARD AREAS** Regulatory Floodway 0.2% Annual Chance Flood Hazard, Areas of 1% annual chance flood with average depth less than one foot or with drainage areas of less than one square mile Zone X **Future Conditions 1% Annual** Chance Flood Hazard Zone X Area with Reduced Flood Risk due to Levee. See Notes. Zone X OTHER AREAS OF FLOOD HAZARD Area with Flood Risk due to Levee Zone D NO SCREEN Area of Minimal Flood Hazard Zone X Effective LOMRs OTHER AREAS Area of Undetermined Flood Hazard Zone D **GENERAL** - - - Channel, Culvert, or Storm Sewer STRUCTURES | LILLIL Levee, Dike, or Floodwall Cross Sections with 1% Annual Chance Water Surface Elevation **Coastal Transect** Base Flood Elevation Line (BFE) Limit of Study Jurisdiction Boundary **Coastal Transect Baseline** OTHER **Profile Baseline FEATURES** Hydrographic Feature Digital Data Available No Digital Data Available MAP PANELS Unmapped



The pin displayed on the map is an approximate point selected by the user and does not represent an authoritative property location.

This map complies with FEMA's standards for the use of digital flood maps if it is not void as described below. The basemap shown complies with FEMA's basemap accuracy standards

The flood hazard information is derived directly from the authoritative NFHL web services provided by FEMA. This map was exported on 4/25/2019 at 6:18:45 PM and does not reflect changes or amendments subsequent to this date and time. The NFHL and effective information may change or become superseded by new data over time.

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